

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK

AUDIT REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED
JUNE 30, 2019
INCLUDING REPORTS ON FEDERAL AWARDS
AND EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
JUNE 30, 2019
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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the President and Members
of the Board of Education of
Minisink Valley Central School District
Slate Hill, New York 10973

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the fiduciary funds of Minisink Valley Central School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Minisink Valley Central School District

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the fiduciary funds of Minisink Valley Central School District as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, and required supplementary information pages 4 through 15 and 66 through 70 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquires, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Minisink Valley Central School District's basic financial statements. The supplemental schedules on pages 71 through 73 were required by the New York State Education Department and are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplemental schedules on pages 71 through 73, and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplemental schedules on pages 71 through 73, and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 3, 2019 on our consideration of Minisink Valley Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Minisink Valley Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A handwritten signature in blue ink that reads "Nugent & Haussler, P.C." The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Montgomery, New York
October 3, 2019

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Management Discussion and Analysis

Introductory Section

The following is a discussion and analysis of Minisink Valley Central School District's financial performance for the year ended June 30, 2019. This section is a summary of Minisink Valley Central School District's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, or conditions. It is also based on both the district-wide and fund-based financial statements. The results of the current year are discussed in comparison with the prior year, with an emphasis placed on the current year. This section is only an introduction and should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of three parts: MD&A (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are *district-wide* financial statements that provide both *short-term* and *long-term* information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the District, reporting the District's operations in *more detail* than the district-wide statements. The fund financial statements concentrate on the District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds listed in total in one column.
- The *governmental funds statements* indicates how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- *Fiduciary funds* statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a *trustee* or *agent* for the benefit of others.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year.

The following table summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of MD&A highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

Major Features of the District-Wide and Fund Financial Statements			
	District-Wide	Fund Financial Statements	
		Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education and building maintenance	Instances in which the District administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as scholarship programs and student activities monies
Required financial statements	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Statement of Net Position• Statement of Activities	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Balance Sheet• Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Statement of Fiduciary Net Position• Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/deferred outflows of resources/liability/deferred inflows of resources information	All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally, assets and deferred outflows of resources expected to be used up and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources that come due or available during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets, deferred outflows of resources (if any), liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources (if any) both short-term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they may
Type of inflow/out flow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

District-Wide Financial Statements

The district-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two district-wide statements report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net position, the difference between the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, is one way to measure the District's financial health or *position*.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

District-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)

- To assess the District's overall health, you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the district-wide financial statements, the District's activities are shown as *Governmental activities*: Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation, and administration. Property taxes and State formula aid finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The District establishes other funds to control and to manage money for particular purposes (such as repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (such as Federal grants).

The District has two kinds of funds:

- **Governmental Funds:** Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the district-wide statements, additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- **Fiduciary Funds:** The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as the scholarship fund and the student activities funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The District excludes these activities from the district-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

The District's net position at June 30, 2019 is (\$74,319,908). This is an increase of \$18,394,804, from last year's net position. The following table provides a summary of the District's net position:

Summary of Net Position

	School District Activities			
	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	\$ Change	% Change
Current Assets	\$ 32,596,753	\$ 30,272,587	\$ 2,324,166	7.68%
Non-Current Assets	92,846,732	92,710,489	136,243	0.15%
Total Assets	125,443,485	122,983,076	2,460,409	2.65%
Deferred Outflows of Resources	25,331,757	27,318,320	(1,986,563)	-7.27%
Current Liabilities	22,684,981	14,605,687	8,079,294	55.32%
Long-Term Liabilities	163,491,777	202,204,549	(38,712,772)	-19.15%
Total Liabilities	186,176,758	216,810,236	(30,633,478)	-14.13%
Deferred Inflows of Resources	38,918,392	26,205,872	12,712,520	48.51%
Net Position:				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	32,219,247	34,727,016	(2,507,769)	-7.22%
Restricted	18,901,533	18,885,172	16,361	0.09%
Unrestricted	(125,440,688)	(146,326,900)	20,886,212	14.27%
Total Net Position	\$ (74,319,908)	\$ (92,714,712)	\$ 18,394,804	19.84%

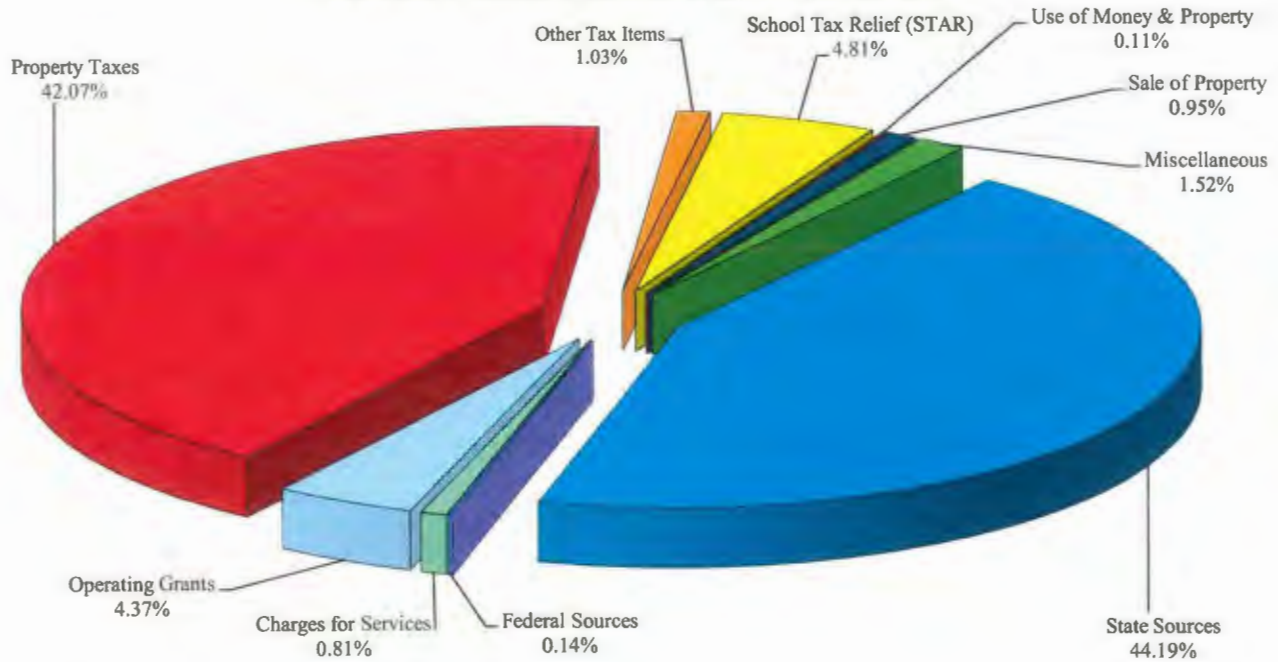
The following table and supporting graphs provides a summary of revenues, expenses and changes in net position for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018:

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
SUMMARY OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION

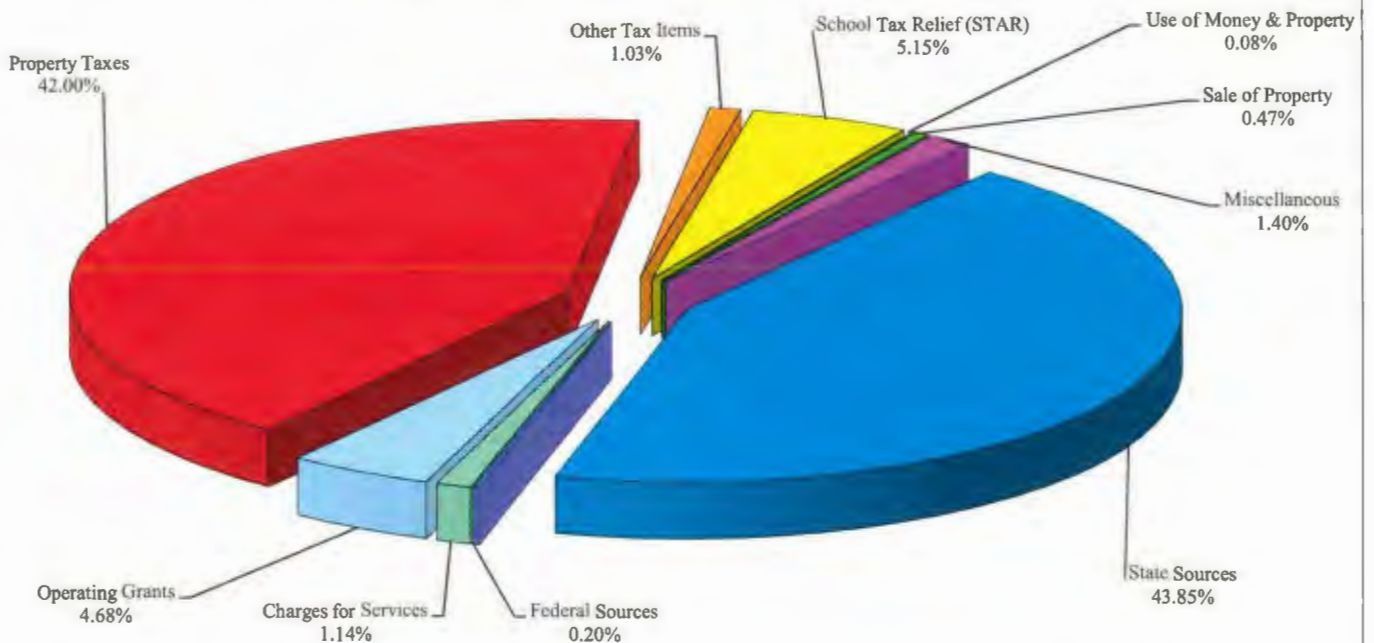
	<u>JUNE 30, 2019</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>JUNE 30, 2018</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>\$ Change</u>	<u>% Change</u>
<u>REVENUES</u>						
PROGRAM REVENUES:						
Charges for Services	\$ 777,387	0.81%	\$ 1,054,366	1.14%	\$ (276,979)	-26.27%
Operating Grants	4,171,103	4.37%	4,327,735	4.68%	(156,632)	-3.62%
GENERAL REVENUES:						
Property Taxes	40,158,853	42.07%	38,848,230	42.00%	1,310,623	3.37%
Other Tax Items	985,367	1.03%	957,300	1.03%	28,067	2.93%
School Tax Relief (STAR)	4,596,324	4.81%	4,764,853	5.15%	(168,529)	-3.54%
Use of Money & Property	104,255	0.11%	71,937	0.08%	32,318	44.93%
Sale of Property	910,179	0.95%	432,305	0.47%	477,874	110.54%
Miscellaneous	1,454,450	1.52%	1,295,520	1.40%	158,930	12.27%
State Sources	42,192,141	44.19%	40,558,567	43.85%	1,633,574	4.03%
Federal Sources	131,495	0.14%	187,555	0.20%	(56,060)	-29.89%
TOTAL REVENUES	<u>95,481,554</u>	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>92,498,368</u>	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>2,983,186</u>	3.23%
<u>EXPENSES</u>						
General Support	8,022,756	10.41%	7,993,457	7.89%	\$ 29,299	0.37%
Instruction	54,973,358	71.31%	53,482,500	52.76%	1,490,858	2.79%
Pupil Transportation	5,238,039	6.79%	5,461,299	5.39%	(223,260)	-4.09%
Community Services	205,677	0.27%	10,375	0.01%	195,302	1882.43%
Employee Benefits	61,493	0.08%	26,026,451	25.68%	(25,964,958)	-99.76%
Debt Service Interest	1,957,299	2.54%	2,036,438	2.01%	(79,139)	-3.89%
Depreciation	5,194,458	6.74%	4,948,889	4.88%	245,569	4.96%
School Lunch Program	1,433,670	1.86%	1,395,932	1.38%	37,738	2.70%
TOTAL EXPENSES	<u>77,086,750</u>	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>101,355,341</u>	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>(24,268,591)</u>	-23.94%
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	<u>\$ 18,394,804</u>		<u>\$ (8,856,973)</u>		<u>\$27,251,777</u>	

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK

**SOURCES OF REVENUES
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019**

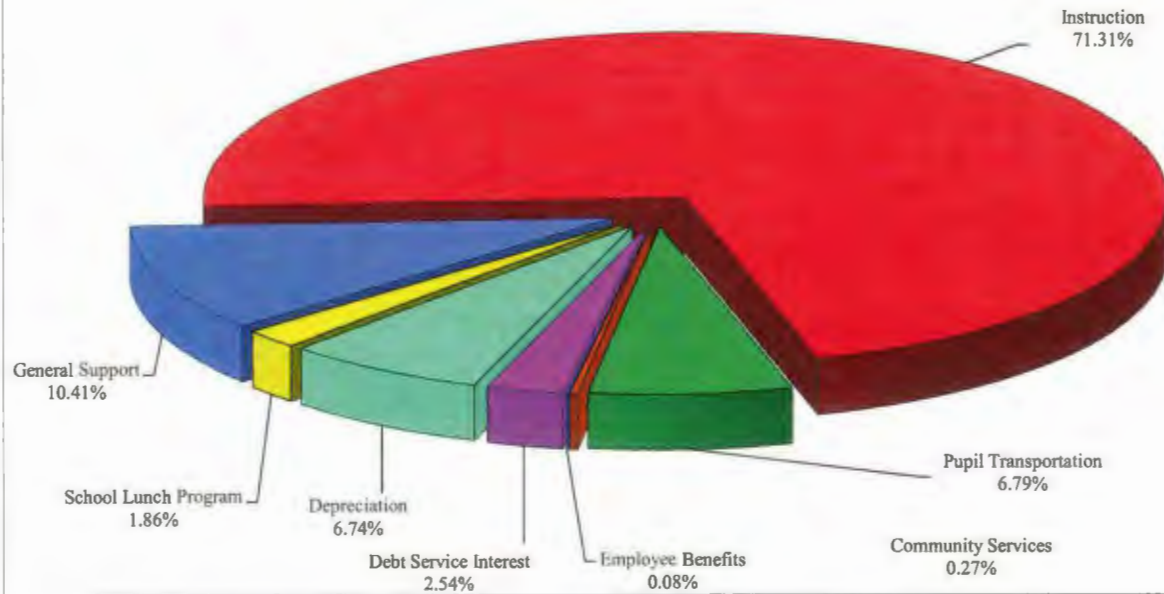


**SOURCES OF REVENUES
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018**

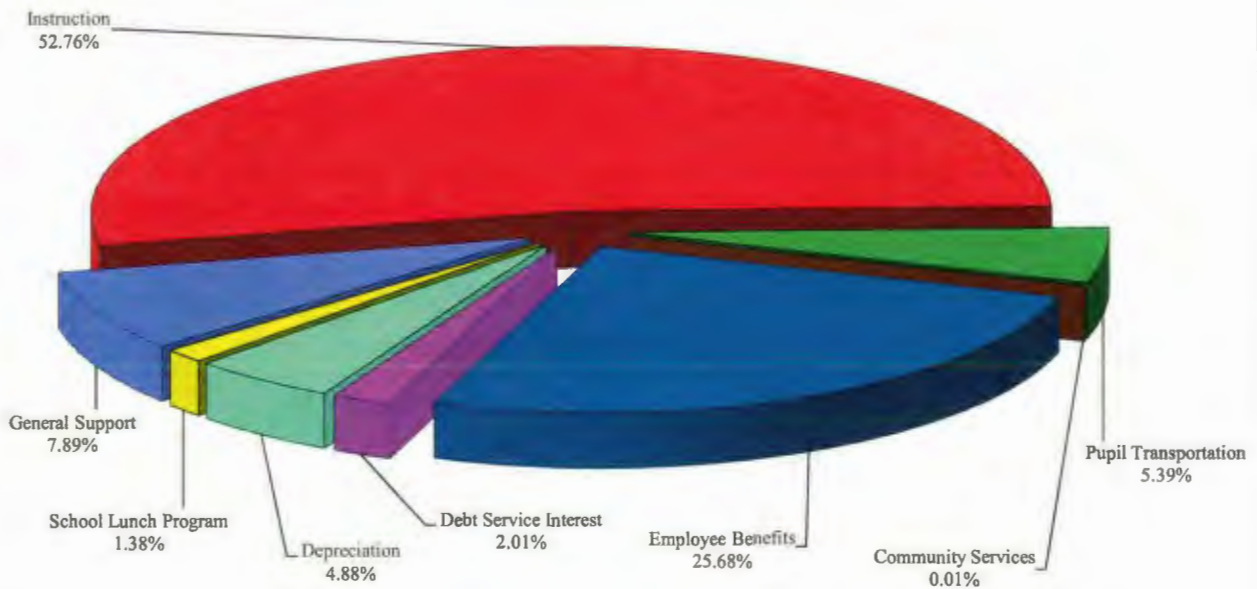


MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK

EXPENSES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019



EXPENSES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

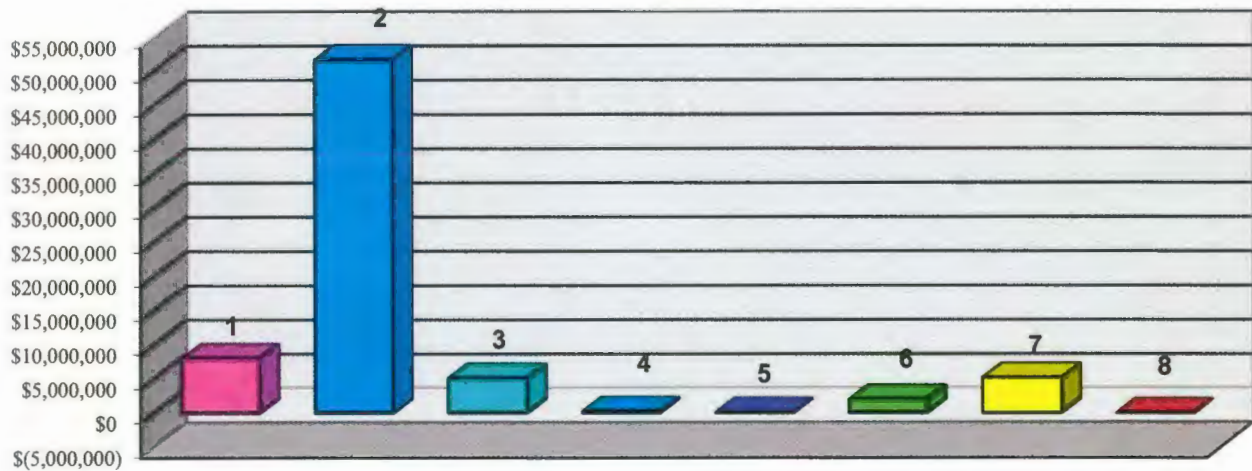


MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
NET COSTS

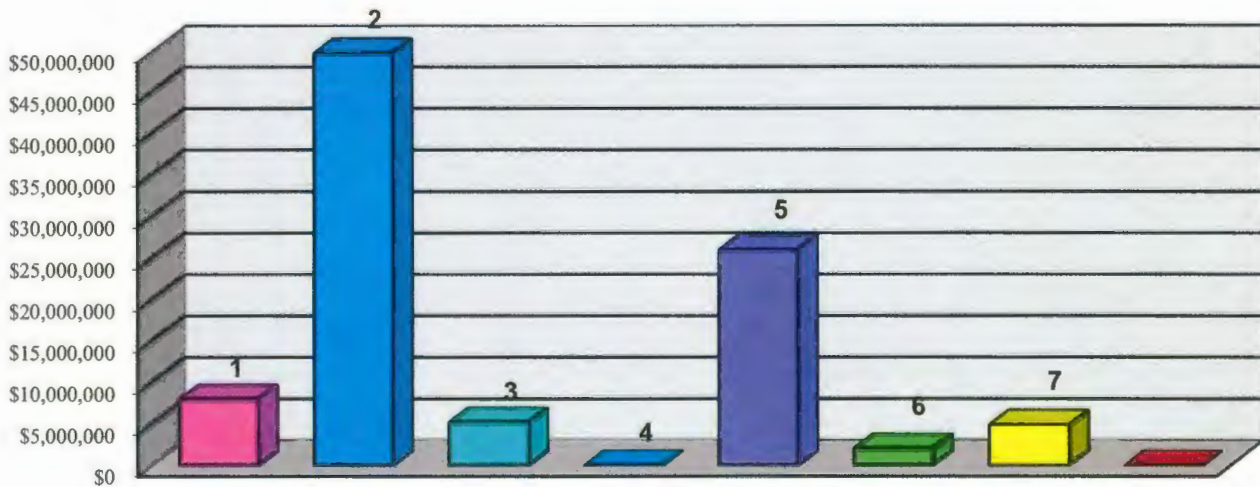
The following information is provided to disclose the net cost of governmental activities:

		TOTAL COST OF SERVICES 2018-2019	NET COST OF SERVICES 2018-2019	TOTAL COST OF SERVICES 2017-2018	NET COST OF SERVICES 2017-2018
General Support	1	\$ 8,022,756	\$ 8,022,756	\$ 7,993,457	\$ 7,993,457
Instruction	2	54,973,358	51,634,721	53,482,500	49,721,035
Pupil Transportation	3	5,238,039	5,089,368	5,461,299	5,234,857
Community Services	4	205,677	205,677	10,375	10,375
Employee Benefits	5	61,493	61,493	26,026,451	26,026,451
Debt Service - Interest	6	1,957,299	1,957,299	2,036,438	2,036,438
Depreciation	7	5,194,458	5,194,458	4,948,889	4,948,889
School Lunch Program	8	1,433,670	(27,512)	1,395,932	1,738
		<u>\$ 77,086,750</u>	<u>\$ 72,138,260</u>	<u>\$ 101,355,341</u>	<u>\$ 95,973,240</u>

NET COSTS 2018-2019



NET COSTS 2017-2018



MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

As discussed, the District's governmental funds are reported in the fund statements with a modified accrual basis that uses a short-term, inflow and outflow of spendable resources focus. This information is useful in assessing resources available at the end of the year in comparison with upcoming financial requirements. The major governmental funds of the District consist of the General Fund, Special Aid Fund, School Lunch Fund, Debt Service Fund and Capital Projects Fund. The total fund balances allocated between non-spendable, restricted, assigned, and unassigned fund balance for each of these funds is as follows:

	June 30, 2019				
	Nonspendable	Restricted	Assigned	Unassigned	Total
General	\$ 0	\$ 13,887,427	\$ 6,030,747	\$ 3,812,600	\$ 23,730,774
Special Aid	0	4	0	0	4
School Lunch	30,725	1,243,465	0	0	1,274,190
Capital Projects	0	0	0	(10,568,206)	(10,568,206)
Debt Service	0	269,324	0	0	269,324
	<u>\$ 30,725</u>	<u>\$ 15,400,220</u>	<u>\$ 6,030,747</u>	<u>\$ (6,755,606)</u>	<u>\$ 14,706,086</u>

	June 30, 2018				
	Nonspendable	Restricted	Assigned	Unassigned	Total
General	\$ 0	\$ 14,903,872	\$ 9,462,502	\$ 3,101,865	\$ 27,468,239
Special Aid	0	4	0	0	4
School Lunch	18,402	1,277,295	0	0	1,295,697
Capital Projects	0	0	0	(7,936,630)	(7,936,630)
Debt Service	0	198,492	0	0	198,492
	<u>\$ 18,402</u>	<u>\$ 16,379,663</u>	<u>\$ 9,462,502</u>	<u>\$ (4,834,765)</u>	<u>\$ 21,025,802</u>

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

In assessing the overall operations of the General Fund for the year ended June 30, 2019, actual expenditures and other uses totaling \$95,150,370, exceeded actual revenues and other sources of \$91,412,905 by (\$3,737,465). Revenues for the 2018-19 school year increased \$3,269,861 over the prior year. Meanwhile expenditures and uses increased \$2,265,379 creating a reduction in the operating deficit from the prior year of \$1,004,482. Due to revenue limitations caused by the tax cap and flat or modest state aid increases in foundation aid, the district continues to explore options to contain expenses while maximizing all sources of revenue. Despite declining enrollment, the district's special education classification rate has been constant and/or increasing resulting in increased expenditures of \$1,485,961 (+9.46%) over the prior year. The district's self-funded health insurance plan experienced a modest increase of \$199,377 or 1.6% - well below the industry average of 5.5%-7%. The district utilized a portion of various reserves to offset the 2018-19 expenditure excess, while continuing to maintain the District's strong financial position heading into the 2019-20 school year.

In reviewing the actual results of operations for the General Fund for the year ended June 30, 2019 as compared to the adjusted budget, revenues were less than the budget by (\$328,674) (.36%) and the unencumbered expenditures were \$5,334,462 (5.27%) under budget. For the prior year ended June 30, 2018, earned revenues were less than the budget by (\$893,068) (1.00%) and the unencumbered expenditures were \$5,018,198 (5.08%) under budget.

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

General Fund Budgetary Highlights (Continued)

Real property tax STAR and other tax items were (\$823,701) or (1.77%) under budget due to a PILOT agreement budgeted for 2018-19 that will not begin until the 2019-20 school year. State Aid was (\$757,528) (1.74%) under budget due to excess costs fluctuations and lower than anticipated building aid. Miscellaneous Revenues were \$704,960 (3.67%) over budget due to refund of prior year's expenses, health insurance recoveries, and BOCES classroom rental revenue.

The District appropriated \$8,528,952 of fund balance to reduce the 2018-2019 tax levy as compared to \$8,578,952 for the prior year. Appropriation of fund balance continues to be managed to ensure that funds are available to meet the programmatic and operational needs of the district while adhering to property tax cap guidelines in order to avoid significant tax increases in the future.

For fiscal year 2019-2020, the District has appropriated \$5,311,500 of fund balance to reduce the tax levy.

Factors that continue to affect the budget process are as follows:

- New York State Property Tax Cap formula restrictions limiting tax revenues during challenging economic times
- Uncertainty regarding state aid funding and foundation aid revenues due to statewide budget constraints
- Costs of employee benefits for pensions and healthcare due to stock market volatility, increasing medical and prescription drug costs
- Increasing special education program and tuition costs required to meet federal and state legislative mandates.

Management believes that the budget adopted for 2019-2020 is reasonably adaptable to any adverse changes that may arise based on the above factors.

The New York State Legislature enacted legislation, Chapter 97 of the Laws of 2011 that establishes a "property tax cap" on the amount that a school district's property tax levy can increase each year. This legislation specifies that property taxes levied by a school district generally cannot increase by more than two percent, or the rate of inflation, whichever is less. The law does allow school districts to levy an additional amount for certain excludable expenditures. School districts can adopt a tax levy that exceeds the statutory limit, if the budget that is presented to the public is approved by sixty percent of the votes cast. The legislation took effect beginning with the 2012-2013 school year.

Other Fund Highlights

The Special Aid Fund - for the year ended June 30, 2019, an interfund transfer from the General Fund to the Special Aid Fund in the amount of \$252,157 was made to provide funds for the required 20% local match for the Summer Handicapped Program. Fund balance at year end was \$4.

The School Lunch Fund had expenditures that exceeded revenues by (\$21,507). Fund balance decreased to \$1,274,190. The district invested school lunch funds to purchase new kitchen equipment at the high school as part of the continued replacement plan. The 2018-2019 school year was the first full year the District implemented the elimination of charging for reduced price eligible meals. This program became fully supported by NYS for all schools starting in the 2019-2020 year. Such programs have resulted in increased interest and participation from students in the district's breakfast and lunch programs.

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Other Fund Highlights (Continued)

Debt Service Fund ended the year with a fund balance of \$269,324. This fund balance will be appropriated in future years to offset principal and interest payments.

The Capital Fund ended the year with a deficit fund balance of (\$10,568,206). This deficit will be eliminated as projects are completed and permanent financing is obtained.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The District's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, was \$89,345,419 and \$91,295,203 respectively. The total decrease in this net investment was -2.14% for the District as a whole (see schedule below). The District expended \$3,286,534 to acquire and construct capital assets during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Assets retired from service had a net basis of \$41,860 and depreciation expense for the fiscal year was \$5,194,458.

CAPITAL ASSETS Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	<u>School District Activities</u>		<u>% Change</u>
	<u>June 30, 2019</u>	<u>June 30, 2018</u>	
<u>Non-Depreciable Assets:</u>			
Land	\$ 879,619	\$ 879,619	0.00%
Construction in Progress	3,568,626	1,617,909	120.57%
 <u>Depreciable Assets:</u>			
Building and Improvements	78,122,311	82,204,348	-4.97%
Furniture and Equipment	1,799,879	1,877,891	-4.15%
Vehicles	4,974,984	4,715,436	5.50%
TOTALS	<u>\$ 89,345,419</u>	<u>\$ 91,295,203</u>	-2.14%

Long-Term Debt

At the end of the fiscal year, the District had total bonded debt outstanding of \$46,285,000. This amount is backed by the full faith and credit of the Minisink Valley Central School District with debt service fully funded by voter approved property taxes. Activity in bonded debt outstanding during the fiscal year was as follows:

<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Issued</u>	<u>Paid</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>
<u>\$ 51,060,000</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 4,775,000</u>	<u>\$ 46,285,000</u>

Long-term debt also includes unamortized bond premiums of \$4,300,939 related to various serial bonds used for advanced refunding. The premiums are being amortized over the lives of the bonds which mature between 2025 and 2037.

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Bond Ratings

S & P Global Ratings, a business unit of Standard & Poor's Financial Services, LLC ("S & P") has assigned a rating of "AA" with a stable outlook to the District's outstanding bonds. This rating reflects only the view of the rating agency assigning such rating and an explanation of the significance of such rating should be obtained from Standard & Poor's Credit Market Services. There can be no assurance that such rating will not be lowered or withdrawn, if in the judgment of S & P, circumstances so warrant. Any change or withdrawal of such rating may have an adverse effect on the market price of the Notes.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Matthew Bourgeois, Assistant Superintendent for Business, at the District's business office located at Route 6, Slate Hill, New York 10973.

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
JUNE 30, 2019

ASSETS

Unrestricted Cash	\$ 12,335,983
Restricted Cash	15,400,047
State & Federal Aid Receivable	4,176,264
Other Receivables, Net	653,734
Inventories	30,725
Net Pension Asset - Proportionate Share	3,501,313
Non-Depreciable Assets	4,448,245
Capital Assets, Net	84,897,174
TOTAL ASSETS	125,443,485

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Deferred Amounts on Refunding	2,470,597
Pensions	20,087,141
Other Postemployment Benefits	2,774,019
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	25,331,757

LIABILITIES

Accounts Payable	1,501,454
Accrued Liabilities	491,444
Due to Other Governments	258
Due to Fiduciary Funds	525
Due to Teachers' Retirement System	3,719,460
Due to Employees' Retirement System	369,367
Other Liabilities	46,148
Bond Anticipation Notes	11,804,539
Overpayments and Collections in Advance	10,898
Long-term Liabilities:	
Due and Payable Within One Year:	
Bonds Payable (Includes Deferred Refunding Premium \$427,694)	4,452,694
Installment Purchase Debt	288,194
Due and Payable In More Than One Year:	
Bonds Payable (Includes Deferred Refunding Premium \$3,873,245)	46,133,245
Installment Purchase Debt	1,674,654
Compensated Absences	1,563,006
Net Pension Liability - Proportionate Share	2,289,253
Other Postemployment Benefits	110,479,583
Judgments and Claims	1,352,036
TOTAL LIABILITIES	186,176,758

DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Pensions	5,805,418
Other Postemployment Benefits	33,112,974
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	38,918,392

NET POSITION

Net Investment in Capital Assets	32,219,247
Restricted	18,901,533
Unrestricted	(125,440,688)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ (74,319,908)

See notes to financial statement.

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		PROGRAM REVENUES		NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE & CHANGES IN NET POSITION			
		EXPENSES	CHARGES FOR SERVICES		OPERATING GRANTS		
<u>FUNCTIONS & PROGRAMS</u>							
General Support	\$	(8,079,291)	\$	0	\$	(8,079,291)	
Instruction		(59,241,575)		44,347		3,294,290	(55,902,938)
Pupil Transportation		(6,120,416)		0		148,671	(5,971,745)
Community Services		(205,677)		0		0	(205,677)
Debt Service - Interest		(1,957,299)		0		0	(1,957,299)
School Lunch Program		(1,482,492)		733,040		728,142	(21,310)
TOTAL FUNCTIONS & PROGRAMS	\$	<u>(77,086,750)</u>	\$	<u>777,387</u>	\$	<u>4,171,103</u>	<u>(72,138,260)</u>
<u>GENERAL REVENUES</u>							
Real Property Taxes							40,158,853
Other Tax Items							5,581,691
Use of Money & Property							104,255
Sale of Property & Compensation for Loss							910,179
Miscellaneous							1,454,450
State Sources							42,192,141
Federal Sources							131,495
TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES							<u>90,533,064</u>
CHANGE IN NET POSITION							18,394,804
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR							<u>(92,714,712)</u>
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$						(74,319,908)

See notes to financial statement.

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2019

	GENERAL	SPECIAL AID	SCHOOL LUNCH	CAPITAL PROJECTS	DEBT SERVICE	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Unrestricted Cash	\$ 4,781,459	\$ 3,762	\$ 42,184	\$ 7,508,578	\$ 0	\$ 12,335,983
Restricted Cash	13,887,427	4	1,243,465	0	269,151	15,400,047
State & Federal Aid Receivable	3,053,897	1,070,077	52,290	0	0	4,176,264
Due from Other Funds	7,174,828	0	0	0	173	7,175,001
Other Receivables, Net	653,734	0	0	0	0	653,734
Inventories	0	0	30,725	0	0	30,725
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 29,551,345</u>	<u>\$ 1,073,843</u>	<u>\$ 1,368,664</u>	<u>\$ 7,508,578</u>	<u>\$ 269,324</u>	<u>\$ 39,771,754</u>
<u>LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES & FUND BALANCES</u>						
<u>LIABILITIES</u>						
Accounts Payable	\$ 1,419,794	\$ 0	\$ 27,123	\$ 54,537	\$ 0	\$ 1,501,454
Accrued Liabilities	118,396	0	0	150,803	0	269,199
Due to Other Governments	0	0	258	0	0	258
Due to Other Funds	0	1,073,839	34,257	6,066,905	0	7,175,001
Due to Fiduciary Funds	525	0	0	0	0	525
Due to Teachers' Retirement System	3,719,460	0	0	0	0	3,719,460
Due to Employees' Retirement System	369,367	0	0	0	0	369,367
Other Liabilities	13,312	0	32,836	0	0	46,148
Bond Anticipation Notes	0	0	0	11,804,539	0	11,804,539
Overpayments and Collections in Advance	10,898	0	0	0	0	10,898
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>5,651,752</u>	<u>1,073,839</u>	<u>94,474</u>	<u>18,076,784</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>24,896,849</u>
<u>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</u>						
Deferred Revenues	<u>168,819</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>168,819</u>
<u>FUND BALANCES</u>						
Fund Balance:						
Nonspendable	0	0	30,725	0	0	30,725
Restricted	13,887,427	4	1,243,465	0	269,324	15,400,220
Assigned	6,030,747	0	0	0	0	6,030,747
Unassigned	3,812,600	0	0	(10,568,206)	0	(6,755,606)
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	<u>23,730,774</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>1,274,190</u>	<u>(10,568,206)</u>	<u>269,324</u>	<u>14,706,086</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES & FUND BALANCES	<u>\$ 29,551,345</u>	<u>\$ 1,073,843</u>	<u>\$ 1,368,664</u>	<u>\$ 7,508,578</u>	<u>\$ 269,324</u>	<u>\$ 39,771,754</u>

See notes to financial statement.

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2019

	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	LONG-TERM ASSETS & LIABILITIES	RECLASSIFICATIONS & ELIMINATIONS	STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
<u>ASSETS</u>				
Unrestricted Cash	\$ 12,335,983	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 12,335,983
Restricted Cash	15,400,047	0	0	15,400,047
State & Federal Aid Receivable	4,176,264	0	0	4,176,264
Due from Other Funds	7,175,001	0	(7,175,001)	0
Other Receivables, Net	653,734	0	0	653,734
Inventories	30,725	0	0	30,725
Net Pension Asset - Proportionate Share	0	3,501,313	0	3,501,313
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets	0	4,448,245	0	4,448,245
Capital Assets, Net	0	84,897,174	0	84,897,174
TOTAL ASSETS	39,771,754	92,846,732	(7,175,001)	125,443,485
<u>DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES</u>				
Deferred Amounts on Refunding	0	2,470,597	0	2,470,597
Pensions	0	20,087,141	0	20,087,141
Other Postemployment Benefits	0	2,774,019	0	2,774,019
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	0	25,331,757	0	25,331,757
TOTAL ASSETS & DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 39,771,754	\$ 118,178,489	\$ (7,175,001)	\$ 150,775,242
<u>LIABILITIES</u>				
Accounts Payable	\$ 1,501,454	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 1,501,454
Accrued Liabilities	269,199	222,245	0	491,444
Due to Other Governments	258	0	0	258
Due to Other Funds	7,175,001	0	(7,175,001)	0
Due to Fiduciary Funds	525	0	0	525
Due to Teachers' Retirement System	3,719,460	0	0	3,719,460
Due to Employees' Retirement System	369,367	0	0	369,367
Other Liabilities	46,148	0	0	46,148
Bond Anticipation Notes	11,804,539	0	0	11,804,539
Overpayments and Collections in Advance	10,898	0	0	10,898
Bonds Payable	0	50,585,939	0	50,585,939
Installment Purchase Debt	0	1,962,848	0	1,962,848
Compensated Absences	0	1,563,006	0	1,563,006
Net Pension Liability - Proportionate Share	0	2,289,253	0	2,289,253
Other Postemployment Benefits	0	110,479,583	0	110,479,583
Judgments and Claims	0	1,352,036	0	1,352,036
TOTAL LIABILITIES	24,896,849	168,454,910	(7,175,001)	186,176,758
<u>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</u>				
Deferred Revenues	168,819	(168,819)	0	0
Pensions	0	5,805,418	0	5,805,418
Other Postemployment Benefits	0	33,112,974	0	33,112,974
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	168,819	38,749,573	0	38,918,392
<u>FUND BALANCES / NET POSITION</u>				
	14,706,086	(89,025,994)	0	(74,319,908)
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES & FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION	\$ 39,771,754	\$ 118,178,489	\$ (7,175,001)	\$ 150,775,242

See notes to financial statement.

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES & CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	GENERAL	SPECIAL AID	SCHOOL LUNCH	CAPITAL PROJECTS	DEBT SERVICE	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
<u>REVENUES</u>						
Real Property Taxes	\$ 40,158,853	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 40,158,853
Other Tax Items	5,581,691	0	0	0	0	5,581,691
Charges for Services	221,958	0	0	0	0	221,958
Use of Money & Property	94,889	0	8,024	0	1,342	104,255
Sale of Property & Compensation for Loss	952,039	0	0	0	0	952,039
Miscellaneous	1,384,960	0	1,873	0	0	1,386,833
State Sources	42,837,020	1,393,099	28,121	0	0	44,258,240
Federal Sources	131,495	1,404,983	700,021	0	0	2,236,499
Sales	0	0	731,167	0	0	731,167
TOTAL REVENUES	91,362,905	2,798,082	1,469,206	0	1,342	95,631,535
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>						
General Support	8,276,926	0	0	0	0	8,276,926
Instruction	52,510,313	2,591,349	0	0	0	55,101,662
Pupil Transportation	5,409,761	185,839	0	0	0	5,595,600
Community Services	205,677	0	0	0	0	205,677
Employee Benefits	21,238,947	273,051	0	0	0	21,511,998
Debt Service:						
Principal	5,099,334	0	0	0	0	5,099,334
Interest	2,157,255	0	0	0	0	2,157,255
Cost of Sales	0	0	1,440,713	0	0	1,440,713
Capital Outlay	0	0	0	2,681,576	0	2,681,576
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	94,898,213	3,050,239	1,440,713	2,681,576	0	102,070,741
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(3,535,308)	(252,157)	28,493	(2,681,576)	1,342	(6,439,206)
<u>OTHER SOURCES & USES</u>						
Bond Anticipation Notes Paid from Current Appropriations	0	0	0	50,000	0	50,000
Premium on Obligation	0	0	0	0	69,490	69,490
Operating Transfers In	50,000	252,157	0	0	0	302,157
Operating Transfers (Out)	(252,157)	0	(50,000)	0	0	(302,157)
TOTAL OTHER SOURCES & USES	(202,157)	252,157	(50,000)	50,000	69,490	119,490
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	(3,737,465)	0	(21,507)	(2,631,576)	70,832	(6,319,716)
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR	27,468,239	4	1,295,697	(7,936,630)	198,492	21,025,802
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$ 23,730,774	\$ 4	\$ 1,274,190	\$ (10,568,206)	\$ 269,324	\$ 14,706,086

See notes to financial statement.

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	LONG-TERM REVENUE & EXPENSES	CAPITAL RELATED ITEMS	LONG-TERM DEBT TRANSACTIONS	RECLASSIFICATIONS & ELIMINATIONS	STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
<u>REVENUES</u>						
Real Property Taxes	\$ 40,158,853	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 40,158,853
Other Tax Items	5,581,691	0	0	0	0	5,581,691
Charges for Services	221,958	(177,611)	0	0	0	44,347
Use of Money & Property	104,255	0	0	0	0	104,255
Sale of Property & Compensation for Loss	952,039	0	(41,860)	0	0	910,179
Miscellaneous	1,386,833	0	0	0	0	1,386,833
State Sources	44,258,240	0	0	0	0	44,258,240
Federal Sources	2,236,499	0	0	0	0	2,236,499
Sales	731,167	0	0	0	0	731,167
TOTAL REVENUES	95,631,535	(177,611)	(41,860)	0	0	95,412,064
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>						
General Support	8,276,926	(78,789)	(126,225)	0	7,379	8,079,291
Instruction	55,101,662	(47,045)	4,137,833	0	49,125	59,241,575
Pupil Transportation	5,595,600	(16,286)	536,113	0	4,989	6,120,416
Community Services	205,677	0	0	0	0	205,677
Employee Benefits	21,511,998	(21,450,505)	0	0	(61,493)	0
Debt Service:						
Principal	5,099,334	0	0	(5,049,334)	(50,000)	0
Interest	2,157,255	(6,059)	0	(193,897)	0	1,957,299
Cost of Sales	1,440,713	0	41,779	0	0	1,482,492
Capital Outlay	2,681,576	0	(2,681,576)	0	0	0
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	102,070,741	(21,598,684)	1,907,924	(5,243,231)	(50,000)	77,086,750
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(6,439,206)	21,421,073	(1,949,784)	5,243,231	50,000	18,325,314
<u>OTHER SOURCES & USES</u>						
Premium on Obligation	69,490	0	0	0	0	69,490
Operating Transfers In	302,157	0	0	0	(302,157)	0
Operating Transfers (Out)	(302,157)	0	0	0	302,157	0
TOTAL OTHER SOURCES & USES	119,490	0	0	0	(50,000)	69,490
NET CHANGE FOR THE YEAR	\$ (6,319,716)	\$ 21,421,073	\$ (1,949,784)	\$ 5,243,231	\$ 0	\$ 18,394,804

See notes to financial statement.

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2019

	PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUSTS	AGENCY
<u>ASSETS</u>		
Cash	\$ 301,445	\$ 189,168
Due from Other Funds	0	525
Other Receivables	0	86
	<u>0</u>	<u>86</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 301,445</u>	<u>\$ 189,779</u>
<u>LIABILITIES & NET POSITION</u>		
<u>LIABILITIES</u>		
Due to Other Governments	\$ 0	\$ 1,200
Extraclassroom Activity Balances	0	174,941
Other Liabilities	0	13,638
	<u>0</u>	<u>13,638</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>0</u>	<u>\$ 189,779</u>
<u>NET POSITION</u>		
Restricted for Scholarships	<u>301,445</u>	
TOTAL LIABILITIES & NET POSITION	<u>\$ 301,445</u>	

See notes to financial statement.

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	<u>PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUSTS</u>
<u>ADDITIONS</u>	
Gifts and Contributions	\$ 0
Investment Earnings	684
TOTAL ADDITIONS	<u>684</u>
<u>DEDUCTIONS</u>	
Scholarships & Awards	<u>1,000</u>
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(316)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>301,761</u>
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	<u><u>\$ 301,445</u></u>

See notes to financial statement.

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES.

The financial statements of Minisink Valley Central School District (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. Those principles are prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), which is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the District are described below:

A. Reporting Entity

Minisink Valley Central School District is governed by the laws of New York State. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education consisting of 9 members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education within the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The reporting entity of the District is based upon criteria set forth by GASB Statement 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statement 39, *Component Units*. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the District. The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the following is a brief description of certain entities included in the District's reporting entity.

1. Extraclassroom Activity Funds

The Extraclassroom Activity Funds of the District represent funds of the students of the District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The Extraclassroom Activity Funds are independent of the District with respect to its financial transactions and the designation of student management. Separate audited financial statements (cash basis) of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds have been included in this report. The District accounts for assets held as an agent for various student organizations in an agency fund.

B. Joint Venture

The District is one of the component districts in the Orange/Ulster Board of Cooperative Education Services (BOCES). BOCES is a cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that shares planning, services, and programs which provide educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component.

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

B. Joint Venture (Continued)

BOCES are organized under §1950 of the New York State Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the New York State Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (§1950(6)). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n (a) of the New York State General Municipal Law.

A BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program and capital costs. Each component district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment, as defined in the New York State Education Law, §1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

During the year, the District was billed \$13,043,751 for BOCES administrative and program costs. The District's share of BOCES aid amounted to \$2,408,098. Financial Statements for BOCES are available from the BOCES administrative office located at 53 Gibson Road, Goshen, NY 10924.

C. Basis of Presentation

1. District-Wide Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, State aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and non-exchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the District at year end. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between program expenses and revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended in those areas. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

2. Funds Statements

The fund statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

C. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

2. Funds Statements (Continued)

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund: This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds: These funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. Special revenue funds include the following:

Special Aid Fund: This fund accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, such as federal and state grants, that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. These legal restrictions may be imposed either by governments that provide the funds, or by outside parties.

School Lunch Fund: This fund is used to account for the school lunch operations. The school lunch operation is supported by federal and state grants and charges participants for its services.

Capital Projects Fund: This fund is used to account for the financial resources used for acquisition, construction, or major repair of capital facilities.

Debt Service Fund: This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources and the payment of principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental activities.

The District reports the following fiduciary funds:

Fiduciary Fund: Fiduciary activities are those in which the District acts as trustee or agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the District-wide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the District, and are not available to be used. There are two classes of fiduciary funds:

Private purpose trust funds: These funds are used to account for trust arrangements in which principal and income benefits annual third party awards and scholarships for students. Established criteria govern the use of the funds and members of the District or representatives of the donors may serve on committees to determine who benefits.

Agency funds: These funds are strictly custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. Assets are held by the District as agent for various student groups or extraclassroom activity funds and for payroll or employee withholding.

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The District-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. The fund statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 90 days after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

E. Property Taxes

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education no later than September 1st and became a lien on August 15, 2018. Taxes were collected during the period September 1, 2018 through October 31, 2018.

Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by Orange County. The County pays an amount representing all uncollected real property taxes transmitted to the County for enforcement to the District no later than the following April 1.

F. Restricted Resources

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these Notes.

G. Interfund Transactions

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowings. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

G. Interfund Transactions (Continued)

expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of expenditure and revenues to provide financing or other services.

In the district-wide statements, the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for interfund receivables and payables represent amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between the funds, with the exception of those due from or to the fiduciary funds.

The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables may be netted on the accompanying governmental funds balance sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

Refer to Note 9 for a detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, expenditures and revenues activity.

H. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of encumbrances, compensated absences, potential contingent liabilities and useful lives of long-lived assets.

I. Cash and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition.

New York State law governs the District's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and Districts.

J. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are shown gross, with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that such allowance would not be material.

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

K. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories of food in the School Lunch Fund are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis, or in the case of surplus food, at stated value which approximates market. Purchases of inventoriable items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase, and are considered immaterial in amount.

Prepaid items represent payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond year-end. These payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the district-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the statement of net position or balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of purchase and an expense/expenditure is reported in the year the goods or services are consumed.

L. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at cost for acquisitions. Donated assets are reported at estimated fair market value at the time received.

Land and Construction in Progress are not depreciated. Capitalization thresholds (the dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the District-wide statements are as follows:

	Capitalization Threshold	Depreciation Method	Estimated Useful Life
Land Improvements	\$ 5,000	Straight Line	40 years
Buildings and Improvements	5,000	Straight Line	40 years
Furniture and Equipment	5,000	Straight Line	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	5,000	Straight Line	8 years

The board approved an increase in the capitalization thresholds from \$1,000 to \$5,000 effective July 1, 2012. Assets capitalized prior to July 1, 2012 will continue to be depreciated over their remaining estimated useful lives.

M. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The district has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first is deferred amounts on refunding in the Statement of Net Position as deferred outflows of resources. A deferred amount on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The second deferred outflow is related to pensions reported in the Statement of Net Position. For additional information on the deferred outflows related to pensions, see Note 8.

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

M. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources (Continued)

The third deferred outflow is related to other postemployment retirement benefits reported in the Statement of Net Position. For additional information on the deferred outflows related to other postemployment retirement benefits, see Note 10.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The District reports a deferred inflow of resources related to pensions in the Statement of Net Position. For additional information on the deferred inflows related to pensions, see Note 8. The District also reports deferred inflow of resources in the Statement of Net Position related to other postemployment retirement benefits. For additional information on the deferred inflows related to other postemployment retirement benefits, see Note 10.

N. Unearned Revenue

The District reports unearned revenues on its Statement of Net Position and its Balance Sheet. On the Statement of Net Position, unearned revenues arise when resources are received by the District before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the District has legal claim to resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

O. Vested Employee Benefits

1. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated annual sick leave, vacation, and sabbatical or personal time.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts, and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation or death, employees may contractually receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave.

District employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and service position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken in varying time periods.

Consistent with GASB Statement 16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, the liability has been calculated using the vesting/termination method and an accrual for that liability is included in the district-wide financial statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the contractual pay rates in effect at year-end.

In the funds statements, only the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the General Fund based upon expendable and available financial resources. These amounts are expensed on a pay-as-you go basis.

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

O. Vested Employee Benefits (Continued)

2. Other Benefits

Eligible District employees participate in the New York State Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides post-employment health insurance coverage and survivor benefits to retired employees and their survivors in accordance with the provisions of various employment contracts in effect at the time of retirement. Substantially all of the District's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing post-retirement benefits is shared between the District and the retired employee based on the contract in place at the employees' retirement date. The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure.

P. Short-Term Debt

The District may issue Revenue Anticipation Notes (RAN) and Tax Anticipation Notes (TAN), in anticipation of the receipt of revenues. These notes are recorded as a liability of the fund that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of the notes. The RAN's and TAN's represent a liability that will be extinguished by the use of expendable, available resources of the fund.

The District may issue budget notes up to an amount not to exceed 5% of the amount of the annual budget during any fiscal year for expenditures for which there is an insufficient or no provision made in the annual budget. The budget note must be repaid no later than the close of the second fiscal year succeeding the year in which the note was issued.

The District may issue Bond Anticipation Notes (BAN), in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These notes are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires that BAN's issued for capital purposes are converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date.

The District may issue deficiency notes up to an amount not to exceed 5% of the amount of that same year's annual budget in any fund or funds arising from revenue being less than the amount budgeted for that year. The deficiency notes may mature no later than the close of the year following the year in which they were issued. However, they may mature no later than the close of the second year after the fiscal year in which they were issued, if the notes were authorized and issued after the adoption of the budget for the year following the year in which they were issued.

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

Q. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

Payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the district-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments, and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds, are reported as a liability in the funds financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due within more than one year in the Statement of Net Position.

R. Equity Classifications

1. District-wide Statements

In the district-wide statements there are three classes of net position:

Net investment in capital assets - consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, constructions or improvements of those assets.

Restricted net position - reports net position when constraints placed on the assets are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position – reports all other net position that do not met the definition of the above two classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the District.

2. Funds Statements

In the governmental fund statements, there are five classifications of fund balance:

Non-spendable – Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Non-spendable fund balance includes the inventory recorded in the School Lunch Fund of \$30,725.

Restricted – Includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. All encumbrances of funds other than the General fund are classified as restricted fund balance. The District has established the following restricted fund balances:

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

R. Equity Classifications (Continued)

2. Fund Statements (Continued)

Capital Reserve

Capital Reserve (Education Law §3651) is used to pay the cost of any object or purpose for which bonds may be issued. The creation of a capital reserve fund requires authorization by a majority of the voters establishing the purpose of the reserve; the ultimate amount, its probable term and the source of the funds. Expenditure may be made from the reserve only for a specific purpose further authorized by the voters. The form for the required legal notice for the vote on establishing and funding the reserve and the form of the proposition to be placed on the ballot are set forth in §3651 of the Education Law. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

Workers' Compensation Reserve

Workers' Compensation Reserve (GML §6-j) is used to pay for compensation benefits and other expenses authorized by Article 2 of the Workers' Compensation Law, and for payment of expenses of administering this self-insurance program. The reserve may be established by Board action, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. The reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

Unemployment Insurance Reserve

According to General Municipal Law §6-m, must be used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the District elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

Property Loss Reserve and Liability Reserve

Property Loss Reserve and Liability Reserve (Education Law §1709(8) (c)) are used to pay for property loss and liability claims incurred. Separate funds for property loss and liability claims are required, and these reserves may not in total exceed 3% of the annual budget or \$15,000, whichever is greater. This type of reserve fund may be utilized only by school districts, except city school districts with a population greater than 125,000. These reserves are accounted for in the General Fund.

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

R. Equity Classifications (Continued)

2. Funds Statements (Continued)

Insurance Reserve

According to General Municipal Law §6-n §3653, must be used for expenditures for any loss, claim, action or judgement for which the school district is authorized to purchase or maintain insurance. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated. The reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

Tax Certiorari Reserve

According to Education Law §3651.1-a, must be used to establish a reserve fund for tax certiorari and to expend from the fund without voter approval. The monies held in the reserve shall not exceed the amount that might reasonably be deemed necessary to meet anticipated judgments and claims arising out of tax certiorari proceedings. Any resources deposited to the reserve which are not expended for tax certiorari proceedings in the year such monies are deposited must be returned to the General Fund on or before the first day of the fourth fiscal year after deposit of these monies. The reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

Employee Benefit Accrual Reserve

According to General Municipal Law §6-p, must be used for payment of accrued employee benefit due an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated. The reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

Retirement Contribution Reserve

According to General Municipal Law §6-r, must be used for financing retirement contributions. The reserve must be accounted separate and apart from all other funds and a detailed report of operations and condition of the fund must be provided to the Board. The reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

Teachers Retirement Contribution Reserve

According to amendments to General Municipal Law §6-r, this reserve must be used to finance retirement contributions to the New York State Teachers Retirement System ("TRS") and/or offset all or some of the amount deducted from the moneys apportioned to the District from the state under Education Law § 521. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the Board. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund. The amount of moneys contributed to the TRS sub-fund annually cannot exceed 2% of the total covered salaries paid during the previous fiscal year with the total amount funded not to exceed 10% of the total covered salaries of all paid during the previous fiscal year.

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

R. Equity Classifications (Continued)

2. Fund Statements (Continued)

Reserve for Debt Service

Mandatory Reserve for Debt Service (GML §6-1) is used to establish a reserve for the purpose of retiring the outstanding obligations upon the sale of District property or capital improvement that was financed by obligations that remain outstanding at the time of sale. The funding of the reserve is from the proceeds of the sale of District property or capital improvement. The reserve is accounted for in the Debt Service Fund.

Restricted fund balance at June 30, 2019 consisted of:

General Fund:

Capital Reserve	\$ 5,027,384
Workers' Compensation Reserve	452,962
Unemployment Insurance Reserve	78,991
Property Loss Reserve and Liability Reserve	119,268
Insurance Reserve	4,855,742
Tax Certiorari Reserve	900,039
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve	1,404,625
Retirement Contribution Reserve	948,416
TRS Retirement Contribution Reserve	100,000
	<hr/> 13,887,427
Special Aid Fund	4
School Lunch Fund	1,243,465
Debt Service Fund	269,324
	<hr/>
Total Restricted Fund Balance	<u>\$ 15,400,220</u>

Committed – Includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the school districts highest level of decision making authority, i.e., the Board of Education. The School District has no committed fund balances as of June 30, 2019.

Assigned – Includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The purpose of the constraint must be narrower than the purpose of the general fund, and in funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the residual amount of fund balance. Assigned fund balance also includes an amount appropriated to partially fund the subsequent year's budget, as well as encumbrances not classified as restricted at the end of the fiscal year.

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

R. Equity Classifications (Continued)

2. Funds Statements (Continued)

Unassigned – Includes fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. In other governmental funds, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeded the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, negative unassigned fund balance is reported.

Order of Use of Fund Balance:

The District's policy is to apply expenditures against nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year. For all funds, nonspendable fund balances are determined first and then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined. Any remaining fund balance amounts for funds other than the general fund are classified as restricted fund balance. In the general fund, committed and fund balance is determined next and then assigned. The remaining amounts are reported as unassigned. Assignment of fund balance cannot cause a negative unassigned fund balance.

Limitation on Unexpended Surplus Funds:

NYS Real Property Law §1318 limits the amount of the unexpended surplus funds a school district can retain to no more than 4% of the School District's General Fund budget for the ensuing fiscal year. Nonspendable and restricted fund balance of the General Fund are excluded from the 4% limitation. Amounts appropriated for the subsequent year and encumbrances are also excluded from the 4% limitation.

S. New Accounting Standards

The District has adopted all current Statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that are applicable. At June 30, 2019, the District implemented the following new standards issued by GASB:

- GASB Statement 83, *Certain Asset Retirement Obligations*, effective for the year ending June 30, 2019.
- GASB Statement 88, *Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements* effective for the year ending June 30, 2019.

GASB has issued Statement 83, *Certain Asset Retirement Obligations*, which will enhance comparability of governments by establishing uniform criteria for governments to recognize and measure certain asset retirement obligations (ARO), including obligations that may not have been previously reported. An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. The District has implemented Statement 83, as required.

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

S. New Accounting Standards (Continued)

GASB has issued Statement 88, *Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements*, which will improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. The District has implemented Statement 88, as required.

T. Future Changes in Accounting Standards

GASB has issued Statement 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, which will enhance consistency and comparability by (1) establishing specific criteria for identifying activities that should be reported as fiduciary activities and (2) clarifying whether and how business-type activities should report their fiduciary activities. The focus of the criteria is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. The Statement is effective for the year ending June 30, 2020.

GASB has issued Statement 87, *Leases*, which will increase the usefulness of government's financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were not classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use and underlying asset. Under, this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The Statement is effective for the year ending June 30, 2021.

GASB has issued Statement 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period*, which will improve financial reporting by providing users of financial statements with more relevant information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period. The resulting information also will enhance the comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period for both governmental activities and business-type activities. The Statement is effective for the year ending June 30, 2021.

GASB has issued Statement 90, *Majority Equity Interests—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61*, which will improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information of certain component units. The Statement is effective for the year ending June 30, 2020.

GASB has issued Statement 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. The primary objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

T. Future Changes in Accounting Standards (Continued)

commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. The Statement is effective for the year ending June 30, 2022.

The school district will evaluate the impact each of these pronouncements may have on its financial statements and will implement them as applicable when material.

NOTE 2. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS.

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used in the governmental fund statements and the district-wide statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The basic financial statements contain a full reconciliation of these items. The differences result primarily from the economic focus of the Statement of Activities, compared with the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds.

A. Total Fund Balances of Governmental Funds vs. Net Position of Governmental Activities:

Total fund balances of the District's governmental funds differ from "net position" of governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Position. This difference primarily results from the additional long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Position versus the solely current financial resources focus of the governmental fund Balance Sheets.

1. The costs of building and acquiring capital assets (land, buildings and equipment) financed from the governmental funds are reported as expenditures in the year they are incurred, and the assets do not appear on the Balance Sheet. However, the Statement of Net Position includes those capital assets among the assets of the District as a whole, with their original costs capitalized and depreciation expensed annually over their useful lives. The balances at June 30, 2019 were as follows:

Original Cost of Capital Assets	\$ 163,373,071
Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(74,027,652)</u>
	<u><u>\$ 89,345,419</u></u>

2. In a debt refunding, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old bonds is recorded as the deferred amount on refunding and included as a deferred outflow of resources in the Statement of Net Position. However, this amount is not included on the Balance Sheet as it was recorded as an expenditure when it was due, and thus required the use of current financial resources. The balances at June 30, 2019 were as follows:

Deferred Amount on Refunding	<u><u>\$ 2,470,597</u></u>
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MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 2. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS. (Continued)

A. Total Fund Balances of Governmental Funds vs. Net Position of Governmental Activities: (Continued)

3. In the Statement of Net Position, a liability is recognized for the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability attributable to each defined benefit pension plan in which the District participates. A net pension liability is measured as the proportionate share of the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments that is attributed to past periods of employee service (proportionate share of total pension liability), net of the proportionate share of that pension plan's fiduciary net position. If a pension plan's fiduciary net position exceeds its total pension liability, the District's proportionate share of the pension plan's net pension asset is recognized.

Also, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions primarily result from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, as well as changes in the components of the net pension liability or asset. However, none of these amounts are included on the Balance Sheet as they are only recognized to the extent the pension liability is normally expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. The balances at June 30, 2019 were as follows:

Net Pension Asset - Proportionate Share	\$ 3,501,313
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pensions	20,087,141
Net Pension Liability - Proportionate Share	(2,289,253)
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pensions	(5,805,418)
	<u>\$ 15,493,783</u>

4. Interest is accrued in the Statement of Net Position, regardless of when it is due. This liability does not appear on the Balance Sheet because interest is expended when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. This liability at June 30, 2019 was as follows:

Accrued Interest	<u>\$ 222,245</u>
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5. Long-term liabilities and related deferred inflows and outflows are reported in the Statement of Net Position, but not in the Balance Sheet, because the liabilities are not due and payable in the current period. The balance at June 30, 2019 was as follows:

Bonds Payable (Including Deferred)	\$ 50,585,939
Installment Purchase Debt	1,962,848
Compensated Absences	1,563,006
Deferred Outflows of Resources - OPEB	(2,774,019)
Other Postemployment Benefits	110,479,583
Deferred Inflows of Resources - OPEB	33,112,974
Judgments and Claims	1,352,036
	<u>\$ 196,282,367</u>

6. Revenues may be deferred on the Balance Sheet if they are not expected to be received in the current period. However, on the Statement of Net Position, these revenues are earned and not deferred accordingly. Adjustments to deferred revenues as of June 30, 2019 were as follows:

Deferred Revenue	<u>\$ 168,819</u>
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MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 2. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS. (Continued)

B. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance vs. Statement of Activities

Differences between the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance and the Statement of Activities fall into one of five broad categories. The amounts shown below represent:

1. Long-Term Revenue Differences

Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "available", whereas the Statement of Activities reports revenues when earned. Differences in long-term expenses arise because governmental funds report on a modified accrual basis, whereas the accrual basis of accounting is used on the Statement of Activities.

2. Capital Related Differences

Capital related differences include the difference between proceeds for the sale of capital assets reported on governmental fund statements and the gain or loss on the sale of assets as reported on the Statement of Activities, and the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase of capital items in the governmental fund statements and depreciation expense on those items as recorded in the Statement of Activities.

3. Long-Term Debt Transaction Differences

Long-term debt transaction differences occur because both interest and principal payments are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund statements, whereas interest payments are recorded in the Statement of Activities as incurred, and principal payments are recorded as a reduction of liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

4. Pension Plan Transaction Differences

Pension plan transaction differences occur as a result of changes in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset/liability and differences between the District's contributions and its proportionate share of the total contributions to the pension systems.

5. Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Related Differences

OPEB differences occur as a result of changes in the District's total OPEB liability and differences between the District's contributions and OPEB expense.

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 2. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS. (Continued)

B. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance vs. Statement of Activities:
(Continued)

Explanation of Differences between Statement of Revenues, Expenditures
and the Change in Fund Balance and the Statement of Activities

Total Revenues and Other Funding Sources

Total revenues and other funding sources reported in governmental funds (Schedule 5)	\$ 95,751,025
Because some revenue will not be collected for several months after the District's year-end, they are not considered as "available" revenues in the governmental funds. However, they are considered to be earned in the Statement of Activities.	(177,611)
Loss on retirement of fixed assets is recognized in the entity wide statements under full accrual accounting, whereas it is not in the governmental funds.	<u>(41,860)</u>
Total revenues in the Statement of Activities (Schedule 2)	<u><u>\$ 95,481,554</u></u>

Total Expenditures & Other Uses/Expenses

Total expenditures and other uses reported in governmental funds (Schedule 5)	\$ 102,070,741
When the purchase or construction of capital assets is financed through governmental funds, the resources expended for those assets are reported as expenditures in the years they are incurred. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital expenditures of \$3,286,534 were less than depreciation of \$5,194,458, in the current year.	1,907,924
In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses (compensated absences and special termination benefits) are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially the amount actually paid). The amount by which compensated absences paid exceeded the amount earned during the year was \$142,120. Judgments and claims incurred exceeded the claims paid in the amount of \$1,352,036, during the year.	1,209,916

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 2. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS. (Continued)

B. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance vs. Statement of Activities: (Continued)

Total Expenditures & Other Uses/Expenses (Continued)

In the Statement of Activities, the expense for other postemployment benefits (OPEB) includes changes in the OPEB liability such as service cost, interest cost and changes in benefit terms, as well as amortization of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB. However, in the governmental funds, OPEB expenditures are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially the amount actually paid). This is the amount by which the OPEB expense in the Statement of Activities were less than the amount of financial resources used during the year.	(22,153,880)
In the Statement of Activities pension expense related to the ERS and TRS defined benefit pension plans is measured as the change in the District's proportionate shares of the net pension assets and liabilities as of the measurement dates for each plan. In the governmental funds, however, these expenditures are recognized equal to the total of (1) amounts paid by the employer to the pension plan and (2) the change between the beginning and ending balances of amounts normally expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. This is the amount by which pension expense was less than the amount of financial resources expended during the year.	(648,661)
Interest payable is recognized as an accrued liability in the entity wide statements under full accrual accounting whereas it is not under the governmental fund statements. This is the amount by which interest payable last year exceeded the interest payable this year.	(6,059)
Premiums and discounts on long-term debt issuances and deferred amounts from debt refundings are recognized in the year in which the transactions occur in the governmental fund statements. These amounts are amortized in the Statement of Activities. This is the amount that was amortized during the year.	(193,897)
Repayment of BANs is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but reduces liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets, and does not affect the Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position.	(50,000)
Repayment of bond and installment debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but reduces liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets and does not affect the Statement of Activities.	(5,049,334)
Total expenses in the Statement of Activities (Schedule 2)	<u>\$ 77,086,750</u>

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 3. STEWARDSHIP AND COMPLIANCE.

A. Budgets

The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for governmental funds for which legal (appropriated) budgets are adopted:

The voters of the District approved the proposed appropriation budget for the General Fund.

Appropriations are adopted at the program line item level.

Appropriations established by the adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) that may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the planned use of specific reserves, and budget amendments approved the Board of Education as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law). These Supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restrictions, if the Board approves them because of a need that exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted.

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

The General Fund is the only fund with a legally approved budget for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Budgets are established and used for individual capital project funds expenditures as approved by a special referendum of the District's voters. The maximum project amount authorized is based primarily upon the cost of the project, plus any requirements for external borrowings, not annual appropriations. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the completion of the projects.

B. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of year-end are presented as reservations of fund balance and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred or the commitment is paid.

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 4. CASH.-CUSTODIAL CREDIT, CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT, INTEREST RATE, FOREIGN CURRENCY RISKS AND INVESTMENT POOL

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. While the District does not have a specific policy for custodial credit risk, New York State statutes govern the District's investment policies, as discussed previously in these Notes.

The District's aggregate bank balances (disclosed in the financial statements), included balances not covered by depository insurance at year-end, collateralized as follows:

Uncollateralized	\$	0
Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or its trust department or agent, but not in the District's name	\$	26,669,235

Restricted cash represents cash and cash equivalents where use is limited by legal requirements. These assets represent amounts required by statute to be reserved for various purposes. Restricted cash as of year-end includes \$15,400,047 within the governmental funds.

The District does not typically purchase investments for a long enough duration to cause it to believe that it is exposed to any material interest rate risk. The District also does not purchase investments denominated in a foreign currency, and is not exposed to foreign currency risk.

NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS.

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, were as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements/ Reclassifications	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 879,619	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 879,619
Construction in Progress	1,617,909	1,950,717	0	3,568,626
Total Nondepreciable Assets	2,497,528	1,950,717	0	4,448,245
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and Improvements	137,540,616	0	0	137,540,616
Furniture and Equipment	10,892,693	157,734	(12,095)	11,038,332
Vehicles	9,579,251	1,178,083	(411,456)	10,345,878
Total Depreciable Assets	158,012,560	1,335,817	(423,551)	158,924,826
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(69,214,885)	(5,194,458)	381,691	(74,027,652)
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 91,295,203	\$ (1,907,924)	\$ (41,860)	\$ 89,345,419

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS. (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General Support	\$ 49,156
Instruction	4,219,092
Transportation	877,388
Cost of Sales	48,822
Total Depreciation	<u>\$ 5,194,458</u>

NOTE 6. SHORT-TERM DEBT.

Transactions in short-term debt for the year are summarized below:

		Stated					Ending
	Maturity	Interest	Beginning	Issued	Renewed /	Paid/	Balance
		Rate	Balance		Reclassified	Redeemed	June 30, 2019
BAN	6/29/2020	2.25%	\$3,400,000	\$ 954,539	\$(2,500,000)	\$ 50,000	\$ 1,804,539
BAN	6/29/2020	2.00%	0	7,500,000	2,500,000	0	10,000,000
Total Short-Term Debt			<u>\$3,400,000</u>	<u>\$8,454,539</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 50,000</u>	<u>\$ 11,804,539</u>

Interest on short-term debt for the year was composed of:

Interest Paid	\$ 93,500
Less: Interest Accrued in the Prior Year	(379)
Plus: Interest Accrued in the Current Year	1,894
Interest Expense	<u>\$ 95,015</u>

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES.

Long-term liability balances and activity for the year are summarized below:

	Beginning Balance	Issued	Paid/ Redeemed	Ending Balance June 30, 2019	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Bonds and Notes Payable:					
Bonds Payable	\$ 51,060,000	\$ 0	\$ 4,775,000	\$ 46,285,000	\$ 4,025,000
Deferred Premium on Refunding	4,728,633	0	427,694	4,300,939	427,694
Total Bonds Payable	55,788,633	0	5,202,694	50,585,939	4,452,694
Installment Purchase Debt	2,237,182	0	274,334	1,962,848	288,194
Total Bonds and Notes Payable	58,025,815	0	5,477,028	52,548,787	4,740,888
Other Liabilities:					
Compensated Absences	1,705,126	87,226	229,346	1,563,006	0
Other Postemployment Benefit	146,902,728	10,179,906	46,603,051	110,479,583	0
Judgments and Claims	0	11,015,265	9,663,229	1,352,036	0
Net Pension Liability - Proportionate Share	1,047,908	6,131,187	4,889,842	2,289,253	0
Total Other Liabilities	149,655,762	27,413,584	61,385,468	115,683,878	0
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$207,681,577	\$27,413,584	\$66,862,496	\$168,232,665	\$4,740,888

The General Fund has typically been used to liquidate long-term liabilities such as compensated absences.

Existing serial bond and note obligations are as follows:

Description of Issue	Issue Date	Final Maturity	Interest Rate	Balance
Refunding Series 2013	2013	2024	2.00% - 5.00%	\$ 6,655,000
Refunding Series 2015	2015	2037	1.00% - 5.00%	28,695,000
Refunding Series 2016	2016	2025	2.00% - 4.00%	10,935,000
				46,285,000
Installment Purchase Debt				1,962,848
Total Debt				\$ 48,247,848

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES. (Continued)

The following is a summary of maturing debt service requirements:

For the Year Ended June 30,	Serial Bonds		Installment Purchase Debt	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2020	\$ 4,025,000	\$ 1,813,400	\$ 288,194	\$ 94,395
2021	4,175,000	1,645,275	302,754	79,835
2022	4,370,000	1,464,925	318,050	63,539
2023	4,545,000	1,276,050	334,119	48,470
2024	4,715,000	1,093,350	350,999	31,590
2025 - 2029	9,875,000	3,382,800	368,732	13,856
2030 - 2034	9,580,000	1,577,031	0	0
2035 - 2039	5,000,000	205,275	0	0
TOTAL	<u>\$ 46,285,000</u>	<u>\$ 12,458,106</u>	<u>\$ 1,962,848</u>	<u>\$ 331,685</u>

Interest on long-term debt for the year was composed of:

Interest paid	\$ 2,063,755
Less: Interest accrued in the prior year	(227,925)
Less: Amortization of premium and deferred amount -bond refunding	(193,897)
Plus: Interest accrued in the current year	220,351
Total interest expense	<u>\$ 1,862,284</u>

NOTE 8. PENSION PLANS.

Employees' Retirement System Plan Description

The District participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS). ERS and the New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System (PFRS) are collectively referred to as New York State and Local Retirement System (the ERS System). These are cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit retirement systems. The net position of the ERS System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in fiduciary net position allocated to the ERS System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the ERS System. The Comptroller is an elected official determined in a direct statewide election and serves a four-year term. Thomas P. DiNapoli has served as Comptroller since February 7, 2007. In November, 2014, he was elected for a new term commencing January 1, 2015. System benefits are established under the provisions of the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL). Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report may be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 8. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

Teachers' Retirement System Plan Description

The New York State Teachers Retirement System (the TRS System) was created and exists pursuant to Article 11 of the New York State Education Law. The System is the administrator of a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system (PERS), administered by a 10-member Board to provide pension and ancillary benefits to teachers employed by participating employers in the State of New York, excluding New York City. For additional Plan information please refer to the NYSTRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the System's website located at www.nystrs.org.

ERS Benefits Provided

The ERS System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits.

Tiers 1 and 2

Eligibility: Tier 1 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. There is no minimum service requirement for Tier 1 members. Tier 2 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must have five years of service and be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. The age at which full benefits may be collected for Tier 1 is 55, and the full benefit age for Tier 2 is 62.

Benefit Calculation: Generally, the benefit is 1.67 percent of final average salary for each year of service if the member retires with less than 20 years. If the member retires with 20 or more years of service, the benefit is 2 percent of final average salary for each year of service. Tier 2 members with five or more years of service can retire as early as age 55 with reduced benefits. Tier 2 members age 55 or older with 30 or more years of service can retire with no reduction in benefits. As a result of Article 19 of the RSSL, Tier 1 and Tier 2 members who worked continuously from April 1, 1999 through October 1, 2000 received an additional month of service credit for each year of credited service they have at retirement, up to a maximum of 24 additional months.

Final average salary is the average of the wages earned in the three highest consecutive years. For Tier 1 members who joined on or after June 17, 1971, each year of final average salary is limited to no more than 20 percent of the previous year. For Tier 2 members, each year of final average salary is limited to no more than 20 percent of the average of the previous two years.

Tiers 3, 4, and 5

Eligibility: Tier 3 and 4 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must have five years of service and be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. Tier 5 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must have 10 years of service and be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. The full benefit age for Tiers 3, 4 and 5 is 62.

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 8. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

ERS Benefits Provided (Continued)

Tiers 3, 4, and 5 (Continued)

Benefit Calculation: Generally, the benefit is 1.67 percent of final average salary for each year of service if the member retires with less than 20 years. If a member retires with between 20 and 30 years of service, the benefit is 2 percent of final average salary for each year of service. If a member retires with more than 30 years of service, an additional benefit of 1.5 percent of final average salary is applied for each year of service over 30 years. Tier 3 and 4 members with five or more years of service and Tier 5 members with 10 or more years of service can retire as early as age 55 with reduced benefits. Tier 3 and 4 members age 55 or older with 30 or more years of service can retire with no reduction in benefits.

Final average salary is the average of the wages earned in the three highest consecutive years. For Tier 3, 4 and 5 members, each year of final average salary is limited to no more than 10 percent of the average of the previous two years.

Tier 6

Eligibility: Tier 6 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must have 10 years of service and be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. The full benefit age for Tier 6 is 63 for ERS members and 62 for PFRS members.

Benefit Calculation: Generally, the benefit is 1.67 percent of final average salary for each year of service if the member retires with less than 20 years. If a member retires with 20 years of service, the benefit is 1.75 percent of final average salary for each year of service. If a member retires with more than 20 years of service, an additional benefit of 2 percent of final average salary is applied for each year of service over 20 years. Tier 6 members with 10 or more years of service can retire as early as age 55 with reduced benefits.

Final average salary is the average of the wages earned in the five highest consecutive years. For Tier 6 members, each year of final average salary is limited to no more than 10 percent of the average of the previous four years.

Special Plans

The 25-Year Plans allow a retirement after 25 years of service with a benefit of one-half of final average salary, and the 20-Year Plans allow a retirement after 20 years of service with a benefit of one-half of final average salary. These plans are available to certain PFRS members, sheriffs, and correction officers.

Disability Retirement Benefits

Disability retirement benefits are available to ERS and PFRS members unable to perform their job duties because of permanent physical or mental incapacity. There are three general types of disability benefits: ordinary, performance of duty, and accidental disability benefits. Eligibility, benefit amounts, and other rules such as any offsets or other benefits depend on a members tier, years of service, and plan.

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 8. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

ERS Benefits Provided (Continued)

Ordinary Death Benefits

Death benefits are payable upon the death, before retirement, of a member who meets eligibility requirements as set forth by law. The first \$50,000 of an ordinary death benefit is paid in the form of group term life insurance. The benefit is generally three times the member's annual salary. For most members, there is also a reduced post-retirement ordinary death benefit available.

Post-Retirement Benefit Increases

A cost-of-living adjustment is provided annually to: (i) all pensioners who have attained age 62 and have been retired for five years; (ii) all pensioners who have attained age 55 and have been retired for 10 years; (iii) all disability pensioners, regardless of age, who have been retired for five years; (iv) ERS recipients of an accidental death benefit, regardless of age, who have been receiving such benefit for five years and (v) the spouse of a deceased retiree receiving a lifetime benefit under an option elected by the retiree at retirement. An eligible spouse is entitled to one-half the cost-of-living adjustment amount that would have been paid to the retiree when the retiree would have met the eligibility criteria. This cost-of-living adjustment is a percentage of the annual retirement benefit of the eligible member as computed on a base benefit amount not to exceed \$18,000 of the annual retirement benefit. The cost-of-living percentage shall be 50 percent of the annual Consumer Price Index as published by the U.S. Bureau of Labor, but cannot be less than 1 percent or exceed 3 percent.

TRS Benefits Provided

The benefits provided to members of the TRS System are established by New York State and may be amended only by the Legislature with the Governor's approval. Benefit provisions vary depending on date of membership and are subdivided into the following six classes:

Tier 1

Members who last joined prior to July 1, 1973 are covered by the provisions of Article 11 of the Education Law.

Tier 2

Members who last joined on or after July 1, 1973 and prior to July 27, 1976 are covered by the provisions of Article 11 of the Education Law and Article 11 of the Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL).

Tier 3

Members who last joined on or after July 27, 1976 and prior to September 1, 1983 are covered by the provisions of Article 14 and Article 15 of the RSSL.

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 8. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

TRS Benefits Provided (Continued)

Tier 4

Members who last joined on or after September 1, 1983 and prior to January 1, 2010 are covered by the provisions of Article 15 of the RSSL.

Tier 5

Members who joined on or after January 1, 2010 and prior to April 1, 2012 are covered by the provisions of Article 15 of the RSSL.

Tier 6

Members who joined on or after April 1, 2012 are covered by the provisions of Article 15 of the RSSL.

Service Retirements

Tier 1 members are eligible, beginning at age 55, for a service retirement allowance of approximately 2% per year of credit service times final average salary.

Under Article 19 of the RSSL, eligible Tiers 1 and 2 members can receive additional service credit of one-twelfth of a year for each year of retirement credit as of the date of retirement or death up to a maximum of two additional years.

Tiers 2 through 5 are eligible for the same but with the following limitations: (1) Tiers 2 through 4 members receive an unreduced benefit for retirement at age 62 or retirement at ages 55 through 61 with 30 years of service or a reduced benefit for retirement at ages 55 through 61 with less than 30 years of service. (2) Tier 5 members receive an unreduced benefit for retirement at age 62 or retirement at ages 57 through 61 with 30 years of service. They receive a reduced benefit for retirement at ages 55 and 56 regardless of service credit, or ages 57 through 61 with less than 30 years of service.

Tier 6 members are eligible for a service retirement allowance of 1.75% per year of credited service years of service plus 2% per year for years of service in excess of 20 years times final average salary. Tier 6 members receive an unreduced benefit for retirement at age 63. They receive a reduced benefit at ages 55 through 62 regardless of service credit.

Vested Benefits

Retirement benefits after 5 years of credited service except for Tiers 5 and 6 where 10 years of credited service are required. Benefits are payable at age 55 or greater with the limitations noted for service requirements above.

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 8. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

TRS Benefits Provided (Continued)

Disability Benefits

Members are eligible for disability retirement benefits after 10 years of credited New York State service except for Tiers 3 where disability retirement is permissible after 5 years credited New York State service pursuant to the provision of Article 14 of the RSSL. The Tier 3 benefit is integrated with Social Security.

Death Benefits

Death benefits are paid to the beneficiary of active members who die in service. The benefit is based on final salary and the number of years of credited service.

Prior Service

After 2 years of membership, members of all tiers may claim and receive credit for prior New York State public or teaching service. Only Tiers 1 and 2 members may, under certain conditions, claim out of state service.

Tier Reinstatement

In accordance with Chapter 640 of the Laws of 1998, any active member who had a prior membership may elect to be reinstated to their original date and Tier of membership.

Permanent Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA)

Section 532-a of the Education Law provides a permanent cost-of-living benefit to both current and future retired members. This benefit will be paid commencing September of each year to retired members who have attained age 62 and have been retired for 5 years or attained age 55 and have been retired for 10 years. Disability retirees must have been retired for 5 years, regardless of age, to be eligible. The annual COLA percentage is equal to 50% of the increase in the consumer price index not to exceed 3% nor be lower than 1%. It is applied to the first eighteen thousand dollars of the annual benefit. The applicable percentage payable beginning September 2018 is 1.2%.

Members who retired prior to July 1, 1970 are eligible for a minimum benefit of seventeen thousand five hundred dollars for 35 years of credited full-time New York State service. Certain members who retire pursuant to the provisions of Article 14 of the RSSL are eligible for automatic cost-of-living supplementation based on the increase in the consumer price index with a maximum per annum increase of 3%.

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 8. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

TRS Benefits Provided (Continued)

Contributions

The System is noncontributory except for employees who joined the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3 percent of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 who generally contribute 3 to 3.5 percent of their salary for their entire length of service. In addition, employee contribution rates under ERS tier VI vary based on a sliding salary computing the employers' contributions based on salaries paid during the Systems' fiscal year ending March 31. For TRS, contribution rates are established annually by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law.

Contributions for the current year and two preceding years were equal to 100 percent of the contributions required, and were as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>NYSTRS</u>	<u>NYSERS</u>
2018 - 2019	\$ 3,498,368	\$ 1,383,614
2017 - 2018	3,092,356	1,414,439
2016 - 2017	3,454,452	1,261,233

The District chose to prepay the required contributions to ERS by December 15th each year and received a discount.

ERS has provided additional disclosures through entities that elected to participate in Chapter 260, 57 and 105.

Pension Assets, Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the District reported the following asset/(liability) for its proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset) for each of the Systems. The net pension asset/(liability) was measured as of March 31, 2019, for ERS and June 30, 2018 for TRS. The total pension asset/(liability) used to calculate the net pension asset/(liability) was determined by an actuarial valuation. District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability) was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the Systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the ERS and TRS Systems in reports provided to the District.

At March 31, 2019, the District's proportion of the NYSERS net pension asset/(liability) was 0.0323099%, which was an increase of .0001587% from its proportion measured as of March 31, 2018.

At June 30, 2019, the District's proportion of the NYSTRS net pension asset/(liability) was 0.193628%, which was an increase of 0.0074310% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 8. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

Pension Assets, Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District's recognized pension expense of \$1,643,543 for ERS and the actuarial value \$2,591,200 for TRS. At June 30, 2019, the District's reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions for the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows or Resources			Deferred Inflows or Resources		
	ERS	TRS	Total	ERS	TRS	Total
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 450,802	\$ 2,616,503	\$ 3,067,305	\$ 153,673	\$ 473,951	\$ 627,624
Changes of Assumptions	575,425	12,239,388	12,814,813	0	0	0
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	0	0	0	587,549	3,886,725	4,474,274
Changes in proportion and difference between the District's contributions and proportionate share of contributions	335,867	0	335,867	14,829	688,691	703,520
District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	369,367	3,499,789	3,869,156	0	0	0
Total	<u>\$ 1,731,461</u>	<u>\$ 18,355,680</u>	<u>\$ 20,087,141</u>	<u>\$ 756,051</u>	<u>\$ 5,049,367</u>	<u>\$ 5,805,418</u>

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended:	ERS	TRS
2020	\$ 590,273	\$ 3,383,486
2021	(345,064)	2,256,737
2022	29,123	125,286
2023	331,711	2,248,488
2024	0	1,500,692
Thereafter	0	291,835

Actuarial Assumptions

The total ERS pension liability at March 31, 2019 was determined by using an actuarial valuation as of April 1, 2018, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to March 31, 2019. The total TRS pension liability at June 30, 2018 was determined by using an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2018. These actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions.

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 8. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

	ERS	TRS										
Measurement Date	March 31, 2018	June 30, 2018										
Inflation Rate	2.5%	2.25%										
Projected Salary Increases	4.2%	Rates of increase differ based on service. They have been calculated based upon recent NYSTRS member experience.										
		<table><tr><th>Service</th><th>Rate</th></tr><tr><td>5</td><td>4.72%</td></tr><tr><td>15</td><td>3.46%</td></tr><tr><td>25</td><td>2.37%</td></tr><tr><td>35</td><td>1.90%</td></tr></table>	Service	Rate	5	4.72%	15	3.46%	25	2.37%	35	1.90%
Service	Rate											
5	4.72%											
15	3.46%											
25	2.37%											
35	1.90%											
Cost of Living Adjustments	1.3%	1.5%, compounded annually										
Investment Rate of Return, Including Inflation	7.0%, compounded annually, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation.	7.25%, compounded annually, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation.										
Decrement Tables	Developed from the Plan's 2015 experience study of the period April 1, 2010 to March 31, 2015	Based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 to June 30, 2014.										
Mortality Improvement	Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2014	Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2014										

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by each the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation are summarized below:

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SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 8. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Measurement Date	ERS		Measurement Date	TRS	
	March 31, 2019			June 30, 2018	
	Target Allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return		Target Allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return*
<u>Asset Class:</u>			<u>Asset Class:</u>		
Domestic Equity	36%	4.55%	Domestic Equities	33%	5.80%
International Equity	14%	6.35%	International Equities	16%	7.30%
Private Equity	10%	7.50%	Global Equities	4%	6.70%
Real Estate	10%	5.55%	Real Estate Equities	11%	4.90%
Absolute Return Strategies (1)	2%	3.75%	Private Equities	8%	8.90%
Opportunistic Portfolio	3%	5.68%	Domestic fixed income securities	16%	1.30%
Real Assets	3%	5.29%	Global fixed income securities	2%	0.90%
Bonds and Mortgages	17%	1.31%	Private Debt	1%	6.80%
Cash	1%	-0.25%	Real Estate Debt	7%	2.80%
Inflation-indexed bonds	4%	1.25%	High-yield fixed income securities	1%	3.50%
			Short-term	1%	0.30%
Total	100%		Total	100%	

The real rate of return is net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.50%.

* Real rates of return are net of a long-term inflation assumption of 2.3%.

(1) Excludes equity-oriented and long-only funds. For investment management purposes, these funds are included in domestic equity and international equity.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 7.0% for ERS and 7.25% for TRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the ERS and TRS net pension liability calculated using the discount rates referred to above, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate referred to above:

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 8. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption
(Continued)

ERS	1% Decrease 6.00%	Current Discount Rate 7.00%	1% Increase 8.00%
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/(Liability)	\$ (10,005,891)	\$ (2,289,253)	\$ 4,195,865
TRs	1% Decrease 6.25%	Current Discount Rate 7.25%	1% Increase 8.25%
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/(Liability)	(24,054,595)	3,501,313	26,585,507

Pension plan fiduciary net position

The components of the current-year net pension liability of the employers as of the measurement dates indicated below were as follows:

	(Dollars in Thousands)	
	ERS	TRs
Measurement Date	March 31, 2019	June 30, 2018
Employers' total pension asset/(liability)	\$ (189,803,429)	\$ (118,107,253)
Plan net position	182,718,124	119,915,518
Employer's net pension asset/(liability)	<u>\$ (7,085,305)</u>	<u>\$ 1,808,265</u>
Ratio of plan net position to the employers' total pension asset/(liability)	96.27%	101.53%

Payables to the Pension Plan

For ERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31st. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2019 represent the projected employer contributions for the period of April 1, 2019 through June 30, 2019 based on paid ERS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2019 amounted to \$369,367 of employer contributions. Employee contributions are remitted monthly.

For TRs, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 are paid to the System in September, October and November 2019 through state aid intercept. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2019 based on TRs wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier and employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to the TRs system. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2019 amounted to \$3,719,460.

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 9. INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY.

Interfund balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, were as follows:

	Interfund		Interfund	
	Receivable	Payable	Revenues	Expenditures
General Fund	\$ 7,174,828	\$ 525	\$ 50,000	\$ 252,157
Special Aid Fund	0	1,073,839	252,157	0
School Lunch Fund	0	34,257	0	50,000
Capital Fund	0	6,066,905	0	0
Debt Service Fund	173	0	0	0
Total Governmental Activities	7,175,001	7,175,526	302,157	302,157
Fiduciary Agency Fund	525	0	0	0
Totals	<u>\$ 7,175,526</u>	<u>\$ 7,175,526</u>	<u>\$ 302,157</u>	<u>\$ 302,157</u>

Interfund receivables and payables, other than between governmental activities and fiduciary funds, are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow issues. All interfund payables are expected to be repaid within one year.

The District typically transfers from the General Fund to the Special Aid Fund to fund the portion of the Summer Handicapped Program not funded by aid from New York State.

NOTE 10. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS.

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description – The District’s defined benefit OPEB plan (“the District’s OPEB plan”), provides OPEB for eligible retired employees, their spouses and their dependent children. The District’s OPEB plan is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the District based on employment contracts. As these employment contracts are renegotiated, eligibility and benefits may change over time. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

Benefits Provided – The District’s OPEB plan subsidizes the cost of healthcare to eligible retired employees, their spouses and their dependent children. Minimum eligibility requirements for postemployment benefits are as follows:

- Employees are eligible for postretirement benefits if he/she has met the following requirements:
 - Administrators Age 55 with 5 Years of Service
 - Cabinet Age 55 with 5 Years of Service
 - CSEA Age 55 with 20 Years of Service
 - Teachers Age 55 with 10 Years of Service

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 10. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS. (Continued)

- The School District reimburses a portion of the cost of Medicare Part B premiums to both retirees and covered spouses that retire prior to 9/1/2019. As a result of the district establishing its own viable self-funded insurance plan, only district employees (not spouses) will be reimbursed a portion of the Medicare Part B premiums for those retiring after 9/1/19. Surviving spouses are not eligible for Medicare Part B Reimbursement.
- The Medicare part B reimbursement was frozen at \$104.90/ month for all retirees effective September 2016.

Retirees are required to make a contribution towards the cost of coverage based upon their cost sharing agreement with the District. Current retirees were supplied with their specific cost sharing arrangement in the data provided by the District. Future retirees are assumed to receive the following cost sharing arrangements.

Employment Unit	Yrs. Of Svc	District Retirement Contribution % for		
		Individual	2 Person	Family
Administrators/Cabinet				
(Terminated 7/1/18 - 6/30/19)	5 - 9	85%	70%	70%
	10+	90%	75%	75%
(Terminated 7/1/19 - 6/30/20)	5 - 9	80%	70%	70%
	10+	85%	75%	75%
(Terminated 7/1/20 - 6/30/21)	5 - 9	75%	70%	70%
	10+	80%	75%	75%
(Terminated Post 7/1/21)	5 - 9	70%	70%	70%
	10+	75%	75%	75%
CSEA	20+	90%	75%	65%
MVTA				
(Terminated 7/1/18 - 6/30/19)	10 - 14	80%	N/A	65%
	15 - 19	85%	N/A	70%
	20+	90%	N/A	75%
(Terminated 7/1/19 - 6/30/20)	10 - 14	75%	N/A	65%
	15 - 19	80%	N/A	70%
	20+	85%	N/A	75%
(Terminated Post 7/1/20)	10 - 14	70%	N/A	65%
	15 - 19	75%	N/A	70%
	20+	80%	N/A	75%

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 10. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS. (Continued)

The cost sharing arrangements above are for future retirees. Current retirees may have a different arrangement based on when they retired.

Upon the death of the retiree, surviving spouses will contribute 100% of the cost of the blended premium.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms – At July 1, 2018, the actuarial valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	378
Active employees	<u>505</u>
Total Employees Covered by Benefit Terms	<u><u>883</u></u>

Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$110,479,583 was measured as of June 30, 2018, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018 with update procedures used to roll forward the actuarial accrued liability to June 30, 2019.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs – The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation Rate	2.50%
Discount Rate	3.87%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	Pre-65: 7.51% for 2019, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% for 2027 and later years Post-65: 8.37% for 2019, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% for 2027 and later years
Current Retirees' Share of Benefit Related Costs	Retirees pay 0% - 30% of the cost of single coverage and 25% - 60% for the spouse/family based on years of service with the District. Surviving spouse pays 100% of the Premium cost.

The discount rate was based on a review of the yield derived from the Bond Buyer 20 General Obligation Bond Index closest to the measurement date.

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 10. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS. (Continued)

Total OPEB Liability (Continued)

Mortality rates were based on the SOA RP-2014 Headcount Weighted Mortality Table projected generationally with adjustments for mortality improvements based on the SOA Scale MP-2018 from the central year.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study included in the valuation reports for ERS and TRS which are used to estimate the rate of retirement from the active plan and is based on age and gender.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at June 30, 2018	<u>\$ 146,902,728</u>
<u>Changes for the Year:</u>	
Service cost	4,795,821
Interest	5,384,085
Changes of benefit terms	(24,077,442)
Differences between expected and actual experience	(3,157,237)
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	(16,734,976)
Benefit payments	<u>(2,633,396)</u>
Net Changes	<u>(36,423,145)</u>
Balance at June 30, 2019	<u><u>\$ 110,479,583</u></u>

Changes of benefit terms reflect the following changes:

- The cost sharing for all bargaining units has been updated
- Medicare Part B reimbursements have been frozen at \$104.90/month for all retirees
- Dental and Vision coverage were added to Retiree Medical Coverage for all eligible Administrators Cabinet and CSEA retirees

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.87 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (4.87 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease (2.87%)	Current Discount Rate (3.87%)	1% Increase (4.87%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 131,548,411	\$ 110,479,583	\$ 94,933,929

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 10. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS. (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

	<u>1%</u> <u>Decrease</u>	<u>Current Health Care</u> <u>Cost Trend Rates</u>	<u>1%</u> <u>Increase</u>
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 94,140,277	\$ 110,479,583	\$ 133,300,571

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of (\$19,379,861). At June 30, 2019, the District reported the following deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB.

	<u>Deferred Outflows</u> <u>of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows</u> <u>of Resources</u>
Difference between actual and expected experience	\$ 0	\$ 2,739,613
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	0	30,373,361
District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>2,774,019</u>	<u>0</u>
Total	<u>\$ 2,774,019</u>	<u>\$ 33,112,974</u>

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year Ending June 30,</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2020	\$ (5,482,325)
2021	(5,482,325)
2022	(5,482,325)
2023	(5,482,325)
2024	(5,482,325)
Thereafter	(5,701,349)

NOTE 11. RISK MANAGEMENT.

General Information

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage, injuries, errors and omissions, natural disasters, and other risks. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past two years.

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 11. RISK MANAGEMENT. (Continued)

Workers' Compensation

Effective July 1, 2017, the District began self insuring its workers' compensation claims. The claims are accounted for in the School District's General Fund. The District's workers compensation program administrator, Benetech, is responsible for the approval, processing and payment of claims which are funded by the District. The District is also responsible for a monthly administrative fee payable to Benetech. At June 30, 2019, the district estimated its workers compensation liability to be \$842,855, which represents reported and unreported claims which were incurred on or before year end, but which were not paid by the District as of that date.

The District budgeted approximately one year's worth of workers' compensation claims to be paid from the General Fund. Additionally, in order to provide claims protection for unanticipated large claims, the district purchases excess workers' compensation coverage for claims in excess of \$500,000. The District also maintains a workers' compensation reserve to provide additional protection against higher than expected claims activity.

Self-Funded Medical and Prescription Plan

The District self-insures for medical and prescription health insurance benefits for all eligible staff and retirees. The benefit administrators are responsible for the approval, processing and payment of claims which are funded by the District. Empire Blue Cross, Inc. is the third-party claims administrator for the District's health plan. EmpiRx is the third-party claims administrator for the District's prescription plan. The cost of medical and prescription claims are paid out of employee and employer contributions. The District pays the medical claims and related administrative fees on a weekly basis to Empire. The District pays prescription claims and related administrative fees on a bi-weekly basis to EmpiRx. Health claims incurred prior to June 30, 2019, and paid in July in the amount of \$568,438 have been recorded as provided by Empire. Prescription claims incurred prior to June 30, 2019, and paid in July in the amount of \$110,056 have been recorded as provided by EmpiRx.

To provide claims protection for unanticipated large claims, the District has purchased both aggregate and specific stop loss coverage from HM Life Insurance Company of New York. The aggregate insurance provides full coverage for aggregate claims in excess of 125% of expected claims. The specific stop loss insurance assumes the risk for claims on any individual in excess of \$250,000 paid during the plan year. The plan recovered reimbursements from the stop loss policy for 2018-2019 in the amount of \$226,840 related to four (4) high cost claimants.

Claims Activity for the fiscal year is summarized below:

	Claims and Changes In Estimates	Claims Payments	Balances at End of Year
2019	\$ 9,596,252	\$ 9,087,071	\$ 509,181

Incurred but not reported for fiscal year end June 30:

2019	\$ 509,181
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MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 11. RISK MANAGEMENT. (Continued)

Self-Funded Dental and Vision Plan

The District is self-insured for dental and vision benefits for active and retired support staff and administrators. (The teachers' union maintains their own Benefit Trust Fund for dental and vision benefits for active employees.) The benefit administrators are responsible for the approval, processing and payment of claims which are funded by the District. Delta Dental of New York is the third party claims administrator for the District's dental plan. Empire Blue View, Inc. is the third party claims administrator for the District's vision plan. The claims for dental and vision care are paid out of employee, retiree and employer contributions. The District pays the dental claims and related administrative fees on a weekly basis by transferring funds to Delta Dental. At June 30, 2019, the district estimated its Dental claims liability to be \$11,730, which represents reported and unreported claims which were incurred on or before year end, but which were not paid by the District as of that date.

The District has not purchased stop loss insurance on the self-funded dental or vision plans as they both have a limited potential liability that does not represent a significant portion of the overall health insurance costs. The District's liability is limited to the annual dental maximum per covered individual, which is \$1,500 for active employees and \$1,000 for retirees for the year ended June 30, 2019. The vision benefits are limited to an annual plan maximum of approximately \$250 per covered individual.

NOTE 12. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES.

The District has received grants, which are subject to audit by agencies of the state and federal governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior years' experience, the District's administration believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

There are currently pending certiorari proceedings, the results of which could require the payment of future tax refunds by the School District if existing assessments rolls are modified based on the outcome of the litigation proceedings. However, the amount of these possible refunds cannot be determined at the present time. Any payments resulting from adverse decisions in excess of the Tax Certiorari Reserve will be funded in the year the payment is made.

NOTE 13. ENCUMBRANCES.

Encumbrances represent contracts, purchase orders, payroll commitments, tax payables, or legal penalties that are chargeable to an account. They cease to be encumbrances when paid or when the actual liability amount is determined and recorded as an expenditure. Encumbrances of appropriations of budgets for the year ended June 30, 2019 have been included in the assigned fund balances of the following fund as of June 30, 2019:

General Fund	\$ 719,247
Total Encumbrances	<u>\$ 719,247</u>

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 14. OPERATING LEASES.

The District leases equipment and property under operating leases. Rental expense for the year ended June 30, 2019 was \$12,900.

Minimum annual rentals for each of the remainder of the lease are:

<u>For the Year Ended June 30,</u>		
2020	\$	12,900
2021		0

NOTE 15. DONOR-RESTRICTED ENDOWMENTS.

The District administers endowment funds, which are restricted by the donor for the purpose of student scholarships and awards. The District authorizes expenditure from donor restricted endowments in compliance with the wishes expressed by the donor, which varies among the unique endowments administered by the district.

NOTE 16. TAX ABATEMENT.

The Orange County Industrial Development Agency ("the IDA") entered into property tax abatement agreements that reduced the District's gross tax revenues. Generally, property tax abatement agreements are entered into by the IDA under New York Real Property Tax Law, Section 412-a and General Municipal Law, Section 874 in order to induce businesses to acquire, renovate, construct and upgrade certain real property within Orange County. For a qualified and approved project, the IDA takes title or a leasehold interest in the property thereby technically making the property exempt from all real property taxes. However, the IDA requires the execution of a Payment in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT) Agreement with the company which requires the company to pay a reduced portion of the current real property taxes, including land and special district taxes, to the County, Town/Village and School District in which it is located and a graduated percentage of taxes upon the improvements constructed on the property.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the District abated property taxes totaling \$63,574 under these property tax abatement agreements and received payments in lieu of tax (PILOT) in the amount of \$876,256.

NOTE 17. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS.

The District has evaluated subsequent events through October 3, 2019 the date that the financial statements were available to be issued. No significant subsequent events have been identified that would require adjustment of or disclosure in the accompanying financial statements.

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICTSLATE HILL, NEW YORKSCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	<u>06/30/19</u>	<u>06/30/18</u>
<u>Total OPEB Liability</u>		
Service cost	\$ 4,795,821	\$ 5,849,078
Interest	5,384,085	4,701,558
Changes of benefit terms	(24,077,442)	0
Differences between expected and actual experience	(3,157,237)	0
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	(16,734,976)	(21,554,166)
Benefit payments	<u>(2,633,396)</u>	<u>(2,406,293)</u>
Net change in total OPEB liability	(36,423,145)	(13,409,823)
Total OPEB liability-beginning	<u>146,902,728</u>	<u>160,312,551</u>
Total OPEB liability-ending	<u><u>\$ 110,479,583</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 146,902,728</u></u>
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 38,749,014	\$ 39,497,431
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	285.12%	371.93%

Notes to Schedule:

Changes of assumptions. Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period.

06/30/18	3.87%
06/30/17	3.58%
06/30/16	2.85%

Underlying claims were updated to reflect the most recent claims experience for the 6/30/18 period.

For the 6/30/18 period, the mortality assumption was updated from the RP-2014 Combined Healthy Generational Mortality Table with projection scale MP-2016 from the Central Year to the PUB-2010 Headcount Weighted Mortality Table with projection scale MP-2018 varying based on Bargaining Unit Classification.

For the 6/30/18 period, the salary scale was updated to service-based tables from ERS and TRS.

For the 6/30/18 period, health care cost trends rates were updated based on national average information from a variety of sources, including S&P Healthcare Economic Index, NHCE data, plan renewal data, and vendor Rx reports, with adjustments based on provisions of the benefits sponsored by the Minisink Valley Central School District.

* GASB 75 requires that the past 10 years of information be presented. However, until a full 10 year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years which information is available. Data will be accumulated over time and presented according to GASB 75.

See paragraph on supplementary schedules included in auditor's report.

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	CURRENT YEAR'S REVENUES	OVER (UNDER) REVISED BUDGET
<u>REVENUES</u>				
LOCAL SOURCES:				
Real Property Taxes	\$ 39,748,242	\$ 39,748,242	\$ 40,158,853	\$ 410,611
Other Tax Items	6,816,003	6,816,003	5,581,691	(1,234,312)
Charges for Services	137,500	137,500	221,958	84,458
Use of Money & Property	50,000	50,000	94,889	44,889
Sale of Property & Compensation for Loss	286,000	565,286	952,039	386,753
Miscellaneous	680,000	680,000	1,384,960	704,960
STATE SOURCES	43,594,548	43,594,548	42,837,020	(757,528)
FEDERAL SOURCES	100,000	100,000	131,495	31,495
OTHER SOURCES:				
Operating Transfers In	50,000	50,000	50,000	0
TOTAL REVENUES	91,462,293	91,741,579	\$ 91,412,905	\$ (328,674)
APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE	9,462,502	9,462,500		
TOTAL REVENUES & APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE	\$ 100,924,795	\$ 101,204,079		

See paragraph on supplementary schedules included in auditor's report.

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	CURRENT YEAR'S EXPENDITURES	ENCUMBRANCES	UNENCUMBERED BALANCE
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>					
GENERAL SUPPORT:					
Board of Education	\$ 69,389	\$ 82,739	\$ 62,060	\$ 0	\$ 20,679
Central Administration	586,070	584,099	572,379	0	11,720
Finance	802,222	833,009	813,060	0	19,949
Staff	462,600	689,534	598,942	173,515	(82,923)
Central Services	5,729,434	6,000,197	5,122,623	253,615	623,959
Special Items	1,181,102	1,150,683	1,107,862	2,287	40,534
INSTRUCTIONAL:					
Instruction, Administration & Improvement	2,446,883	2,545,055	2,461,422	0	83,633
Teaching - Regular School	25,835,417	25,672,455	24,881,434	104,946	686,075
Programs for Children with Handicapping Conditions	17,810,680	17,582,892	17,198,869	144,000	240,023
Occupational Education	2,208,300	1,923,220	1,911,692	0	11,528
Teaching - Special Schools	895,933	867,271	825,916	0	41,355
Instructional Media	1,915,741	2,007,794	1,962,536	0	45,258
Pupil Services	3,480,642	3,669,849	3,268,444	4,313	397,092
PUPIL TRANSPORTATION	5,971,580	6,514,419	5,409,761	19,391	1,085,267
COMMUNITY SERVICES	17,750	267,750	205,677	0	62,073
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS	22,293,763	21,720,824	21,238,947	17,180	464,697
DEBT SERVICE:					
Debt Service - Principal	6,389,334	6,203,034	5,099,334	0	1,103,700
Debt Service - Interest	2,552,955	2,614,255	2,157,255	0	457,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	100,649,795	100,929,079	94,898,213	719,247	5,311,619
OTHER USES:					
Operating Transfers Out	275,000	275,000	252,157	0	22,843
TOTAL EXPENDITURES & OTHER USES	\$ 100,924,795	\$ 101,204,079	95,150,370	\$ 719,247	\$ 5,334,462
EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES OVER REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES			\$ (3,737,465)		

See paragraph on supplementary schedules included in auditor's report.

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE
SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NYSERS Pension Plan
Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	<u>3/31/2019</u>	<u>3/31/2018</u>	<u>3/31/2017</u>	<u>3/31/2016</u>	<u>3/31/2015</u>	<u>3/31/2014</u>
District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability)	0.0323099%	0.0324686%	0.0298419%	0.0289498%	0.0304224%	0.0304224%
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)	\$ (2,289,253)	\$ (1,047,908)	\$ (2,804,013)	\$ (4,646,522)	\$ (1,027,743)	\$ (1,374,745)
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 10,428,582	\$ 9,630,182	\$ 9,277,692	\$ 8,556,497	\$ 7,905,074	\$ 8,298,551
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	-21.95%	-10.88%	-30.22%	-54.30%	-13.00%	-16.57%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	96.27%	98.24%	94.70%	90.68%	97.95%	97.15%

NYSTRS Pension Plan
Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	<u>6/30/2018</u>	<u>6/30/2017</u>	<u>6/30/2016</u>	<u>6/30/2015</u>	<u>6/30/2014</u>	<u>6/30/2013</u>
District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability)	0.193628%	0.186197%	0.183725%	0.182369%	0.179922%	0.176529%
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)	\$ 3,501,313	\$ 1,415,286	\$ (1,967,771)	\$ 18,942,345	\$ 20,042,154	\$ 1,162,006
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 31,539,906	\$ 29,520,317	\$ 28,350,603	\$ 27,394,324	\$ 26,577,235	\$ 26,116,313
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	11.10%	4.79%	-6.94%	69.15%	75.41%	4.45%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	101.53%	100.66%	99.01%	110.46%	111.48%	100.70%

* GASB 68 requires that the past 10 years of information be presented. However, until a full 10 year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

See paragraph on supplementary schedules included in auditor's report.

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NYSERS Pension Plan
Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	<u>3/31/2019</u>	<u>3/31/2018</u>	<u>3/31/2017</u>	<u>3/31/2016</u>	<u>3/31/2015</u>	<u>3/31/2014</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,390,053	\$ 1,379,410	\$ 1,309,599	\$ 1,346,651	\$ 1,627,679	\$ 1,346,651
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>1,390,053</u>	<u>1,379,410</u>	<u>1,309,599</u>	<u>1,346,651</u>	<u>1,627,679</u>	<u>1,346,651</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 10,428,582	\$ 9,630,182	\$ 9,277,692	\$ 8,556,497	\$ 7,905,074	\$ 8,298,551
Contributions as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	13.33%	14.32%	14.12%	15.74%	20.59%	16.23%

NYSTRS Pension Plan
Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	<u>6/30/2018</u>	<u>6/30/2017</u>	<u>6/30/2016</u>	<u>6/30/2015</u>	<u>6/30/2014</u>	<u>6/30/2013</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$ 3,090,911	\$ 3,458,122	\$ 3,759,290	\$ 4,802,225	\$ 4,318,801	\$ 3,061,543
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>3,090,911</u>	<u>3,458,122</u>	<u>3,759,290</u>	<u>4,802,225</u>	<u>4,318,801</u>	<u>3,061,543</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 31,539,906	\$ 29,520,317	\$ 28,350,603	\$ 27,394,324	\$ 26,577,235	\$ 26,116,313
Contributions as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	9.80%	11.71%	13.26%	17.53%	16.25%	11.72%

* GASB 68 requires that the past 10 years of information be presented. However, until a full 10 year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

See paragraph on supplementary schedules included in auditor's report.

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
SCHEDULE OF CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET AND
THE REAL PROPERTY TAX LIMIT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

CHANGE FROM ADOPTED TO FINAL BUDGET

ADOPTED BUDGET	\$ 99,991,245
ADDITIONS:	
Encumbrances from Prior Year	<u>933,550</u>
ORIGINAL BUDGET	100,924,795
BUDGET REVISIONS:	
Budget Amendment for Roof Repair	<u>279,284</u>
FINAL BUDGET	<u><u>\$ 101,204,079</u></u>

SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULATION

2019–2020 Voter-approved expenditure budget maximum allowed (4% of 2019–2020 budget \$95,314,988)	<u><u>\$ 3,812,600</u></u>
General Fund - Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law	
Unrestricted Fund Balance:	
Assigned Fund Balance	\$ 6,030,747
Unassigned Fund Balance	<u>3,812,600</u>
Total Unrestricted Fund Balance	<u><u>9,843,347</u></u>
Less:	
Appropriated Fund Balance	5,311,500
Encumbrances Included in Committed and Assigned Fund Balance	<u>719,247</u>
Total Adjustments	<u><u>6,030,747</u></u>
General Fund - Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law	<u><u>\$ 3,812,600</u></u>
Actual Percentage	4.00%

See paragraph on supplementary schedules included in auditor's report.

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND - PROJECT EXPENDITURES AND FINANCING RESOURCES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	ORIGINAL APPROPRIATION	REVISED APPROPRIATION	EXPENDITURES TO DATE			UNEXPENDED BALANCE	METHODS OF FINANCING				FUND BALANCE JUNE 30, 2019
			PRIOR YEARS	CURRENT YEAR	TOTAL		PROCEEDS FROM DEBT	STATE AID	LOCAL SOURCES	TOTAL	
Handicapped Renovations	\$ 25,000	\$ 9,490	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 9,490	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 9,490	\$ 9,490	\$ 9,490
Asbestos Project	400,000	400,000	0	0	0	400,000	0	0	0	0	0
Storage Building	27,000	54,000	37,228	0	37,228	16,772	0	0	54,000	54,000	16,772
Otisville Plumbing	125,000	125,000	105,775	0	105,775	19,225	0	0	125,000	125,000	19,225
Plumbing/Boiler - Otisville	60,000	60,000	0	0	0	60,000	0	0	60,000	60,000	60,000
Addition to Storage Building/Maintenance Eq.	10,000	10,000	8,954	0	8,954	1,046	0	0	10,000	10,000	1,046
Upgrade Existing Tennis Courts	30,000	30,000	0	0	0	30,000	0	0	30,000	30,000	30,000
Auditorium and Access Road	916,340	916,340	912,783	0	912,783	3,557	916,340	0	0	916,340	3,557
High School Sewer Shed Roof	52,844	52,844	33,328	0	33,328	19,516	0	0	52,844	52,844	19,516
Health & Safety Improvements - H.S.	221,660	221,660	186,757	0	186,757	34,903	0	0	221,660	221,660	34,903
Bus Garage Reconstruction	54,286	54,286	51,608	0	51,608	2,678	0	0	54,286	54,286	2,678
Middle School Improvements	18,367,000	16,350,000	16,148,981	0	16,148,981	201,019	16,400,000	0	0	16,400,000	251,019
High School Improvements	1,333,000	350,000	295,225	0	295,225	54,775	350,000	0	0	350,000	54,775
Gym Door Partition	33,600	33,600	33,600	0	33,600	0	0	0	0	0	(33,600)
Bus Purchase	385,000	385,000	381,940	0	381,940	3,060	0	0	385,000	385,000	3,060
Elementary - Intermediate School Alterations	1,950,000	1,950,000	1,945,719	0	1,945,719	4,281	1,950,000	0	0	1,950,000	4,281
New Otisville School	37,625,000	37,625,000	37,623,026	0	37,623,026	1,974	37,625,000	0	0	37,625,000	1,974
Pole Barn	235,050	235,050	230,263	0	230,263	4,787	0	0	235,050	235,050	4,787
Condition Survey	90,000	90,000	92,863	0	92,863	(2,863)	0	0	90,000	90,000	(2,863)
Middle School Site	0	2,200,000	2,006,064	0	2,006,064	193,936	2,200,000	0	0	2,200,000	193,936
High School Site	0	300,000	203,924	0	203,924	96,076	300,000	0	0	300,000	96,076
New Bus Garage	4,500,000	4,300,269	4,298,132	0	4,298,132	2,137	4,500,000	0	0	4,500,000	201,868
Elementary/Intermediate Excel	13,100,000	9,876,027	10,012,026	0	10,012,026	(135,999)	10,100,000	483,622	0	10,583,622	571,596
High School Excel	5,764,000	4,630,376	4,630,377	0	4,630,377	(1)	4,600,000	230,023	0	4,830,023	199,646
Middle School Excel	3,668,000	2,525,250	2,525,250	0	2,525,250	0	2,300,000	103,218	0	2,403,218	(122,032)
Otisville Excel	262,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bus Garage Excel	3,406,000	2,281,605	2,281,606	0	2,281,606	(1)	2,400,000	0	0	2,400,000	118,394
Elementary/Intermediate Excel - Phase II	0	857,000	710,671	0	710,671	146,329	0	0	0	0	(710,671)
High School Excel - Phase II	0	394,332	510,711	237,438	748,149	(353,817)	0	0	0	0	(748,149)
Middle School Excel - Phase II	93,742	0	21,052	0	21,052	(21,052)	0	0	0	0	(21,052)
Elementary/Intermediate Excel - Phase 3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
High School Excel - Phase 3	249,400	334,819	241,679	0	241,679	93,140	0	0	0	0	(241,679)
Middle School Excel - Phase 3	409,000	507,530	507,530	(132,934)	374,596	132,934	0	0	0	0	(374,596)
Excel Phase 3 Sewer	171,600	244,459	337,599	(104,504)	233,095	11,364	0	0	0	0	(233,095)
Middle School Excel Phase 3A	2,535,000	2,035,345	2,025,627	0	2,025,627	9,718	0	0	0	0	(2,025,627)
High School Excel - Phase 3B	3,009,000	2,965,870	3,026,515	80,062	3,106,577	(140,707)	0	0	50,000	50,000	(3,056,577)
Middle School Excel - Phase 3B	989,600	1,029,600	803,504	0	803,504	226,096	0	0	0	0	(803,504)
Otisville Excel - Phase 3B	265,000	268,130	115,959	0	115,959	152,171	0	0	0	0	(115,959)
Elementary/Intermediate 2018 Proj B Ph1	1,428,250	1,428,250	209,298	1,150,408	1,359,706	68,544	0	0	0	0	(1,359,706)
Otisville 2018	0	0	440	6,582	7,022	(7,022)	0	0	0	0	(7,022)
Middle School 2018 - Proj E	0	0	245,745	128,038	373,783	(373,783)	0	0	0	0	(373,783)
High School 2018	0	0	265,838	207,680	473,518	(473,518)	0	0	0	0	(473,518)
Bus Garage Alterations	0	0	0	2,343	2,343	(2,343)	0	0	0	0	(2,343)
Smart School Bond	3,117,700	0	133,000	21,298	154,298	(154,298)	0	0	0	0	(154,298)
High School Add/Renov Project A2	0	0	461,333	5,952	467,285	(5,952)	0	0	0	0	(467,285)
Sewer Treatment Project D	0	0	0	54,000	54,000	(54,000)	0	0	0	0	(54,000)
Elementary - Intermediate Project C Ph2	0	0	63,000	16,841	79,841	(16,841)	0	0	0	0	(79,841)
Elementary - Intermediate Project E	0	0	88,425	50,471	138,896	(50,471)	0	0	0	0	(138,896)
Otisville Renovation Project E	0	0	6,550	0	6,550	0	0	0	0	0	(6,550)
Transportation Project E	0	0	3,275	4,930	8,205	(4,930)	0	0	0	0	(8,205)
HS Reconstructive Lighting	450,000	450,000	321,856	0	321,856	128,144	450,000	0	0	450,000	128,144
ES/IS Energy Performance Contract	1,298,970	1,298,970	1,357,244	0	1,357,244	(58,274)	1,298,970	0	0	1,298,970	(58,274)
Transportation Energy Performance Contract	21,649	21,649	2,140	0	2,140	19,509	21,649	0	0	21,649	19,509
MS Energy Performance Contract	931,744	931,744	889,566	0	889,566	42,178	931,744	0	0	931,744	42,178
HS Energy Performance Contract	1,608,463	1,608,463	1,611,876	0	1,611,876	(3,413)	1,608,463	0	0	1,608,463	(3,413)
Condition Survey 2015-2016	0	0	33,858	0	33,858	(33,858)	0	0	0	0	(33,858)
Buses - 2015	1,543,397	1,543,397	1,539,519	0	1,539,519	3,878	274,294	0	1,271,956	1,546,250	6,731
Buses - 2018	954,539	954,539	0	952,971	952,971	1,568	0	0	0	0	(952,971)
	<u>\$ 111,717,834</u>	<u>\$ 101,939,894</u>	<u>\$ 99,579,239</u>	<u>\$ 2,681,576</u>	<u>\$ 102,260,815</u>	<u>\$ 301,662</u>	<u>\$ 88,226,460</u>	<u>\$ 816,863</u>	<u>\$ 2,649,286</u>	<u>\$ 91,692,609</u>	<u>\$ (10,568,206)</u>

See paragraph on supplementary schedules included in auditor's report.

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE #7

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

CAPITAL ASSETS, NET		\$ 84,897,174
ADDITIONS:		
Deferred Amount on Refunding		2,470,597
		<u>87,367,771</u>
DEDUCTIONS		
Bond Anticipation Note	\$ 11,804,539	
Short-term Portion of Bonds Payable	4,452,694	
Long-term Portion of Bonds Payable	46,133,245	
Short-term Portion of Installment Debt	288,194	
Long-term Portion of Installment Debt	<u>1,674,654</u>	
Total Bonds and Notes Payable	64,353,326	
Less: Unspent BAN Proceeds	(7,501,568)	
Less: Unspent Bond Proceeds	<u>(1,703,234)</u>	
Related Debt		<u>(55,148,524)</u>
NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS		<u>\$ 32,219,247</u>

See paragraph on supplementary schedules included in auditor's report.



Nugent & Haeussler, P.C.
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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER
FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS
BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN
ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

To the President and Members
of the Board of Education of
Minisink Valley Central School District
Slate Hill, New York 10973

Peter J. Bullis, CPA, FACFEI, DABFA
Norman M. Sassi, CPA
Christopher E. Melley, CPA
Gary C. Theodore, CPA
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Walter J. Jung, CPA
Jennifer A. Traverse, CPA

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the fiduciary funds of Minisink Valley Central School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Minisink Valley Central School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 3, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Minisink Valley Central School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Minisink Valley Central School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Minisink Valley Central School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we considered to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Minisink Valley Central School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in blue ink that reads "Nugent & Haussler, P.C.".

Montgomery, New York
October 3, 2019



Nugent & Haeussler, P.C.
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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR
EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL
OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the President and Members
of the Board of Education of
Minisink Valley Central School District
Slate Hill, New York 10973

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Minisink Valley Central School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Minisink Valley Central School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. Minisink Valley Central School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Minisink Valley Central School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of *Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Minisink Valley Central School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Minisink Valley Central School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Minisink Valley Central School District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Minisink Valley Central School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Minisink Valley Central School District's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Minisink Valley Central School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Montgomery, New York
October 3, 2019

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

<u>FEDERAL GRANTOR/PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/PROGRAM OR CLUSTER TITLE</u>	<u>FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER</u>	<u>PASS-THROUGH ENTITY IDENTIFYING NUMBER</u>	<u>SUBRECIPIENT AWARDS</u>	<u>EXPENDITURES</u>
<u>U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE</u>				
Passed-through NYS Education Department:				
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
Non-Cash Assistance (food distribution)				
Commodity Supplemental Food Program	10.555	N/A		\$ 125,540
Cash Assistance				
National School Breakfast Program	10.553	N/A		80,203
National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A		494,278
Cash Assistance Subtotal				574,481
TOTAL U.S. DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE, CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER				700,021
<u>U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION</u>				
Passed-through NYS Education Department:				
Special Education Cluster (IDEA):				
IDEA - Part B, Section 611	84.027	0032-19-0686	\$ 63,072	801,349
IDEA - Part B, Section 619	84.173	0033-19-0686	11,824	26,515
Total Special Education Cluster			<u>\$ 74,896</u>	827,864
Title I Grant to Local Education Agencies	84.010	0021-19-2260		432,676
Title II Supporting Effective Instruction	84.367	0147-19-2260		111,314
Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	0204-19-2660		31,997
Hurricane Ed Recovery - Homeless Children	84.938	0080-19-2260		1,132
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				1,404,983
TOTAL PASSED THROUGH NYS DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				2,105,004
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS				<u>\$ 2,105,004</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the schedule.

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION.

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards presents the activity of federal award programs administered by the District, which is described in Note 1 to the District's accompanying financial statements, using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Federal awards that are included in the schedule may be received directly from federal agencies, as well as federal awards that are passed through from other government agencies. The information is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

Indirect costs may be included in the reported expenditures, to the extent that they are included in the federal financial reports used as the source for the data presented. The District's policy is not to charge federal award programs with indirect costs.

Matching costs (the District's share of certain program costs) are not included in the reported expenditures.

The basis of accounting varies by federal program consistent with the underlying regulations pertaining to each program.

The amounts reported as federal expenditures were obtained from the federal financial reports for the applicable program and periods. The amounts reported in these reports are prepared from records maintained for each program, which are reconciled with the District's financial reporting system.

NOTE 2. NON-CASH ASSISTANCE.

The District is the recipient of a federal award program that does not result in cash receipts or disbursements. The District was granted \$125,540 of commodities under the Commodity Supplemental Food Program (CFDA 10.555).

NOTE 3. OTHER DISCLOSURES.

No insurance is carried specifically to cover equipment purchased with federal funds. Any equipment purchased with federal funds has only a nominal value, and is covered by the District's casualty insurance policies.

There were no loans or loan guarantees outstanding at year-end.

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR’S RESULTS

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Type of Auditor’s Opinion Issued: Unmodified

Internal Control over Financial Reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified? _____ Yes X No

Significant deficiencies identified that are
not considered to be material weaknesses

_____ Yes X None Reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? _____ Yes X No

FEDERAL AWARDS

Internal Control over Major Programs:

Material weakness(es) identified? _____ Yes X No

Significant deficiencies identified that are
not considered to be material weaknesses

_____ Yes X None Reported

Type of Auditor’s Opinion Issued on Compliance for
Major Programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported
in accordance with Section 2 CFR-20.516(a) ?

_____ Yes X No

IDENTIFICATION OF MAJOR PROGRAMS:

<u>CFDA NUMBER</u>	<u>NAME OF FEDERAL PROGRAM OR CLUSTER</u>
84.027, 84.173	IDEA Part B Section 619 and 611

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$ 750,000.00

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? X Yes _____ No

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

There were no findings related to the financial statements as required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance.

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

A. Significant Deficiencies in Internal Control

There were no findings relating to the major federal awards as required to be reported in accordance with Section 2 CFR-20.516(a).

B. Compliance Findings

There were no findings relating to the major federal awards as required to be reported in accordance with Section 2 CFR-20.516(a).



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the President and Members
of the Board of Education of
Minisink Valley Central School District
Slate Hill, New York 10973

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statement of Minisink Valley Central School District's extraclassroom activity funds, which comprise the statement of assets, liabilities, and fund balance-cash basis as of June 30, 2019, and the related statement of receipts and disbursements-cash basis for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1; this includes determining that the cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

To the President and Members
of the Board of Education of
Minisink Valley Central School District

Page 2

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the assets, liabilities and fund balance-cash basis of the extraclassroom activity funds of Minisink Valley Central School District as of June 30, 2019, and its cash receipts and cash disbursements for the year then ended, on the basis of accounting described in Note #1.

Basis of Accounting

We draw your attention to Note #1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to the matter.

Jugent & Hausler, P.C.

Montgomery, New York
October 3, 2019

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUND
STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE - CASH BASIS
JUNE 30, 2019

ASSETS

Cash in Checking	<u>\$ 176,141</u>
------------------	-------------------

LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE

Sales Tax Payable	1,200
-------------------	-------

Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	\$ 209,131	
Excess of Disbursements over Receipts	<u>(34,190)</u>	
Fund Balance, End of Year		<u>174,941</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		<u>\$ 176,141</u>

See notes to financial statement.

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUND
STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS & DISBURSEMENTS - CASH BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	CASH BALANCE			CASH BALANCE
HIGH SCHOOL	JUNE 30, 2018	RECEIPTS	DISBURSEMENTS	JUNE 30, 2019
Senior Class	\$ 29	\$ 45,952	\$ 45,791	\$ 190
Junior Class	24	27,408	22,100	5,332
Sophomore Class	2,458	1,191	1,271	2,378
Freshman Class	2,116	1,804	3,347	573
Girl's Basketball	2,011	2,036	1,503	2,544
Girl's Softball	5,876	5,300	4,684	6,492
Choir Club	2,196	13,704	13,591	2,309
Wrestling Club	2,292	3,750	4,948	1,094
Boy's Basketball	5,818	2,629	2,675	5,772
Drama Club	9,451	26,174	26,832	8,793
Tech Club	36,941	8,199	43,125	2,015
Study Buddies	13	1,518	1,500	31
Football Club	1,305	500	0	1,805
National Honor Society	3,647	5,705	5,360	3,992
SADD Club	164	246	55	355
Boy's Soccer Club	609	741	1,175	175
Student Council - HS	5,021	3,463	4,560	3,924
Varsity Club	1,375	0	0	1,375
Girl's Volleyball	2,095	0	0	2,095
Yearbook Club	24,720	20,132	13,865	30,987
Art-Museum Club	965	4,263	3,879	1,349
School Store	12,426	9,692	10,127	11,991
FBLA Club	2,538	25,057	24,614	2,981
JROTC	5,183	7,012	7,436	4,759
CAP	10,803	1,654	1,213	11,244
Girl's Swim Club	5,009	4,741	4,872	4,878
Boy's Swim Club	3,560	21,472	20,881	4,151
Boy's & Girl's Tennis Club	152	0	0	152
Cheerleading Club	8,177	51,505	57,879	1,803
Boy's Baseball Club	9,531	13,803	15,551	7,783
Band Club HS	8,466	127,817	129,212	7,071
	<u>\$ 174,971</u>	<u>\$ 437,468</u>	<u>\$ 472,046</u>	<u>\$ 140,393</u>

See notes to financial statement.

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
EXTRACLASROOM ACTIVITY FUND
STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS & DISBURSEMENTS - CASH BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

<u>MIDDLE & INTERMEDIATE SCHOOLS</u>	<u>CASH BALANCE JUNE 30, 2018</u>	<u>RECEIPTS</u>	<u>DISBURSEMENTS</u>	<u>CASH BALANCE JUNE 30, 2019</u>
Band Club	\$ 6,469	\$ 23,096	\$ 25,309	\$ 4,256
SADD Club	199	0	0	199
Chorus	2,593	11,031	12,779	845
Student Government - MS	3,246	33,280	32,517	4,009
Tech Crew	137	0	0	137
Yearbook Club	11,710	5,442	3,817	13,335
Chess Club	186	0	0	186
Drama Club	7,331	11,569	9,815	9,085
Technology Club	1,836	2,352	2,524	1,664
Pet Club	2	553	240	315
Builders Club	0	391	322	69
Ukulele Club	100	3,784	3,808	76
Chess Club	316	0	0	316
Robotics Club	35	21	0	56
	<u>\$ 34,160</u>	<u>\$ 91,519</u>	<u>\$ 91,131</u>	<u>\$ 34,548</u>
Total Extracurricular Activity Funds	<u>\$ 209,131</u>	<u>\$ 528,987</u>	<u>\$ 563,177</u>	<u>\$ 174,941</u>

See notes to financial statement.

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SLATE HILL, NEW YORK
EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES.

- (a) The transactions of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds are considered part of the reporting entity of Minisink Valley Central School District. We have included the Extraclassroom Activity Fund balances within the fiduciary funds of the financial statements. The separate audit report of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds is required due to the fact that the transactions of this fund are controlled by student management.
- (b) The books and records of Minisink Valley Central School District's Extraclassroom Activity Funds are maintained on the cash basis of accounting. Under this basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when cash is received and expenditures recognized when cash is disbursed.
- (c) The Extraclassroom Activity Funds are used to record the activity of all student-related activities within the District. These funds are under the control of an appointed central treasurer who maintains cash receipts and cash disbursement books. All receipts are collected by the student activity treasurer and disbursements must be approved by the student management.