MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SLATE HILL, NEW YORK

AUDITED
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED
JUNE 30, 2023
INCLUDING REPORTS ON FEDERAL AWARDS
AND EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SLATE HILL, NEW YORK JUNE 30, 2023 TABLE OF CONTENTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the President and Members of the Board of Education of Minisink Valley Central School District Slate Hill, New York 10973

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinions

financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of Minisink Valley Central School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of

as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund, of Minisink Valley Central School District In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective

Basis for Opinions

accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions. independent of the Minisink Valley Central School District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America

Emphasis of Matter

with respect to that matter. Board Statement No. 96, Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements. Our opinion is not modified As discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements, management has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design,

currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter. ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Minisink Valley Central School District's In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events,

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements. considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
- are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that expressed of the Minisink Valley Central School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Minisink Valley Central School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

identified during the audit scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned

Required Supplementary Information

statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management discussion and analysis, and required supplementary information on pages 4 through 15 and 67 through 71 be with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's

Supplementary Information

stated, in all inaterial respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole. opinion, the supplemental schedules on pages 72-74 and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of pages 72 through 74 were required by the New York State Education Department and are presented for purposes comprise the Minisink Valley Central School District's basic financial statements. The supplemental schedules on prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively other additional

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

reporting or on compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial consideration of Minisink Valley Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Minisink Valley Central School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 6, 2023 on our District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance

Montgomery, New York October 6, 2023

Jongson + Houseles, P.C.

Management Discussion and Analysis

Introductory Section

the year ended June 30, 2023. This section is a summary of Minisink Valley Central School District's financial with an emphasis placed on the current year. activities based on currently known facts, decisions, or conditions. conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section. fund-based financial statements. The results of the current year are discussed in comparison with the prior year, The following is a discussion and analysis of Minisink Valley Central School District's financial performance for This section is only an introduction and should be read in It is also based on both the district-wide and

Overview of the Financial Statements

supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District: This annual report consists of three parts: MD&A (this section), the basic financial statements, and required

- The first two statements are district-wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District, reporting concentrate on the District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds listed in total in one column. the District's operations in more detail than the district-wide statements. The fund financial statements
- The governmental funds statements indicates how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.

explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further

section of MD&A highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements. the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview The following table summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

| Major J | Major Features of the District-Wide and Fund Financial Statements | Financial Statements |
|--|--|--|
| | District-Wide | Governmental Funds |
| Scope | Entire District | The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education and building maintenance |
| Required financial statements | Statement of Net PositionStatement of Activities | Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances |
| Accounting basis and measurement focus | Accrual accounting and economic resources focus | Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus |
| Type of asset/deferred outflows of resources/liability/deferred inflows of resources information | All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term | Generally, assets and deferred outflows of resources expected to be used up and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources that come due or available during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included |
| Type of inflow/out flow information | All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid | Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable |
| | | |

District-Wide Financial Statements

The district-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the District's assets and regardless of when cash is received or paid. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities

resources, is one way to measure the District's financial health or position. The two district-wide statements report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net position, the difference between the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of

- position is improving or deteriorating, respectively. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial
- To assess the District's overall health, you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation, and administration. Property taxes and State formula aid finance most of these activities. In the district-wide financial statements, the District's activities are shown as Governmental activities: Most of

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (such as Federal The District establishes other funds to control and to manage money for particular purposes (such as

statements, additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements explains the relationship whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year end that are available for spending. services. Governmental funds generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be All of the District's funds are governmental funds. The governmental funds include all of the District's basic (or differences) between them. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the district-wide

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Management Discussion and Analysis

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

The District's net position at June 30, 2023 is (76,580,178). This is a decrease of \$1,199,738, from last year's net position. The following table provides a summary of the District's net position:

Summary of Net Position

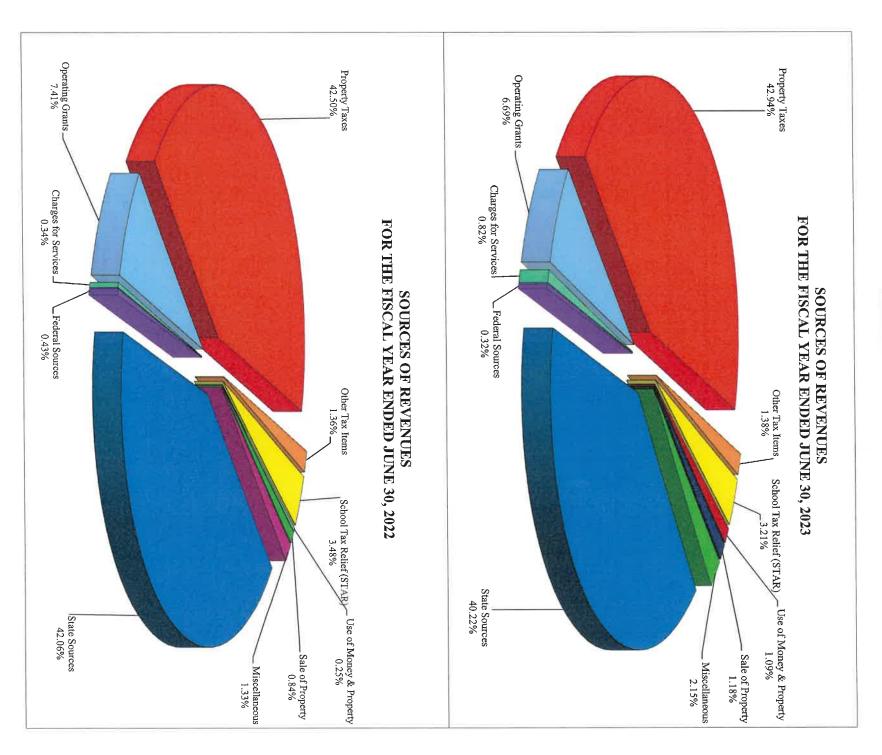
| | | School District Activities | Activities | |
|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|
| | June 30, 2023 | June 30, 2022 | \$ Change | % Change |
| Current Assets | 48,471,060 | \$ 46,230,485 | \$ 2,240,575 | 4.85% -26.88% |
| Total Assets | 141,862,578 | 173,955,188 | (32,092,610) | -25.13% |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources | 52,966,793 | 57,823,083 | (4,856,290) | -8.40% |
| Current Liabilities Long-Term Liabilities | 44,604,546 183,751,167 | 40,099,527 204,067,849 | 4,505,019 (20,316,682) | 11.23% -9.96% |
| Total Liabilities | 228,355,713 | 244,167,376 | (15,811,663) | -6.48% |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | 43,053,836 | 62,991,335 | (19,937,499) | -31.65% |
| Net Position: Net Investment in Capital Assets | 30,763,522 | 28,109,484 | 2,654,038 | 9.44% |
| Restricted | 21,932,164 (129.275.864) | 17,934,846 (121,424,770) | 3,997,318 (7,851,094) | 22.29% -6.47% |
| Total Net Position | \$ (76,580,178) | \$ (75,380,440) | \$ (1,199,738) | -1.59% |
| | | | | |

The following table and supporting graphs provides a summary of revenues, expenses and changes in net position for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022:

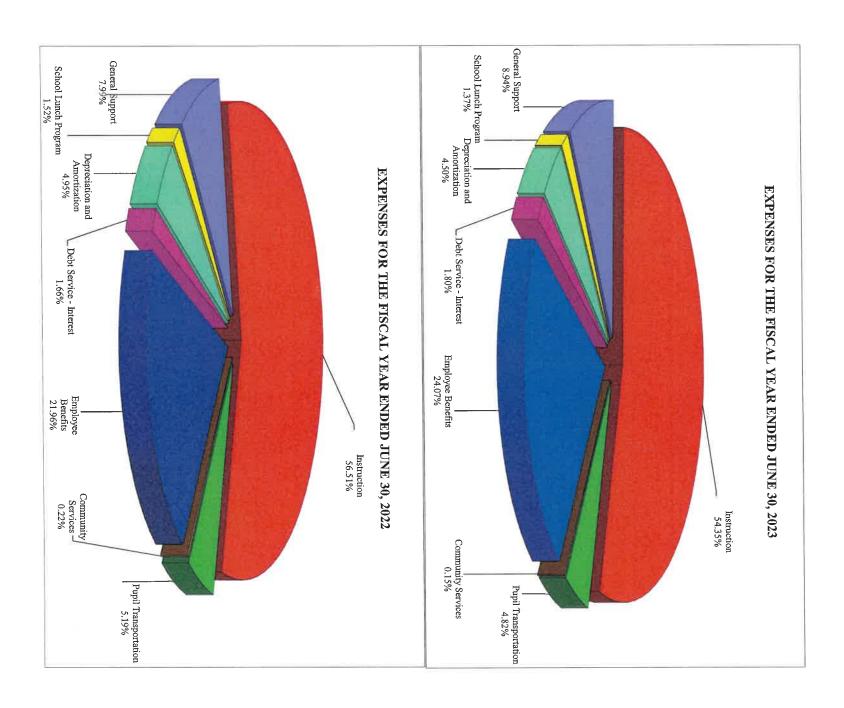
MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SLATE HILL, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES SUMMARY OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION

| CHANGE IN NET POSITION | TOTAL EXPENSES | General Support Instruction Pupil Transportation Community Services Employee Benefits Debt Service - Interest Depreciation and Amortization School Lunch Program | EXPENSES | TOTAL REVENUES | PROGRAM REVENUES: Charges for Services Operating Grants GENERAL REVENUES: Property Taxes Other Tax Items School Tax Relief (STAR) Use of Money & Property Sale of Property Miscellaneous State Sources Federal Sources | |
|------------------------|----------------|--|----------|----------------|--|---|
| \$ (1,199,739) | 112,009,596 | 10,017,622 60,858,046 5,401,423 169,257 26,961,068 2,019,444 5,045,618 1,537,118 | | 110,809,857 | JUNE 30, 2023 \$ 910,861 7,411,122 47,580,074 1,528,403 3,554,305 1,209,435 1,308,513 2,385,400 44,572,317 349,427 | |
| | 100.00% | 8.94% 54.35% 4.82% 0.15% 24.07% 1.80% 4.50% | | 100.00% | % 0.82% 6.69% 42.94% 1.38% 3.21% 1.109% 1.18% 2.15% 40.22% 0.32% | |
| \$ 6,220,942 | 100,776,298 | 8,050,813 56,939,135 5,233,606 220,270 22,134,975 1,671,829 4,991,947 1,533,723 | | 106,997,240 | \$ 359,720 \$ 359,720 7,933,380 45,475,166 1,456,877 3,721,390 262,883 897,945 1,428,394 44,998,054 463,431 | |
| | 100.00% | 7.99% 56.51% 5.19% 0.22% 21.96% 1.66% 4.95% | | 100.00% | % 0.34% 7.41% 42.50% 1.36% 0.25% 0.84% 1.33% 42.06% 0.43% | |
| \$ (7,420,681) | 11,233,298 | \$ 1,966,809 3,918,911 167,817 (51,013) 4,826,093 347,615 53,671 3,395 | | 3,812,617 | \$ Change \$ 551,141 (522,258) 2,104,908 71,526 (167,085) 946,552 410,568 957,006 (425,737) (114,004) | , |
| | 11.15% | 24.43% 6.88% 3.21% -23.16% 21.80% 20.79% 1.08% 0.22% | | 3.56% | % Change 153.21% -6.58% 4.63% 4.91% -4.49% 360.07% 45.72% 67.00% -0.95% -24.60% | |

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SLATE HILL, NEW YORK



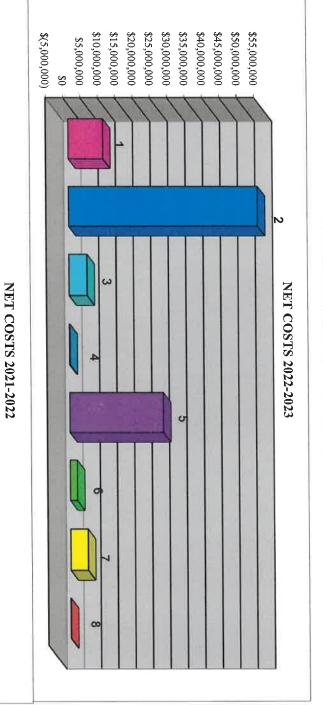
MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SLATE HILL, NEW YORK

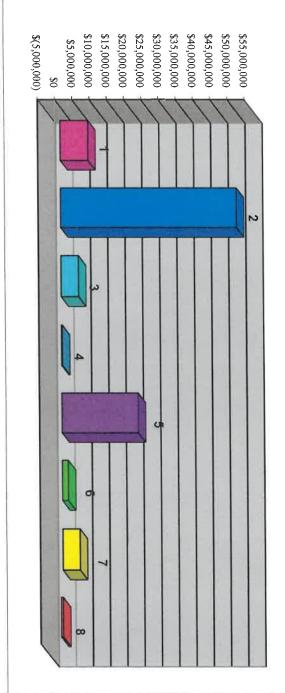


MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SLATE HILL, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES NET COSTS

The following information is provided to disclose the net cost of governmental activities:

| | School Lunch Program | Depreciation | Debt Service - Interest | Employee Benefits | Community Services | Pupil Transportation | Instruction | General Support | |
|-------------|----------------------------------|--|--|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| | 8 | 7 | 6 | 131 | 4 | w | ta | = | |
| €9 | | | | | | | | 69 | TC OF |
| 112,009,596 | 1,537,118 | 5,045,618 | 2,019,444 | 26,961,068 | 169,257 | 5,401,423 | 60,858,046 | 10,017,622 | TOTAL COST OF SERVICES 2022-2023 |
| es | | | | | | | | ↔ | |
| 103,687,613 | (75,365) | 5,045,618 | 2,019,444 | 26,961,068 | 169,257 | 5,244,885 | 54,305,084 | 10,017,622 | NET COST OF SERVICES 2022-2023 |
| 69 | | | | | | | | €9 | L GE T |
| 100,776,298 | 1,533,723 | 4,991,947 | 1,671,829 | 22,134,975 | 220,270 | 5,233,606 | 56,939,135 | 8,050,813 | TOTAL COST OF SERVICES 2021-2022 |
| 69 | | | | | | | | ↔ | |
| 92,483,198 | (581,022) | 4,991,947 | 1,671,829 | 22,134,975 | 220,270 | 5,063,970 | 50,930,416 | 8,050,813 | NET COST OF SERVICES 2021-2022 |
| | \$ 103,687,613 \$ 100,776,298 \$ | a 1,537,118 (75,365) 1,533,723 \$ 112,009,596 \$ 103,687,613 \$ 100,776,298 \$ 92 | 7 5,045,618 5,045,618 4,991,947 8 1,537,118 (75,365) 1,533,723 \$ 112,009,596 \$ 103,687,613 \$ 100,776,298 \$ | rest 6 2,019,444 2,019,444 1,671,829 7 5,045,618 5,045,618 4,991,947 8 1,537,118 (75,365) 1,533,723 \$ 112,009,596 \$ 103,687,613 \$ 100,776,298 \$ 9 | 26,961,068 26,961,068 22,134,975 2,019,444 2,019,444 1,671,829 5,045,618 5,045,618 4,991,947 1,537,118 (75,365) 1,533,723 \$ 112,009,596 \$ 103,687,613 \$ 100,776,298 \$ | 169,257 169,257 220,270 169,257 220,270 169,257 220,270 169,257 220,270 169,257 220,270 169,257 220,270 26961,068 26,961,068 22,134,975 27 5,045,618 2,019,444 1,671,829 1,537,118 5,045,618 4,991,947 1,537,118 (75,365) 1,533,723 1,537,118 (75,365) 1,533,723 1,12,009,596 \$ 103,687,613 \$ 100,776,298 \$ | n 3 5,401,423 5,244,885 5,233,606 s 169,257 169,257 220,270 s 26,961,068 26,961,068 22,134,975 est 6 2,019,444 2,019,444 1,671,829 ram 8 1,537,118 (75,365) 1,533,723 \$ 112,009,596 \$ 103,687,613 \$ 100,776,298 \$ | 2 60,858,046 54,305,084 56,939,135 n 3 5,401,423 5,244,885 5,233,606 s 4 169,257 169,257 220,270 eest 6 2,019,444 2,019,444 1,671,829 ram 8 1,537,118 (75,365) 1,533,723 \$ 112,009,596 \$ 103,687,613 \$ 100,776,298 \$ | 1 \$ 10,017,622 \$ 10,017,622 \$ 8,050,813 \$ 2 60,858,046 54,305,084 56,939,135 5 56,939,135 56,939,135 56,939,135 56,939,135 56,939,135 57,233,606 52,233,606 52,233,606 52,233,606 52,233,606 52,20,270 520,270 |





Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

assigned, and unassigned fund balance for each of these funds is as follows: governmental funds of the District consist of the General Fund, Special Aid Fund, School Lunch Fund, Debt Service Fund and Capital Projects Fund. The total fund balances allocated between non-spendable, restricted, resources available at the end of the year in comparison with upcoming financial requirements. that uses a short-term, inflow and outflow of spendable resources focus. This information is useful in assessing As discussed, the District's governmental funds are reported in the fund statements with a modified accrual basis

| | Debt Service | Capital Projects | Special Revenue | Miscellaneous | School Lunch | Special Aid | General | | | | Debt Service | Capital Projects | Special Revenue | Miscellaneous . | School Lunch | Special Aid | General | | |
|-----------------|--------------|------------------|-----------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|-----------------|--------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------|-------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|
| \$ 39,839 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 39,839 | 0 | \$ | Nonspendable | | \$ 31,760 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 31,760 | 0 | \$ 0 | Nonspendable | |
| \$ 21,153,786 | 1,603,936 | 0 | 486,652 | | 1,749,023 | 4 | 17,314,171 | Restricted | | \$ 23,802,105 | 2,057,173 | 0 | 487,669 | | 1,861,483 | 4 | \$ 19,395,776 | Restricted | |
| 8 | | | | | | | ↔ | | _ | € | | | | | | | ↔ | | J |
| 5,768,449 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 5,768,449 | Assigned | June 30, 2022 | \$ 5,296,854 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | \$ 5,296,854 | Assigned | June 30, 2023 |
| 8 | | | | | | | 69 | | | €9 | | | | | | | € | اً | |
| \$ (15,542,473) | 1.7 | (19,775,407) | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 4,232,934 | Unassigned | | \$ (19,795,766) | 0 | (23,809,402) | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 4,013,636 | Unassigned | |
| €. | - | | | | | | ↔ | Total | | 69 | | | | | | | ↔ | | |
| 11,419,601 | 1,603,936 | (19,775,407) | 486,652 | | 1,788,862 | 4 | \$ 27,315,554 | al | | 9,334,953 | 2,057,173 | (23,809,402) | 487,669 | 1 | 1,893,243 | 4 | 28,706,266 | Total | |

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

In assessing the overall operations of the General Fund for the year ended June 30, 2023, revenue and other sources of \$102,458,937, exceeded expenditures and other uses of \$101,068,226, by \$1,390,711. Revenues for the school year increased by \$6,012,619 over the prior year. Expenditures and uses increased by \$6,825,657.

classification rate has a modest increase in monthly claims throughout 2022-2023 as a result of more participation as Covid-19 self-funded health insurance plan experienced an increase in expenditures of \$256,894 or 2.06%. The district saw district continues to explore options to contain expenses while maximizing all sources of revenue. The district's \$2,081,814 or 12.04%. The increase in expenditures was due to an increase in services provided compared to the restrictions were Due to revenue limitations caused by the tax cap and flat or modest state aid increases in foundation aid, the essentially been constant and/or increasing. The eliminated. Despite declining enrollment, the district's special education program expenses increased special education

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

General Fund Budgetary Highlights (Continued)

the budget by \$384,209 (.40%) and the unencumbered expenditures were \$8,820,487 (8.11%) under budget. the adjusted budget, revenues were greater than the budget by \$4,051,853 (4.12%) and the unencumbered expenditures were \$4,429,185 (4.17%) under budget. For the prior year ended June 30, 2022, were greater than In reviewing the actual results of operations for the General Fund for the year ended June 30, 2023 as compared to

Unclassified revenues and refunds for prior year expenses were over budget \$1,890,201 (194%) due in large part to Interest and Earnings, and prior year surplus. State Aid was \$677,323 (1.52%) over budget. Insurance stop loss insurance recovery revenue. recoveries / compensation for loss were \$1,230,620 (1,641%) over budget due to health insurance recoveries and

in order to avoid significant tax increases in the future available to meet the program and operational needs of the district while adhering to property tax cap guidelines \$6,439,748 for the prior year. The District appropriated \$5,339,333 of fund balance to reduce the 2022-2023 tax levy as Appropriation of fund balance continues to be managed to ensure that funds are compared

For fiscal year 2023-2024, the District has appropriated \$4,528,732 of fund balance to reduce the tax levy

Factors that continue to affect the budget process are as follows:

- New York State Property Tax Cap formula restrictions limiting tax revenues during challenging economic
- Costs of employee benefits for pensions and healthcare due to stock market volatility, increasing medical and prescription drug costs
- Increasing special education program and tuition costs required to meet federal and state legislative mandates

may arise based on the above factors Management believes that the budget adopted for 2023-2024 is reasonably adaptable to any adverse changes that

the 2012-2013 school year. presented to the public is approved by sixty percent of the votes cast. The legislation took effect beginning with excludable expenditures. School districts can adopt a tax levy that exceeds the statutory limit, if the budget that is inflation, whichever is less. that property taxes levied by a school district generally cannot increase by more than two percent, or the rate of tax cap" on the amount that a school district's property tax levy can increase each year. This legislation specifies The New York State Legislature enacted legislation, Chapter 97 of the Laws of 2011 that establishes a "property The law does allow school districts to levy an additional amount for certain

Other Fund Highlights

Special Aid Fund in the amount of \$290,579 was made to provide funds for the required 20% local match for the Summer Handicapped Program. Fund balance at year end was \$4. The Special Aid Fund - for the year ended June 30, 2023, an interfund transfer from the General Fund to the

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Other Fund Highlights (Continued)

replacements at the Middle and High Schools have been approved as part of the plan. provided for free for all students in the 2023-2024 school year. Additionally, significant kitchen equipment \$1,893,243. The district has an approved plan to reduce lunch fund excess fund balance. All meals are being The School Lunch Fund had revenue that exceeded expenditures by \$104,382. Fund balance increased to

Debt Service Fund ended the year with a fund balance of \$2,057,173. This fund balance will be appropriated in future years to offset principal and interest payments.

projects are completed and permanent financing is obtained. The Capital Fund ended the year with a deficit fund balance of (\$23,809,402). This deficit will be climinated as

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The District's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, was \$93,391,518 and \$92,523,505 respectively. The total increase in this net investment was .94% for had a net basis of \$132,370 and depreciation expense for the fiscal year was \$5,045,618. Amortization was assets and \$129,576 in right to use assets during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Assets retired from service the District as a whole (see schedule below). The District expended \$6,057,708 to acquire and construct capital

<u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u> Net of Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization

| | School Distr | School District Activities | |
|----------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------|----------|
| | June 30, 2023 | June 30, 2023 June 30, 2022 | % Change |
| Non-Depreciable Assets: | | | |
| Land | \$ 879,619 | \$ 879,619 | 0.00% |
| Construction in Progress | 23,431,765 | 19,824,503 | 18.20% |
| Depreciable Assets: | | | |
| Building and Improvements | 62,080,613 | 66,137,569 | -6.13% |
| Furniture and Equipment | 1,237,084 | 1,283,949 | -3.65% |
| Vehicles | 5,518,762 | 4,142,483 | 33.22% |
| Amortizable Assets: | | | |
| Building and Improvements | 25,246 | 37,363 | -32.43% |
| Furniture and Equipment | 206,158 | 218,019 | -5.44% |
| SBITA Assets | 12,271 | 0 | n/a |
| TOTALS | \$ 93,391,518 | \$ 92,523,505 | 0.94% |

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Long-Term Debt

backed by the full faith and credit of the Minisink Valley Central School District with debt service fully funded by voter approved property taxes. Activity in bonded debt outstanding during the fiscal year was as follows: At the end of the fiscal year, the District had total bonded debt outstanding of \$29,170,000. This amount is

| \$ 29.170.000 | 45,000 | 69 | 0 | \$ 33,715,000 | es 5 |
|---------------|--------|---------------|--------|-------------------|--------|
| Ending Balanc | Paid | | Issued | nning Balance | Reg. |

advanced refunding. The premiums are being amortized over the lives of the bonds which mature between 2025 Long-term debt also includes unamortized bond premiums of \$2,590,163 related to various serial bonds used for

Bond Ratings

rating of "AA" with a stable outlook to the District's outstanding bonds. This rating reflects only the view of the have an adverse effect on the market price of the Notes. withdrawn, if in the judgment of S & P, circumstances so warrant. Any change or withdrawal of such rating may Standard & Poor's Credit Market Services. There can be no assurance that such rating will not be lowered or rating agency assigning such rating and an explanation of the significance of such rating should be obtained from & P Global Ratings, a business unit of Standard & Poor's Financial Services, LLC ("S & P") has assigned a

Contacting the District's Financial Management

with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors New York 10973. Witherow, Assistant Superintendent for Business, at the District's business office located at Route 6, Slate Hill, If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Patrick

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SLATE HILL, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF NET POSITION GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2023

| 2,225,112 40,812,921 43,053,836 43,053,836 30,763,522 21,932,164 (129,275,864) \$ (76,580,178) | Pensions Other Postemployment Benefits TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted TOTAL NET POSITION |
|---|--|
| 27,449 1,315,684 10,849,426 143,920,407 652,000 228,355,713 15,803 2,225,112 | Lease Liability Compensated Absences Net Pension Liability - Proportionate Share Other Postemployment Benefits Judgments and Claims TOTAL LIABILITIES DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Lease Revenues |
| 5,142,694 35,142,694 350,999 16,197 26,617,469 368,732 | Due to Employees' Returement System Other Liabilities Bond Anticipation Notes Overpayments and Collections in Advance Long-term Liabilities: Due and Payable Within One Year: Bonds Payable (Includes Deferred Refunding Premium \$427,694) Installment Purchase Debt Lease Liability Due and Payable In More Than One Year: Bonds Payable (Includes Deferred Refunding Premium \$2,162,469) Installment Purchase Debt |
| 1,535,409 24,032,636 27,398,748 52,966,793 3,165,442 3,316,993 3,816,993 3,5816,993 | Deferred Amounts on Refunding Pensions Other Postemployment Benefits TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Accrued Liabilities Due to Other Governments Due to Teachers' Retirement System |
| \$ 19,991,077 21,932,164 5,666,827 833,119 16,113 31,760 231,404 12,271 24,311,384 68,836,459 141,862,578 | Unrestricted Cash Restricted Cash Restricted Cash State & Federal Aid Receivable Other Receivables, Net Lease Receivable, Net Inventories Right to Use Assets, Net SBITA Asset, Net Non-Depreciable Assets Depreciable Capital Assets, Net TOTAL ASSETS |

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SLATE HILL, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| PROGI | |
|------------------|--|
| PROGRAM REVENUES | |
| NUES | |

| NET POSITION, END OF YEAR \$ | NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR | CHANGE IN NET POSITION | TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES | Real Property Taxes Other Tax Items Use of Money & Property Sale of Property & Compensation for Loss Miscellaneous State Sources Federal Sources | GENERAL REVENUES | TOTAL FUNCTIONS \$ (112,009,596) \$ 910,861 \$ 7,411,122 | General Support \$ (13,629,762) \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ Instruction (86,483,528) 203,731 6,349,231 Pupil Transportation (8,140,430) 0 156,538 Community Services (169,257) 0 0 Debt Service - Interest (2,019,444) 0 0 School Lunch Program (1,567,175) 707,130 905,353 | FUNCTIONS & PROGRAMS CHARGES FOR FOR OPERATING CHARGES RU RU FOR OPERATING NE |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|------------------|--|--|--|
| \$ (76,580,178) | (75,380,439) | (1,199,739) | 102,487,874 | 47,580,074 5,082,708 1,209,435 1,308,513 2,385,400 44,572,317 349,427 | | 122 (103,687,613) | 1 | NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE & NG CHANGES IN NET POSITION |

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SLATE HILL, NEW YORK BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

| | | BENERAL | | ECIAL AID | | SCHOOL LUNCH | | CELLANEOUS SPECIAL REVENUE | CAPITAL PROJECTS | | DEBT RVICE | GO | TOTAL /ERNMENTAL FUNDS |
|--|----|------------|------|--------------|----|-----------------|----|----------------------------------|---------------------|------|---------------|----|------------------------------|
| ASSETS Victorial Code | \$ | 12,540,111 | \$ | 24 | ¢ | 1,806,869 | \$ | 0 | \$ 5,644,073 | \$ | 0 | \$ | 19,991,077 |
| Unrestricted Cash Restricted Cash | 3 | 19,395,776 | ъ | 0 | ъ | 1,800,809 | Ф | 490,902 | 3 3,044,073 | * | ,045,486 | Ð | 21,932,164 |
| State & Federal Aid Receivable | | 3,223,659 | 2. | 261,746 | | 181,422 | | 490,902 | 0 | | 0 0 | | 5,666,827 |
| Due from Other Funds | | 2,193,374 | ۷, | 0 | | 44,884 | | 0 | 2,283,189 | | 11,687 | | 4,533,134 |
| Other Receivables, Net | | 830,710 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | 2,380 | | 11,007 | | 833,090 |
| Lease Receivable, Net | | 16,113 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | 2,500 | | 0 | | 16,113 |
| | | 10,113 | | 0 | | 31,760 | | 0 | 0 | | 0 | | 31,760 |
| Inventories TOTAL ASSETS | • | 38,199,743 | 1 2 | 261,770 | - | 2,064,935 | \$ | 490,902 | \$ 7,929,642 | \$ 2 | 2,057,173 | \$ | 53,004,165 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | Φ | 30,199,743 | Φ 2, | 201,770 | Φ | 2,004,933 | Φ | 490,902 | \$ 1,323,04Z | 9 2 | ,,037,173 | - | 33,004,103 |
| LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES & FUND BALANCES | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts Payable | \$ | 2,473,900 | \$ | 58,971 | \$ | 132,296 | \$ | 0 | \$ 500,275 | \$ | 0 | \$ | 3,165,442 |
| Accrued Liabilities | | 197,232 | | 1,750 | | 0 | | 0 | 0 | | 0 | | 198,982 |
| Due to Other Governments | | 5,700 | | 7,671 | | 26 | | 3,233 | 0 | | 0 | | 16,630 |
| Due to Other Funds | | 2,328,073 | 2, | 193,374 | | 0 | | 0 | 11,687 | | 0 | | 4,533,134 |
| Due to Teachers' Retirement System | | 3,816,993 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | 0 | | 0 | | 3,816,993 |
| Due to Employees' Retirement System | | 358,142 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | 0 | | 0 | | 358,142 |
| Other Liabilities | | 120,083 | | 0 | | 39,370 | | 0 | 0 | | 0 | | 159,453 |
| Bond Anticipation Notes | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | 31,227,082 | | 0 | | 31,227,082 |
| Overpayments and Collections in Advance | | 17,324 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | 0 | | 0 | | 17,324 |
| Unearned Revenues | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | 0 | | 0 | | 0 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | | 9,317,447 | 2, | 261,766 | | 171,692 | | 3,233 | 31,739,044 | _ | 0 | | 43,493,182 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Deferred Revenue | | 160,225 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | 0 | | 0 | | 160,225 |
| Deferred Lease Revenue | | 15,803 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | 0 | | 0 | | 15,803 |
| TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | 176,028 | | 0 | | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | | 0 | | 176,028 |
| | | | - | | | | | | | | | | |
| FUND BALANCES | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fund Balance: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | | 0 | | 0 | | 34,460 | | 0 | 0 | | 0 | | 34,460 |
| Restricted | | 19,395,776 | | 4 | | 1,858,783 | | 487,669 | 0 | : | 2,057,173 | | 23,799,405 |
| Assigned | | 5,296,854 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | 0 | | 0 | | 5,296,854 |
| Unassigned | _ | 4,013,638 | _ | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | (23,809,402) | | 0 | | (19,795,764) |
| TOTAL FUND BALANCES | | 28,706,268 | | 4 | | 1,893,243 | | 487,669 | (23,809,402) | | 2,057,173 | - | 9,334,955 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES & FUND BALANCES | \$ | 38,199,743 | \$ 2 | ,261,770 | \$ | 2,064,935 | \$ | 490,902 | \$ 7,929,642 | \$ | 2,057,173 | \$ | 53,004,165 |

$\underline{\textbf{MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT}}$

SLATE HILL, NEW YORK

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

| | GOV | TOTAL ERNMENTAL FUNDS | A | NG-TERM SSETS & ABILITIES | | SSIFICATIONS MINATIONS | | ATEMENT OF ET POSITION |
|---|-----|-----------------------------|----|---------------------------------|----|---------------------------|----|---------------------------|
| ASSETS Unrestricted Cash | \$ | 19,991,077 | \$ | 0 | \$ | 0 | \$ | 19,991,077 |
| Restricted Cash | Þ | 21,932,164 | Ф | 0 | ð | 0 | Ф | 21,932,164 |
| State & Federal Aid Receivable | | 5,666,827 | | 0 | | 0 | | 5,666,827 |
| Due from Other Funds | | 4,533,134 | | 0 | | (4,533,134) | | 0,000,027 |
| Other Receivables, Net | | 833,090 | | 29 | | (1,555,151) | | 833,119 |
| Lease Receivable, Net | | 16,113 | | 0 | | 0 | | 16,113 |
| Inventories | | 31,760 | | 0 | | 0 | | 31,760 |
| Right to Use Assets, Net | | 0 | | 231,404 | | 0 | | 231,404 |
| SBITA Asset, Net | | 0 | | 12,271 | | * | | 12,271 |
| Non-Depreciable Assets | | 0 | | 24,311,384 | | 0 | | 24,311,384 |
| Depreciable Capital Assets, Net | | 0 | | 68,836,459 | | 0 | | 68,836,459 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | - | 53,004,165 | _ | 93,391,547 | | (4,533,134) | _ | 141,862,578 |
| TOTAL ASSLIS | - | 33,004,103 | _ | 93,391,347 | | (4,555,154) | | 141,602,576 |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | | | | |
| Deferred Amounts on Refunding | | 0 | | 1,535,409 | | 0 | | 1,535,409 |
| Pensions | | 0 | | 24,032,636 | | 0 | | 24,032,636 |
| Other Postemployment Benefits | | 0 | | 27,398,748 | | 0 | | 27,398,748 |
| TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | 0 | | 52,966,793 | | 0 | | 52,966,793 |
| TOTAL ASSETS & DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | \$ | 53,004,165 | \$ | 146,358,340 | \$ | (4,533,134) | \$ | 194,829,371 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts Payable | \$ | 3,165,442 | \$ | 0 | \$ | 0 | \$ | 3,165,442 |
| Accrued Liabilities | Ψ | 198,982 | Ψ | 134.608 | Ψ | 0 | • | 333,590 |
| Due to Other Governments | | 16,630 | | 0 | | ň | | 16,630 |
| Due to Other Funds | | 4,533,134 | | 0 | | (4,533,134) | | 0 |
| Due to Teachers' Retirement System | | 3,816,993 | | 0 | | 0 | | 3,816,993 |
| Due to Employees' Retirement System | | 358,142 | | Ű | | 0 | | 358,142 |
| Other Liabilities | | 159,453 | | Õ | | 0 | | 159,453 |
| Bond Anticipation Notes | | 31,227,082 | | 0 | | 0 | | 31,227,082 |
| Overpayments and Collections in Advance | | 17,324 | | 0 | | 0 | | 17,324 |
| Bonds Payable | | 17,524 | | 31,760,163 | | 0 | | 31,760,163 |
| Installment Purchase Debt | | 0 | | 719,731 | | 0 | | 719,731 |
| Lease Liability | | 0 | | 43,646 | | 0 | | 43,646 |
| Compensated Absences | | 0 | | 1,315,684 | | 0 | | 1,315,684 |
| Net Pension Liability - Proportionate Share | | 0 | | 10,849,426 | | 0 | | 10,849,426 |
| Other Postemployment Benefits | | 0 | | 143,920,407 | | 0 | | 143,920,407 |
| • • | | 0 | | 652,000 | | 0 | | 652,000 |
| Judgments and Claims | - | | - | | | | - | |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | / | 43,493,182 | _ | 189,395,665 | | (4,533,134) | - | 228,355,713 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | | | | |
| Deferred Revenues | | 160,225 | | (160,225) | | 0 | | 0 |
| Deferred Lease Revenue | | 15,803 | | 0 | | 0 | | 15,803 |
| Pensions | | 0 | | 2,225,112 | | 0 | | 2,225,112 |
| Other Postemployment Benefits | | 0 | | 40,812,921 | | 0 | | 40,812,921 |
| TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | 176,028 | | 42,877,808 | | 0 | | 43,053,836 |
| FUND BALANCES / NET POSITION | 2 | 9,334,955 | _ | (85,915,133) | 9. | 0 | _ | (76,580,178) |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES & FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION | \$ | 53,004,165 | \$ | 146,358,340 | \$ | (4,533,134) | \$ | 194,829,371 |

$\frac{\text{MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT}}{\text{SLATE HILL, NEW YORK}}$

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES & CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| | | GENERAL | | SPECIAL AID | _ | SCHOOL LUNCH | | CELLANEOUS CIAL REVENUE | | CAPITAL ROJECTS | | DEBT SERVICE | GO/ | TOTAL ERNMENTAL FUNDS |
|--|----|-------------------------|----|----------------|----|-----------------|----|----------------------------|----|--------------------|----|-----------------|-----|-----------------------------|
| REVENUES | d. | 47 500 074 | æ | 0 | \$ | 0 | \$ | 0 | \$ | 0 | \$ | 0 | \$ | 47,580,074 |
| Real Property Taxes Other Tax Items | \$ | 47,580,074 5,082,708 | \$ | 0 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 0 | Э | 0 | ð | 0 | Ф | 5,082,708 |
| Charges for Services | | 99,917 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 99,917 |
| Use of Money & Property | | 1,106,205 | | 0 | | 20,576 | | 6,486 | | 0 | | 76,367 | | 1,209,634 |
| Sale of Property & Compensation for Loss | | 1,440,883 | | 0 | | 20,570 | | 0,400 | | 0 | | 70,507 | | 1,440,883 |
| Miscellaneous | | 1,520,741 | | 0 | | 1,785 | | 487,789 | | 0 | | 0 | | 2,010,315 |
| State Sources | | 45,149,408 | | 1,953,056 | | 30,773 | | 407,707 | | 0 | | 0 | | 47,133,237 |
| Federal Sources | | 349,427 | | 3,975,622 | | 874,580 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 5,199,629 |
| Sales | | 0 | | 0 | | 705,345 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 705,345 |
| TOTAL REVENUES | | 102,329,363 | | 5,928,678 | _ | 1,633,059 | | 494,275 | - | 0 | | 76,367 | | 110,461,742 |
| | | 102,523,505 | _ | 3,520,070 | - | 1,055,055 | - | 151,275 | = | | - | 70,507 | | 110,101,712 |
| EXPENDITURES General Support | | 10,112,856 | | 39,150 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 10,152,006 |
| Instruction | | 55,312,878 | | 4,955,380 | | 0 | | 493,257 | | 0 | | 0 | | 60,761,515 |
| Pupil Transportation | | 5,205,751 | | 195,672 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 5,401,423 |
| Community Services | | 169,257 | | 193,672 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 169,257 |
| Employee Benefits | | 21,129,536 | | 616,272 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 21,745,808 |
| Debt Service: | | 21,129,330 | | 010,272 | | U | | V | | U | | v | | 21,745,606 |
| Principal Principal | | 6,443,547 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 6,443,547 |
| Interest | | 2,229,362 | | 0 | | 0 | | Õ | | Ů | | 0 | | 2,229,362 |
| Cost of Sales | | 0 | | 0 | | 1,573,561 | | Ů | | Ű | | 0 | | 1,573,561 |
| Capital Outlay | | 129,576 | | 412,783 | | 0 | | 0 | | 5,474,098 | | 0 | | 6,016,457 |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES | - | 100,732,763 | - | 6,219,257 | - | 1,573,561 | | 493,257 | - | 5,474,098 | - | 0 | | 114,492,936 |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES | - | 1,596,600 | - | (290,579) | | 59,498 | | 1,018 | | (5,474,098) | _ | 76,367 | | (4,031,194) |
| OTHER SOURCES & USES | - | - | | | | | | | | | 2 | | | |
| Bond Anticipation Notes Paid from Current Appropriations | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 1,440,103 | | 0 | | 1,440,103 |
| Premium on Obligation | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 376,870 | | 376,870 |
| Leases | | 111,905 | | 0 | | Ô | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 111,905 |
| Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements | | 17,671 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 17,671 |
| Operating Transfers In | | 0 | | 290,579 | | 44,884 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 335,463 |
| Operating Transfers (Out) | | (335,463) | | 0 _ | | 0 | | 0 - | | 0 | | 0 | | (335,463) |
| TOTAL OTHER SOURCES & USES | - | (205,887) | | 290,579 | _ | 44,884 | | 0 | | 1,440,103 | | 376,870 | | 1,946,549 |
| NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES | | 1,390,713 | | 0 | | 104,382 | | 1,018 | | (4,033,995) | | 453,237 | | (2,084,645) |
| FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR | | 27,315,555 | | 4 | - | 1,788,861 | | 486,651 | _ | (19,775,407) | | 1,603,936 | | 11,419,600 |
| FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR | \$ | 28,706,268 | \$ | 4 | \$ | 1,893,243 | \$ | 487,669 | \$ | (23,809,402) | \$ | 2,057,173 | \$ | 9,334,955 |

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SLATE HILL, NEW YORK

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| | TOT GOVERNM FUN | MENTAL | RE | NG-TERM VENUE & KPENSES | | CAPITAL RELATED ITEMS | LONG- DE TRANSA | ВТ | RECLASSIFIC & ELIMINA | | | ATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES |
|--|-----------------------|---|----|-------------------------------|----|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|--------------------------|------------|----|--------------------------|
| REVENUES | Φ. | 47 500 074 | Φ. | | • | 0 | Φ | ^ | | ^ | • | 47 500 074 |
| Real Property Taxes | \$ | 47,580,074 | \$ | 0 | \$ | 0 | \$ | 0 | \$ | 0 | \$ | 47,580,074 |
| Other Tax Items | | 5,082,708 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 5,082,708 |
| Charges for Services | | 99,917 | | 103,814 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 203,731 |
| Use of Money & Property | | 1,209,634 | | (199) | | · · | | 0 | | 0 | | 1,209,435 |
| Sale of Property & Compensation for Loss | | 1,440,883 | | 0 | | (132,370) | | 0 | | 0 | | 1,308,513 |
| Miscellaneous | | 2,010,315 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 2,010,315 |
| State Sources | 4 | 47,133,237 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 47,133,237 |
| Federal Sources | | 5,199,629 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 5,199,629 |
| Sales | | 705,345 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 705,345 |
| TOTAL REVENUES | 1 | 10,461,742 | | 103,615 | | (132,370) | | 0 | | 0 | | 110,432,987 |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General Support | | 10,152,006 | | 0 | | (108,814) | | 0 | 3 | 3,586,570 | | 13,629,762 |
| Instruction | | 60,761,515 | | (44,752) | | 4,300,519 | | 0 | 21 | 1,466,246 | | 86,483,528 |
| Pupil Transportation | | 5,401,423 | | 0 | | 830,755 | | 0 | 1 | 1,908,252 | | 8,140,430 |
| Community Services | | 169,257 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 169,257 |
| Employee Benefits | : | 21,745,808 | | 5,215,260 | | 0 | | 0 | (26 | 5,961,068) | | 0 |
| Debt Service: | | , , | | , , | | | | | ` | , , , | | |
| Principal | | 6,443,547 | | 0 | | 0 | | (5,003,444) | (1 | 1,440,103) | | 0 |
| Interest | | 2,229,362 | | (16,021) | | 0 | | (193,897) | ` | 0 | | 2,019,444 |
| Cost of Sales | | 1,573,561 | | 0 | | (6,386) | | 0 | | 0 | | 1,567,175 |
| Capital Outlay | | 6,016,457 | | 0 | | (6,016,457) | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES | 1 | 14,492,936 | | 5,154,487 | - | (1,000,383) | + | (5,197,341) | (1 | 1,440,103) | * | 112,009,596 |
| | - | , | - | | | (),. | 9 | () () | | , , , | | |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) REVENUES OVER | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| EXPENDITURES | | (4,031,194) | | (5,050,872) | | 868,013 | | 5,197,341 | | 1,440,103 | | (1,576,609) |
| OTHER SOURCES & USES | : | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Bond Anticipation Notes Paid from Current Appropriations | | 1 440 102 | | Λ | | 0 | | 0 | (| 1,440,103) | | 0 |
| Premium on Obligation | | 1,440,103 376,870 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | (. | 1,440,103) | | 376,870 |
| • | | , | | 0 | | (111,905) | | 0 | | 0 | | 370,070 |
| Leases | | 111,905 | | 0 | | | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 |
| Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements | | 17,671 | | 0 | | (17,671) | | 0 | | • | | 0 |
| Operating Transfers In | | 335,463 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | (335,463) | | 0 |
| Operating Transfers (Out) TOTAL OTHER SOURCES & USES | | (335,463) | _ | 0 | - | (120.570) | | 0 | , | | _ | 376 970 |
| | | 1,946,549 | | | _ | (129,576) | | | | 1,440,103) | | 376,870 |
| NET CHANGE FOR THE YEAR | \$ | (2,084,645) | \$ | (5,050,872) | \$ | 738,437 | \$ | 5,197,341 | \$ | 0 | \$ | (1,199,739) |

JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

principles. Significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the District are described below: the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units Those principles are prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), which is The financial statements of Minisink Valley Central School District (the "District") have been prepared

Reporting Entity

management, and primary accountability for all fiscal matters. President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education consisting of 9 members. The Minisink Valley Central School District is governed by the laws of New York State. The District is within the District. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint

reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance The reporting entity of the District is based upon criteria set forth by GASB Statement 14, The entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in description of certain entities included in the District's reporting entity. and financial accountability. The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the District. Based on the application of these criteria, the following is a brief The District is not a

Extraclassroom Activity Funds

funds. The Extraclassroom Activity Funds have designated student management that is overseen Activity Funds have been included in this report. by faculty advisors. The Board of Education exercises general oversight and administrative involvement over these activities in its Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund. The Extraclassroom Activity Funds of the District represent funds of the students of the District. Separate audited financial statements (cash basis) of the Extraclassroom The District accounts for extraclassroom

\mathbf{B} Joint Venture

that shares planning, services, and programs which provide educational and support activities. component. There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES Services (BOCES). The District is one of the component districts in the Orange/Ulster Board of Cooperative Education BOCES is a cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SLATE HILL, NEW YORK NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

B. Joint Venture (Continued)

addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract Municipal Law component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the New York State considered a corporate body. with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n (a) of the New York State General Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (§1950(6)). In BOCES are organized under §1950 of the New York State Education Law. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their A BOCES Board is

addition, component districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students school district enrollment, as defined in the New York State Education Law, §1950(4)(b)(7). In Each component district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public A BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program and capital costs

available from the BOCES administrative office located at 53 Gibson Road, Goshen, NY 10924. The District's share of BOCES aid amounted to \$2,383,155. Financial Statements for BOCES are During the year, the District was billed \$15,097,377 for BOCES administrative and program costs.

C. Basis of Presentation

1. District-Wide Statements

the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants. intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and non-exchange transactions. Operating grants of internal transactions. overall government in its entirety. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, State aid,

programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses, principally including all taxes, are presented as general revenues. requirements of a particular program. areas. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the employee benefits, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended in those function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically Statement of Activities presents a comparison between program expenses and revenues for each The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the District at year end. The Revenues that are not classified as program revenues

2. Funds Statements

fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column The fund statements provide information about the District's governmental funds. The emphasis of

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SLATE HILL, NEW YORK NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30. 2023

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

- C. Basis of Presentation (Continued)
- 2. Funds Statements (Continued)

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

that are not required to be accounted for in another fund. General Fund: This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions

than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. Special Special Revenue Funds: These funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other revenue funds include the following:

legal restrictions may be imposed either by governments that provide the funds, or by outside Special Aid Fund: This fund accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, such as federal and state grants, that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. These

lunch operation is supported by federal and state grants and charges participants for its services. School Lunch Fund: This fund is used to account for the school lunch operations. The school

transfers, may also be reported in the fund. scholarships and revenue generated by revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes and the Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund: This fund is used to account for other proceeds of specific restricted for extraclassroom activities. Revenue reported in this fund includes gifts and donations that are restricted for revenue sources continue to make up a substantial portion of the inflows reported in the students through extraclassroom activities that are Other resources, such as investment earnings and

Capital Projects Fund: This fund is used to account for the financial resources used for acquisition, construction, or major repair of capital facilities.

principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental activities. Debt Service Fund: This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources and the payment of

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements. and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such Accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus

recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The District-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are

JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 90 days after revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, requirements have been satisfied. The fund statements are reported using the current financial basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied Non-exchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving the end of the fiscal year. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual

acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources. reported as expenditures in governmental funds. recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and Proceeds of general long-term debt and

Ħ Property Taxes

through October 31, 2022. became a lien on August 18, 2022. Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education no later than September 1st and Taxes were collected during the period September 1, 2022

to the District no later than the following April 1. amount representing all uncollected real property taxes transmitted to the County for enforcement Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by Orange County. The County pays an

Ή. Restricted Resources

available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these Notes When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are

9 Interfund Transactions

between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowings. expected to be repaid within one year. expenditure and revenues to provide financing or other services. The operations of the District include transactions between funds. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of The District typically loans resources These transactions may be

payables between the funds. The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally In the district-wide statements, eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and recorded

JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

GInterfund Transactions (Continued)

the right of legal offset. balance sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon Interfund receivables and payables may be netted on the accompanying governmental funds

Refer to Note 13 for a detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, expenditures and revenues activity.

H. Estimates

date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses during the reporting period. the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the liabilities and useful lives of long-lived assets. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted including computation of encumbrances, compensated absences, potential contingent

<u>--</u> Cash and Investments

investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term

agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities. investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, repurchase New York State law governs the District's investment policies. FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Resources must be deposited in Permissible

agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and Districts. insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of United States and its Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC

$\, : \, \,$ Accounts Receivable

such allowance would not be material. off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that Accounts receivable are shown gross, with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-

Z Lease Receivable

inflow of resources. Leases receivable are recorded at net present value of the lease, with a corresponding deferred

Ľ. Inventories and Prepaid Items

the case of surplus food, at stated value which approximates market. Purchases of inventoriable Inventories of food in the School Lunch Fund are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis, or in

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SLATE HILL, NEW YORK NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

L. Inventories and Prepaid Items (Continued)

immaterial in amount items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase, and are considered

reported in the year the goods or services are consumed. asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of purchase and an expense/expenditure is assets on the statement of net position or balance sheet using the consumption method. A current prepaid items in both the district-wide and fund financial statements. These payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as Prepaid items represent payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond year-end These items are reported as

M. Capital Assets

market value at the time received. Capital assets are reported at cost for acquisitions. Donated assets are reported at estimated fair

above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and Land and Construction in Progress are not depreciated. Capitalization thresholds (the dollar value estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the District-wide statements are as follows:

| | 5,000 Straight Line | ovements 5,000 Straight Line 4 | Straight Line | Method | |
|---------|---------------------|--------------------------------|---------------|-------------|-----------|
| 8 years | 5 - 20 years | 40 years | 40 years | Useful Life | Estimated |

remaining estimated useful lives. July 1, 2012. Assets capitalized prior to July 1, 2012 will continue to be depreciated over their The board approved an increase in the capitalization thresholds from \$1,000 to \$5,000 effective

N. Right to Use Asset

are reported at present value. A right of use asset is a lessee's right to use an asset over the life of the lease. Right to use assets

O. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The district has three items resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be that qualify for reporting in this category. deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for

JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

9 Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources (Continued)

deferred outflows related to other postemployment retirement benefits, see Note 13. retirement benefits reported in the Statement of Net Position. For additional information on the related to pensions, see Note 11. The third deferred outflow is related to other postemployment reported in the Statement of Net Position. refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The second deferred outflow is related to pensions The first is deferred amounts on refunding in the Statement of Net Position as deferred outflows of A deferred amount on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of For additional information on the deferred outflows

inflows related to other postemployment retirement benefits, see Note 13. The third deferred inflow related to other postemployment retirement benefits. For additional information on the deferred see Note 11. The District also reports deferred inflow of resources in the Statement of Net Position Statement of Net Position. For additional information on the deferred inflows related to pensions, inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has three items that qualify for reporting an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents relates to Leases Receivable which are reported in the governmental funds and the Statement of Net in this category. In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows The District reports a deferred inflow of resources related to pensions in the

p Unearned Revenue

the Statement of Net Position, unearned revenues arise when resources are received by the District liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized. qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the District has legal claim to resources, the before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to incurrence of The District reports unearned revenues on its Statement of Net Position and its Balance Sheet. On

Q Vested Employee Benefits

Compensated Absences

sabbatical or personal time Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated annual sick leave, vacation, and

contractually receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave. individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation or death, employees may Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts, and in

District employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and service position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken in varying time periods.

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SLATE HILL, NEW YORK NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

Q. Vested Employee Benefits (Continued)

included in the district-wide statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated on been calculated using the vesting/termination method and an accrual for that liability is the pay rates in effect at year-end. Consistent with GASB Statement 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, the liability has

Other Benefits

and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System. Eligible District employees participate in the New York State Employees' Retirement System

providing post-retirement benefits is shared between the District and the retired employee based through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. with the provisions of various employment contracts in effect at the time of retirement insurance coverage and survivor benefits to retired employees and their survivors in accordance on the contract in place at the employees' retirement date. The District recognizes the cost of reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Health care benefits are provided Substantially all of the District's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides postemployment health providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure

R. Short-Term Debt

liability that will be extinguished by the use of expendable, available resources of the fund actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of the notes. The RAN's and TAN's represent a anticipation of the receipt of revenues. The District may issue Revenue Anticipation Notes (RAN) and Tax Anticipation Notes (TAN), in These notes are recorded as a liability of the fund that will

fiscal year succeeding the year in which the note was issued. made in the annual budget. The budget note must be repaid no later than the close of the second budget during any fiscal year for expenditures for which there is an insufficient or no provision The District may issue budget notes up to an amount not to exceed 5% of the amount of the annual

capital purposes are converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date. actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires that BAN's issued for subsequent sale of bonds. The District may issue Bond Anticipation Notes (BAN), in anticipation of proceeds from the These notes are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will

issued after the adoption of the budget for the year following the year in which they were issued the second year after the fiscal year in which they were issued, if the notes were authorized and following the year in which they were issued. However, they may mature no later than the close of same year's annual budget in any fund or funds arising from revenue being less than the amount budgeted for that year. The District may issue deficiency notes up to an amount not to exceed 5% of the amount of that The deficiency notes may mature no later than the close of the year

JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

S Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term will be paid from governmental funds, are reported as a liability in the funds financial statements and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments, and compensated absences that statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner Payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the district-wide financial financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations are the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due within more than one year in the Statement of Net

\exists Equity Classifications

-District-wide Statements

In the district-wide statements there are three classes of net position:

reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, constructions or Net investment in capital assets - consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) improvements of those assets.

legislation. regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or Restricted net position - reports net position when constraints placed on the assets are either

Unrestricted net position – reports all other net position that do not met the definition of the above two classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the District.

2 Funds Statements

In the governmental fund statements, there are five classifications of fund balance:

includes the inventory recorded in the School Lunch Fund of \$31,760 form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Non-spendable - Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable Non-spendable fund balance

established the following restricted fund balances: funds other than the General fund are classified as restricted fund balance. imposed by imposed by Restricted - Includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either (a) externally creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. All encumbrances of The District has

JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

- Equity Classifications (Continued)
- Funds Statements (Continued)

Capital Reserve

funding the reserve and the form of the proposition to be placed on the ballot are set forth in §3651 source of the funds. Expenditure may be made from the reserve only for a specific purpose further the voters establishing the purpose of the reserve; the ultimate amount, its probable term and the bonds may be issued. The creation of a capital reserve fund requires authorization by a majority of Capital Reserve (Education Law §3651) is used to pay the cost of any object or purpose for which of the Education Law. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund. authorized by the voters. The form for the required legal notice for the vote on establishing and

Workers' Compensation Reserve

sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another of administering this self-insurance program. The reserve may be established by Board action, and reserve is accounted for in the General Fund. reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. The is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within expenses authorized by Article 2 of the Workers' Compensation Law, and for payment of expenses Workers' Compensation Reserve (GML §6-j) is used to pay for compensation benefits and other

Unemployment Insurance Reserve

budget. If the District elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has According to General Municipal Law §6-m, must be used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the is accounted for in the General Fund. the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund. This reserve Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to

Property Loss Reserve and Liability Reserve

districts with a population greater than 125,000. These reserves are accounted for in the General required, and these reserves may not in total exceed 3% of the annual budget or \$15,000, whichever property loss and liability claims incurred. Separate funds for property loss and liability claims are Property Loss Reserve and Liability Reserve (Education Law §1709(8) (c)) are used to pay for This type of reserve fund may be utilized only by school districts, except city school

JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

-] Equity Classifications (Continued)
- Funds Statements (Continued)

Insurance Reserve

reserve is accounted for in the General Fund. budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated. The insurance. claim, action or judgement for which the school district is authorized to purchase or maintain According to General Municipal Law §6-n §3653, must be used for expenditures for any loss, This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board, and is funded by

Tax Certiorari Reserve

not expended for tax certiorari proceedings in the year such monies are deposited must be returned claims arising out of tax certiorari proceedings. Any resources deposited to the reserve which are exceed the amount that might reasonably be deemed necessary to meet anticipated judgments and and to expend from the fund without voter approval. The monies held in the reserve shall not to the General Fund on or before the first day of the fourth fiscal year after deposit of these monies According to Education Law §3651.1-a, must be used to establish a reserve fund for tax certiorari The reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve

funds that may be legally appropriated. The reserve is accounted for in the General Fund. majority vote of the Board, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and due an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a According to General Municipal Law §6-p, must be used for payment of accrued employee benefit

Retirement Contribution Reserve

the General Fund operations and condition of the fund must be provided to the Board. The reserve is accounted for in The reserve must be accounted separate and apart from all other funds and a detailed report of According to General Municipal Law §6-r, must be used for financing retirement contributions.

Teachers Retirement Contribution Reserve

all or some of the amount deducted from the moneys apportioned to the District from the state during the previous fiscal year. fiscal year with the total amount funded not to exceed 10% of the total covered salaries of all paid Board. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund. The amount of moneys contributed to the funds and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the under Education Law § 521. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other retirement contributions to the New York State Teachers Retirement System ("TRS") and/or offset According to amendments to General Municipal Law §6-r, this reserve must be used to finance TRS sub-fund annually cannot exceed 2% of the total covered salaries paid during the previous

JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

Equity Classifications (Continued)

Fund Statements (Continued)

Reserve for Debt Service

is from the proceeds of the sale of District property or capital improvement. was financed by obligations that remain outstanding at the time of sale. The funding of the reserve retiring the outstanding obligations upon the sale of District property or capital improvement that Mandatory Reserve for Debt Service (GML §6-1) is used to establish a reserve for the purpose of accounted for in the Debt Service Fund. The reserve is

Restricted fund balance at June 30, 2023 consisted of:

| \$ 23,799,405 | Total Restricted Fund Balance |
|---------------|---|
| 2,057,173 | Debt Service Fund |
| 181,850 | Extraclassroom Activity |
| 305,819 | Scholarships |
| | Miscellaneous Special Revenues: |
| 1,858,783 | School Lunch Fund |
| 4 | Special Aid Fund |
| 19,395,776 | |
| 1,780,665 | TRS Retirement Contribution Reserve |
| 2,118,552 | Retirement Contribution Reserve |
| 1,587,312 | Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve |
| 93,452 | Tax Certiorari Reserve |
| 9,749,998 | Insurance Reserve |
| 124,209 | Property Loss Reserve and Liability Reserve |
| 482,645 | Unemployment Insurance Reserve |
| 518,849 | Workers' Compensation Reserve |
| \$ 2,940,094 | Capital Reserve |
| | General Fund: |
| | |

June 30, 2023. constraints imposed by formal action of the school districts highest level of decision making authority, i.e., the Board of Education. The School District has no committed fund balances as of authority, i.e., the Board of Education. Committed - Includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes pursuant to

classified as restricted at the end of the fiscal year. amount appropriated to partially fund the subsequent year's budget, as well as encumbrances not balance represents the residual amount of fund balance. Assigned fund balance also includes an than the purpose of the general fund, and in funds other than the general fund, assigned fund purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The purpose of the constraint must be narrower Assigned - Includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SLATE HILL, NEW YORK NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

T. Equity Classifications (Continued)

2. Funds Statements (Continued)

committed, or assigned to those purposes, negative unassigned fund balance is reported governmental funds, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeded the amounts restricted, restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. Unassigned - Includes fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been

Order of Use of Fund Balance:

the fiscal year. For all funds, nonspendable fund balances are determined first and then restricted balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of unassigned. Assignment of fund balance cannot cause a negative unassigned fund balance and fund balance is determined next and then assigned. The remaining amounts are reported as other than the general fund are classified as restricted fund balance. In the general fund, committed fund balances for specific purposes are determined. Any remaining fund balance amounts for funds The District's policy is to apply expenditures against nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund

Limitation on Unexpended Surplus Funds:

can retain to no more than 4% of the School District's General Fund budget for the ensuing fiscal NYS Real Property Law §1318 limits the amount of the unexpended surplus funds a school district from the 4% limitation. Nonspendable and restricted fund balance of the General Fund are excluded from the 4% Amounts appropriated for the subsequent year and encumbrances are also excluded

U. New Accounting Standards

standards issued by GASB: The District has adopted all current Statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that are applicable. At June 30, 2023, the District implemented the following new

- 2023. GASB Statement 91, Conduit Debt obligation, effective for the year ending June 30,
- GASB Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements, effective for the year ending June 30, 2023
- effective for the year ending June 30, 2023. GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements:
- ending June 30, 2023. GASB has issued Statement 99, Omnibus 2022, paragraphs 11-25 effective for the year

JUNE 30. 2023

NOTE 1, SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

\subseteq New Accounting Standards (Continued)

obligations; and improving required note disclosures. The District has implemented the statement as and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and GASB has issued Statement 91, Conduit Debt Obligations, which will provide a single method of (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing

understand the scale and important aspects of a government's PPPs and evaluate a government's disclose important information about PPP transactions. The required disclosures will allow users to statements by requiring governments to report assets and liabilities related to PPPs consistently and public partnership arrangements (PPPs) and Arrangements, which will improve financial reporting by establishing the definitions of public-GASB Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment future obligations and assets resulting from PPPs. The District has implemented the statement as definitions. providing uniform guidance on accounting and financial reporting for transactions that meet those This Statement will enhance the decision usefulness of a government's financial availability payment arrangements (APAs) and

and evaluate a government's obligations and assets resulting from SBITAs. will allow users to understand the scale and important aspects of a government's SBITA activities implementation costs also will reduce diversity and improve comparability in financial reporting by implemented the statement as required. liability for a SBITA and to disclose essential information about the arrangement. The disclosures financial statements by requiring a government to report a subscription asset and subscription governments. This Statement also will enhance the relevance and reliability of a government's reporting for transactions that meet that definition. Establishing the capitalization criteria for technology arrangements (SBITAs) and providing uniform guidance for accounting and financial improve financial reporting by establishing a definition for subscription-based information GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, which will The District has

literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative guarantees. The District has implemented paragraphs 11-25 of Statement 99 as required. GASB has issued Statement 99, Omnibus 2022, the objectives of this Statement are to enhance

JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

V. Future Changes in Accounting Standards

literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial adopt it when required, which will be for the June 30, 2024 financial statements. guarantees. The District is currently studying paragraphs 4 through 10 of the Statement and plans to comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative GASB has issued Statement 99, Omnibus 2022, the objectives of this Statement are to enhance

assessing accountability. The District is currently studying the Statement and plans to adopt it when understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or GASB has issued Statement 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections-An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62, the primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and required, which will be for the June 30, 2024 financial statements. financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more

recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and GASB has issued Statement 101, Compensated Absences, the objective of this Statement is to better required, which will be for the June 30, 2025 financial statements. required disclosures. The District is currently studying the Statement and plans to adopt it when

NOTE 2. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS.

statements and the district-wide statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The basic financial statements contain a full reconciliation of these items. The differences result primarily focus of the governmental funds. from the economic focus of the Statement of Activities, compared with the current financial resources Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used in the governmental fund

Ņ Total Fund Balances of Governmental Funds vs. Net Position of Governmental Activities

additional long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Position versus the solely current activities reported in the Statement of Net Position. This difference primarily results from the financial resources focus of the governmental fund Balance Sheets. Total fund balances of the District's governmental funds differ from "net position" of governmental

among the assets of the District as a whole, with their original costs capitalized and depreciation expensed annually over their useful lives. The balances at June 30, 2023 were as follows: appear on the Balance Sheet. However, the Statement of Net Position includes those capital assets governmental funds are reported as expenditures in the year they are incurred, and the assets do not The costs of building and acquiring capital assets (land, buildings and equipment) financed from the

JUNE 30, 2023

Þ Total Fund Balances of Governmental Funds vs. Net Position of Governmental Activities: (Continued) NOTE 2. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND

STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS. (Continued)

Accumulated Depreciation Original Cost of Capital Assets 5/3 \$ 184,654,130 (91,919,070) 92,735,060

2 includes those right to use assets among the assets of the District as a whole, with the present value and the assets do not appear on the Balance Sheet. However, the Statement of Net Position The costs of right to use assets (building and equipment) financed from governmental funds are reported as expenditures building and acquiring capital assets (land, buildings and equipment) 2023 were as follows: capitalized and amortization is expensed annually over their period of use. The balances at June 30, financed from the governmental funds are reported as expenditures in the year they are incurred,

| ∞ | | Accumulated Amortization | Original Cost of Right to Use Assets |
|---------------------------------|----|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 443,672 (212,268) 231,404 | 60 | | ∽ |

Ş annually over their period of use. The balances at June 30, 2023 were as follows: among the assets of the District as a whole, with the cost capitalized and amortization is expensed appear on the Balance Sheet. governmental funds are reported as expenditures in the year they are incurred, and the assets do not The costs of Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA) financed from However, the Statement of Net Position includes SBITA assets

| | Accumulated Amortization | Original Cost of SBITA Assets |
|--------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|
| €5 | | €9 |
| 12,271 | (5,400) | 17,671 |

4. financial resources. The balances at June 30, 2023 were as follows: Sheet as it was recorded as an expenditure when it was due, and thus required the use of current resources in the Statement of Net Position. However, this amount is not included on the Balance the old bonds is recorded as the deferred amount on refunding and included as a deferred outflow of In a debt refunding, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of

Deferred Amount on Refunding

5 plan's fiduciary net position. If a pension plan's fiduciary net position exceeds its total pension service (proportionate share of total pension liability), net of the proportionate share of that pension actuarial present value of projected benefit payments that is attributed to past periods of employee the net pension liability attributable to each defined benefit pension plan in which the District participates. A net pension liability is measured as the proportionate share of the portion of the In the Statement of Net Position, a liability is recognized for the District's proportionate share of Also, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions primarily result from liability, the District's proportionate share of the pension plan's net pension asset is recognized

NOTE 2. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND

STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS. (Continued)

Þ Total Fund Balances of Governmental Funds vs. Net Position of Governmental Activities: (Continued)

with expendable available financial resources. The balances at June 30, 2023 were as follows: they are only recognized to the extent the pension liability is normally expected to be liquidated pension liability or asset. However, none of these amounts are included on the Balance Sheet as contributions subsequent to the measurement date, as well as changes in the components of the net

Net Pension Liability - Proportionate Share Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pensions Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pensions 60 ₩, (10,849,426)24,032,636 10,958,098 (2,225,112)

6. Interest is accrued in the Statement of Net Position, regardless of when it is due. This liability does use of current financial resources. This liability at June 30, 2023 was as follows: not appear on the Balance Sheet because interest is expended when it is due, and thus requires the

Accrued Interest 134,608

7 period. Long-term liabilities and related deferred inflows and outflows are reported in the Statement of Net Position, but not in the Balance Sheet, because the liabilities are not due and payable in the current The balance at June 30, 2023 was as follows:

| | Deferred Inflows of Resources - OPEB | Deferred Outflows of Resources - OPEB | Lease Liability | Other Postemployment Benefits | Judgments and Claims | Compensated Absences | Installment Purchase Debt | Bonds Payable (Including Deferred) |
|----------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------------|
| \$ 191.825.804 | 40,812,921 | (27,398,748) | 43,646 | 143,920,407 | 652,000 | 1,315,684 | 719,731 | \$ 31,760,163 |

00 Interest receivable is accrued in the Statement of Net Position. Balance Sheet because interest is recorded when received. The balance at June 30, This asset does not appear on the 2023 was as

Interest Receivable 29

9 Deferred revenues are reported in the Balance Sheet for items that are not recognized in revenue in at June 30, 2023 was as follows: the current year however, the amount is not included in the Statement of Net Position. The balance

Deferred Revenue 50 160,225

NOTE 2. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS. (Continued)

₩. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance vs. Statement of Activities

Fund Balance and the Statement of Activities fall into one of five broad categories. The amounts shown below represent: Differences between the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in

Long-Term Revenue Differences

basis, whereas the accrual basis of accounting is used on the Statement of Activities Differences in long-term expenses arise because governmental funds report on a modified accrual are considered "available", whereas the Statement of Activities reports revenues when earned Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they

Capital Related Differences

the Statement of Activities, and the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase of reported on governmental fund statements and the gain or loss on the sale of assets as reported on recorded in the Statement of Activities. capital items in the governmental fund statements and depreciation expense on those items as Capital related differences include the difference between proceeds for the sale of capital assets

3. Long-Term Debt Transaction Differences

reduction of liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. recorded in the Statement of Activities as incurred, and principal payments are recorded as a recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund statements, whereas interest payments are Long-term debt transaction differences occur because both interest and principal payments are

4. Pension Plan Transaction Differences

proportionate share of the total contributions to the pension systems collective net pension asset/liability and differences between the District's contributions and its Pension plan transaction differences occur as a result of changes in the District's proportion of the

Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Related Differences

OPEB differences occur as a result of changes in the District's total OPEB liability and differences between the District's contributions and OPEB expense.

NOTE 2. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS. (Continued)

B. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance vs. Statement of Activities: (Continued)

Explanation of Differences between Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and the Change in Fund Balance and the Statement of Activities

Total Revenues and Other Funding Sources

| \$ 110,809,857 | €9 | Total revenues in the Statement of Activities (Schedule 2) |
|----------------|-------------------|---|
| (1,440,103) | 1 | is recorded as a liability in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position. |
| (17,671) | fect | Revenue from SBITA that are financed is recognized in the governmental funds, but is recorded as a liability in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position. |
| (111,905) | fect | Revenue from Leases that are financed is recognized in the governmental funds, but is recorded as a liability in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position. |
| (132,370) | | Loss on retirement of fixed assets is recognized in the entity wide statements under full accrual accounting, whereas it is not in the governmental funds. |
| (199) | | Interet earned on Leases is considered earned in the Statement of Activities. |
| 103,814 | t's .1 ies. | Because some revenue will not be collected for several months after the District's year-end, they are not considered as "available" revenues in the governmental funds. However, they are considered to be earned in the Statement of Activities. |
| 112,408,291 | ⇔ | Total revenues and other funding sources reported in governmental funds (Schedule 5) |

NOTE 2. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS. (Continued)

| | SBITA of \$17,671 was greater than the amortization of \$5,400. |
|-------|--|
| e o ⊭ | When the SBITA assets are financed through governmental funds, the resources expended for those assets are reported as expenditures in the year paid. However, in the Statement of Activities, the present value of those assets is allocated over the period of use and reported as amortization expense. This is the amount by which the cost of the |
| | over the period of use and reported as amortization expense. This is the amount by which amortization of \$135,883 was greater than the present value the right of use asset of \$111,905 purchased in the current year. |
| | When the lease of right of use assets are financed through governmental funds, the resources expended for those assets are reported as expenditures in the year paid. However, in the Statement of Activities, the present value of those assets is allocated |
| | funds, the resources expended for those assets are reported as expenditures in the years they are incurred. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital expenditures of \$5,644,925 was more than depreciation of \$5,045,618, in the current year. |
| | When the purchase or construction of capital assets is financed through governmental |
| | Total expenditures and other uses reported in governmental funds (Schedule 5) |
| Ą | Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance vs. Statement of Activities: (Continued) <u>Total Expenditures & Other Uses/Expenses</u> |

paid). The amount by which compensated absences paid were less than the amount paid in the amount of \$182,450 during the year. earned during the year was \$44,752. Judgments and claims incurred exceeded the claims measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially the amount actually and special termination benefits) are measured by the amounts earned during the In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are (227,202)

In the Statement of Activities, the expense for other postemployment benefits of financial resources used during the year. by which the OPEB expense in the Statement of Activities exceeded the amount financial resources used (essentially the amount actually paid). This is the amount the governmental funds, OPEB expenditures are measured by the amount of of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB. However, in cost and changes in benefit terms, as well as amortization of deferred outflows (OPEB) includes changes in the OPEB liability such as service cost, interest 2,957,595

NOTE 2. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS. (Continued)

B. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance vs. Statement of Activities: (Continued) Total Expenditures & Other Uses/Expenses (Continued)

| (17,671) | Payment of SBITA principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but does reduce liabilities in the Statement of Net Position, and does not affect the Statement of Activities. |
|-------------|--|
| (106,654) | Payment of lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but does reduce liabilities in the Statement of Net Position, and does not affect the Statement of Activities. |
| (1,440,103) | Repayment of BANs is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but reduces liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets, and does not affect the Statement of Activities. |
| (193,897) | Premiums and discounts on long-term debt issuances and deferred amounts from debt refundings are recognized in the year in which the transactions occur in the governmental fund statements. These amounts are amortized in the Statement of Activities. This is the amount that was amortized during the year. |
| (16,021) | Interest payable is recognized as an accrued liability in the entity wide statements under full accrual accounting whereas it is not under the governmental fund statements. This is the amount by which interest payable last year exceeded the interest payable this year. |
| 2,440,115 | In the Statement of Activities pension expense related to the ERS and TRS defined benefit pension plans is measured as the change in the District's proportionate shares of the net pension assets and liabilities as of the measurement dates for each plan. In the governmental funds, however, these expenditures are recognized equal to the total of (1) amounts paid by the employer to the pension plan and (2) the change between the beginning and ending balances of amounts normally expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. This is the amount by which pension expense was less than the amount of financial resources expended during the year. |

NOTE 3. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES.

Total expenses in the Statement of Activities (Schedule 2)

60

(4,879,119) 112,422,379

and does not affect the Statement of Activities.

Repayment of bond and installment debt principal is an expenditure in the

governmental funds, but reduces liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets

for identifying subscription agreements activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes. The implementation of this GASB statement, did not have an impact on the prior year balances. Based Information Technology Arrangements. The implementation of the statement establishes criteria For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-

NOTE 4. STEWARDSHIP AND COMPLIANCE.

A. Budgets

the program line item level. approved the proposed appropriation budget for the General Fund. Appropriations are adopted at governmental funds for which legal (appropriated) budgets are adopted. The voters of the District The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for

and budget amendments approved the Board of Education as a result of selected new revenue that exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. appropriations may occur subject to legal restrictions, if the Board approves them because of a need sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law). Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the planned use of specific reserves, expended or encumbered. (and encumbrances) that may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless Appropriations established by the adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year These Supplemental

Fund is the only fund with a legally approved budget for the year ended June 30, 2023. year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year. The General Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the

appropriations. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the special referendum of the District's voters. Budgets are established and used for individual capital project funds expenditures as approved by primarily upon the cost of the project, plus any requirements for external borrowings, not annual completion of the projects. The maximum project amount authorized is based

B. Encumbrances

represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. part of the governmental funds. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred or the commitment is Outstanding encumbrances as of year-end are presented as reservations of fund balance and do not commitments Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations Under this method, purchase orders, contracts and other

JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 5. CASH.-CUSTODIAL CREDIT, CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT, INTEREST RATE, FOREIGN CURRENCY RISKS AND INVESTMENT POOL

covered by depository insurance at year-end, collateralized as follows: The District's aggregate bank balances (disclosed in the financial statements), included balances not

returned to it. While the District does not have a specific policy for custodial credit risk, New York

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be

State statutes govern the District's investment policies, as discussed previously in these Notes.

Uncollateralized ⇔ 0

Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution,

or its trust department or agent, but not in the District's name €⁄> 29,933,226

year-end includes \$21,932,164 within the governmental funds. assets represent amounts required by statute to be reserved for various purposes. Restricted cash represents cash and cash equivalents where use is limited by legal requirements. Restricted cash as of These

denominated in a foreign currency, and is not exposed to foreign currency risk. that it is exposed to any material interest rate risk. The District does not typically purchase investments for a long enough duration to cause it to believe The District also does not purchase investments

equivalents. in cooperation with other participants. The investments are highly liquid and are considered to be cash The District participates in a multi-municipal cooperative investment pool agreements pursuant to New York State General Municipal Law Article 5-G, §119-O, whereby it holds a portion of the investments

\$2,530,081,947 in repurchase agreements, \$3,907,187,600 in U.S. Treasury Bills, \$965,776,728 in U.S. Total investments of the NYClass cooperative as of year-end are \$8,463,692,945, which consisted of due dates. Treasury Securities and \$1,060,646,670 in collateralized bank deposits all with various interest rate and

\$372,723,219 in Treasury/Agency Securities and \$130,606 in cash & equivalents all with various Total investments of the New York Liquid Asset Fund cooperative as of year-end are \$1,336,461,514, interest rate and due dates. which consisted of \$497,100,000 in Repurchase Agreements, \$466,507,689 in Bank Products,

the respective cooperative requirements. Additional information concerning the cooperatives is presented in the annual reports of market value. The investment pools are categorically exempt from the New York State collateral The above amounts represent the cost of investment pool shares, and are considered to approximate

NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS.

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2023, were as follows:

|) \$ 93 | \$ (132,370 | \$ 92,268,123 \$ 1,012,090 \$ (132,370) \$ 93,147,843 | \$ 92,268,123 | Capital Assets, Net |
|---------|-------------------|---|---------------|---------------------------------------|
| | 1,490,498 | (5,045,618) | (88,363,950) | Less: Accumulated Depreciation |
| | (1,622,868) | 2,450,446 | 159,927,951 | Total Depreciable Assets |
| | (1,341,883) | 2,325,347 | 11,040,365 | Vehicles |
| | (280,985) | 125,099 | 11,095,176 | Furniture and Equipment |
| | 0 | 0 | 137,792,410 | Buildings and Improvements |
| | 2 | | | Capital assets being depreciated: |
| | 0 | 3,607,262 | 20,704,122 | Total Nondepreciable Assets |
| | | 3,607,262 | 19,824,503 | Construction in Progress |
| | \$ | \$ | \$ 879,619 | Land |
| | | | | Capital assets not being depreciated: |
| | Reclassifications | Additions | Balance | Governmental activities: |
| | Retirements/ | | Beginning | |

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

| Total Depreciation | Cost of Sales | Transportation | Instruction | General Support |
|--------------------|---------------|----------------|-------------|-----------------|
| €5 | | | | ↔ |
| \$ 5,045,618 | 30,057 | 830,755 | 4,159,236 | 25,570 |

NOTE 7. RIGHT TO USE ASSETS.

Right to use asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2023, were as follows:

| | Beginning | \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ | Re | Retirements/ | Ending Balance |
|---|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|----|--------------|---------------------|
| Governmental activities | | | | | |
| Right to use assets that are amortized: | | | | | |
| Equipment | \$ 399,508 \$111,905 | \$111,905 | ↔ | (92,987) | (92,987) \$ 418,426 |
| Building | 49,480 | 0 | | 0 | 49,480 |
| Less: Accumulated Amortization | (193,606) | (193,606) (135,883) | | 92,987 | (236,502) |
| Right To Use Assets, Net | \$ 255,382 \$ (23,978) \$ | \$ (23,978) | €> | | 0 \$ 231,404 |
| , | | | | | |

Amortization expense was charged to the governmental functions as follows:

§ 135 883

| 135,883 | S |
|---------|---|
| 100,000 | 6 |

JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 8. SUBSCRIPTION BASED INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY AGREEMENTS.

SBITA asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2023, were as follows:

| SBITA Asset. Net | Less: Accumulated Amortization | SBITA \$ | Right to use assets that are amortized: | Governmental activities | Balance | Beginning |
|------------------|--------------------------------|-------------|---|-------------------------|-------------------|--------------|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | 1g |
| § 0 \$ 12,271 \$ | (5,400) | 0 \$ 17,671 | | | Additions | |
| | 0 | 0 | | | Reclassifications | Retirements/ |
| €9 | | €9 | | | В | F |
| 0 \$ 12,271 | (5,400) | \$ 17,671 | | | Balance | Ending |

Amortization expense was charged to the governmental functions as follows:

| Total Amortization | Instruction |
|--------------------|-------------|
| €9 | 8 |
| 5,400 | 5,400 |

NOTE 9. LEASES.

District as Lessor.

The District is reporting Leases Receivable of \$16,113 at June 30, 2023. For the fiscal year, the District reported Lease revenue of \$109,525 and interest revenue of \$1,845 related to the lease payments received. A schedule of maturity is as follows:

| Total | 2028 | 2027 | 2026 | 2025 | 2024 | For the Year Ended June 30, | |
|-----------|------|------|-------|-------|----------|-----------------------------|-------------------|
| \$ 16,113 | 0 | 0 | 5,487 | 5,370 | \$ 5,256 | Principal | Leases Receivable |
| \$ 571 | 0 | 0 | 74 | 191 | \$ 306 | Interest | eceivable |

District as Lessee

A summary of the lease agreements in place as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

| · | Bus Garage | Pitney Bowes | Description | | |
|-----------|------------|--------------|---------------|----------|-------|
| | 48 months | 60 months | Terms | Payment | |
| | 1,075 | \$ 1,024 | Amount | Payment | |
| | 2.16% | 2.21% | Rate | Interest | |
| | 49,480 | \$ 19,406 | Liability | Lease | Total |
| \$ 43,646 | 25,228 | \$ 18,418 | June 30, 2023 | Balance | |

NOTE 9. LEASES. (Continued)

<u>District as Lessee</u>
Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

| Total | 2028 | 2027 | 2026 | 2025 | 2024 | For the Year Ended June 30, | |
|-----------|-------|-------|-------|--------|-----------|-----------------------------|----------------|
| \$ 43,646 | 3,038 | 3,973 | 3,886 | 16,552 | \$ 16,197 | Principal | Leases Payable |
| \$ 1,608 | 34 | 122 | 209 | 444 | \$ 799 | Interest | Payable |

NOTE 10. SHORT-TERM DEBT.

Transactions in short -term debt for the year are summarized below:

| Short-Term Debt | 2.8 | 6/21/2024 5.0 | Rai | Interest | Stated |
|-----------------|-----------|---------------|---------------|-----------|--------|
| \$ 28,102,875 | r | 28,102,875 | te Balance | Beginning | |
| \$ 4,564,310 | 2,282,155 | \$ 2,282,155 | Issued | | |
| \$1,440,103 | | \$1,440,103 | Redeemed | Paid/ | |
| \$ 31,227,082 | 2,282,155 | \$ 28,944,927 | June 30, 2023 | Balance | Ending |

Interest on short-term debt for the year was composed of:

| Interest Expense | Plus: Interest Accrued in the Current Year | Less: Interest Accrued in the Prior Year | Interest Paid |
|------------------|--|--|---------------|
| 8 | | | |
| 803,968 | (84,878) | (15,065) | 903,911 |

NOTE 11, LONG-TERM LIABILITIES.

Long-term liability balances and activity for the year are summarized below:

| Total Long-Term Liabilities | Total Other Liabilities | Net Pension Liability - Proportionate Share | SPITA Liability | Lease Liability | Judgments and Claims | Other Postemployment Benefit | Other Liabilities: Compensated Absences | Total Bonds and Notes Payable | Installment Purchase Debt | Total Bonds Payable | Deferred Premium on Refunding | Bonds and Notes Payable: Bonds Payable | Governmental Activities: | |
|--|-------------------------|--|-----------------|-----------------|----------------------|------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|---|--------------------------|-----------------------------|
| \$ 209,387,828 | 171,601,121 | 0 | 0 | 38,395 | 834,450 | 169,367,840 | 1,360,436 | 37,786,707 | 1,053,850 | 36,732,857 | 3,017,857 | \$ 33,715,000 | | Beginning Balance |
| \$ 38,964,372 | 38,964,372 | 15,182,926 | 17,671 | 111,905 | 12,355,982 | 11,295,888 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | \$ | | Issued |
| \$ 209,387,828 \$ 38,964,372 \$ 59,091,143 | 53,784,330 | 4,333,500 | 17,671 | 106,654 | 12,538,432 | 36,743,321 | 44,752 | 5,306,813 | 334,119 | 4,972,694 | 427,694 | \$ 4,545,000 | | Paid/ Redeemed |
| \$ 189,261,057 \$ 5,509,890 | 156,781,163 | 10,849,426 | 0 | 43,646 | 652,000 | 143,920,407 | 1,315,684 | 32,479,894 | 719,731 | 31,760,163 | 2,590,163 | \$ 29,170,000 | | Ending Balance |
| \$ 5,509,890 | 16,197 | 0 | 0 | 16,197 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5,493,693 | 350,999 | 5,142,694 | 427,694 | \$ 4,715,000 | | Amounts Due Within One Year |

The General Fund has typically been used to liquidate long-term liabilities such as compensated absences.

Existing serial bond and note obligations are as follows:

| Description of Issue | Issue Date | Final Maturity | Rate | | Balance |
|---------------------------|---------------|-------------------|---------------|----|---------------|
| Refunding Series 2013 | 2013 | 2024 | 2.00% - 5.00% | ↔ | 1,440,000 |
| Refunding Series 2015 | 2015 | 2037 | 1.00% - 5.00% | | 23,830,000 |
| Refunding Series 2016 | 2016 | 2025 | 2.00% - 4.00% | | 3,900,000 |
| • | | | | | 29,170,000 |
| Installment Purchase Debt | | | | | 719,731 |
| Total Debt | | | | 69 | \$ 29,889,731 |

NOTE 11. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES. (Continued)

The following is a summary of maturing debt service requirements:

| 45,446 | €> | \$ 719,731 \$ 45,440 | | \$ 6,258,456 | \$ 29,170,000 \$ 6,258,456 | TOTAL |
|----------|-------|---------------------------|----------------|--------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 0 | | 0 | | 401,315 | 7,025,000 | 2034 - 2038 |
| 0 | | 0 | | 1,881,291 | 9,295,000 | 2029 - 2033 |
| 0 | | 0 | | 585,175 | 1,655,000 | 2028 |
| 0 | | 0 | | 665,800 | 1,570,000 | 2027 |
| 0 | | 0 | | 742,425 | 1,495,000 | 2026 |
| 13,856 | | 368,732 | | 889,100 | 3,415,000 | 2025 |
| 31,590 | ↔ | 350,999 | 6/9 | 1,093,350 | \$ 4,715,000 | 2024 |
| Interest | | Principal | | Interest | Principal | For the Year Ended June 30, |
| se Debt | ırcha | Installment Purchase Debt | | onds | Serial Bonds | |

Interest on long-term debt for the year was composed of

| Interest paid \$ | \$ 1,325,451 |
|--|--------------|
| Less: Interest accrued in the prior year | (135,564) |
| Less: Amortization of premium and deferred amount -bond refundin | (193,897) |
| Plus: Interest accrued in the current year | 219,408 |
| Total interest expense \$ | \$ 1,215,398 |

NOTE 12. PENSION PLANS.

Employees' Retirement System Plan Description

changes in fiduciary net position allocated to the ERS System. The Comptroller of the State of employer defined benefit retirement systems. The net position of the ERS System is held in the New to as New York State and Local Retirement System (the ERS System). These are cost-sharing multipleand the New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System (PFRS) are collectively referred York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all assets and record The District participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS). ERS

provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished provisions of the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL). Once a public employer elected for a new term commencing January 1, 2023. System benefits are established under the death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution Thomas P. DiNapoli has served as Comptroller since February 7, 2007. In November, 2022, he was Comptroller's website at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/about us/financial statements index.php pension trust fund. Separately issued financial statements for the System can be accessed on the District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides Comptroller is an elected official determined in a direct statewide election and serves a four-year term. New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the ERS System. The

NOTE 12. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

Teachers' Retirement System Plan Description

provide pension and ancillary benefits to teachers employed by participating employers in the State of multiple-employer public employee retirement system (PERS), administered by a 10-member Board to The New York State Teachers Retirement System (the TRS System) was created and exists pursuant to Article 11 of the New York State Education Law. The System is the administrator of a cost-sharing, www.nystrs.org Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the Systems website located at New York, excluding New York City. For additional Plan information please refer to the NYSTRS

ERS Benefits Provided

The ERS System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits

Tiers 1 and 2

age at which full benefits may be collected for Tier 1 is 55, and the full benefit age for Tier 2 is 62. must have five years of service and be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. The Eligibility: Tier 1 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must be for Tier 1 members. Tier 2 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. There is no minimum service requirement

if the member retires with less than 20 years. If the member retires with 20 or more years of service, the retirement, up to a maximum of 24 additional months. RSSL, Tier 1 and Tier 2 members who worked continuously from April 1, 1999 through October 1, 30 or more years of service can retire with no reduction in benefits. As a result of Article 19 of the years of service can retire as early as age 55 with reduced benefits. Tier 2 members age 55 or older with benefit is 2 percent of final average salary for each year of service. Tier 2 members with five or more Benefit Calculation: Generally, the benefit is 1.67 percent of final average salary for each year of service 2000 received an additional month of service credit for each year of credited service they have at

average salary calculation is limited to no more than 20 percent greater than the previous year. For Tier average of the previous two years. employment. For Tier 1 members who joined on or after June 17, 1971, each year used in the final Final average salary is the average of the wages earned in the three highest consecutive 2 members, each year of final average salary is limited to no more than 20 percent greater than the years of

Tiers 3, 4, and 5

members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must have 10 years of Eligibility: Tier 3 and 4 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must have five years of service and be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. Tier 5 service and be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. The full benefit age for Tiers 3, 4 and 5 is 62

JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 12 .PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

ERS Benefits Provided (Continued)

and 4 members age 55 or older with 30 or more years of service can retire with no reduction in benefits. 5 members with 10 or more years of service can retire as early as age 55 with reduced benefits. Tier 3 for each year of service over 30 years. Tier 3 and 4 members with five or more years of service and Tier with more than 30 years of service, an additional benefit of 1.5 percent of final average salary is applied of service, the benefit is 2 percent of final average salary for each year of service. If a member retires service if the member retires with less than 20 years. If a member retires with between 20 and 30 years Benefit Calculation: Generally, the benefit is 1.67 percent of final average salary for each year of

more than 10 percent greater than the average of the previous two years. employment. For Tier 3, 4 and 5 members, each year of final average salary calculation is limited to no Final average salary is the average of the wages earned in the three highest consecutive years of

benefit age for Tier 6 is 63 for ERS members and 62 for PFRS members. have 10 years of service and be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. The full Eligibility: Tier 6 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must

than 20 years of service, an additional benefit of 2 percent of final average salary is applied for each benefit is 1.75 percent of final average salary for each year of service. If a member retires with more service if the member retires with less than 20 years. If a member retires with 20 years of service, the year of service over 20 years. Tier 6 members with 10 or more years of service can retire as early as age Benefit Calculation: Generally, the benefit is 1.67 percent of final average salary for each year of 55 with reduced benefits.

average of the previous four years. Final average salary is the average of the wages earned in the five highest consecutive years. For Tier 6 each year of final average salary is limited to no more than 10 percent greater than the

Special Plans

half of final average salary. These plans are available to certain PFRS members, sheriffs, and correction average salary, and the 20-Year Plans allow a retirement after 20 years of service with a benefit of one-The 25-Year Plans allow a retirement after 25 years of service with a benefit of one-half of final

Disability Retirement Benefits

and other rules such as any offsets or other benefits depend on a members' tier, years of service, and benefits: ordinary, performance of duty, and accidental disability benefits. Eligibility, benefit amounts. duties because of permanent physical or mental incapacity. There are three general types of disability Disability retirement benefits are available to ERS and PFRS members unable to perform their job

JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 12. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

ERS Benefits Provided (Continued)

Ordinary Death Benefits

requirements as set forth by law. The first \$50,000 of an ordinary death benefit is paid in the form of members, there is also a reduced post-retirement ordinary death benefit available. group term life insurance. The benefit is generally three times the member's annual salary. For most Death benefits are payable upon the death, before retirement, of a member who meets eligibility

Post-Retirement Benefit Increases

Bureau of Labor, but cannot be less than 1 percent or exceed 3 percent. living percentage shall be 50 percent of the annual Consumer Price Index as published by the U.S. computed on a base benefit amount not to exceed \$18,000 of the annual retirement benefit. The cost-of-This cost-of-living adjustment is a percentage of the annual retirement benefit of the eligible member as amount that would have been paid to the retiree when the retiree would have met the eligibility criteria. by the retiree at retirement. An eligible spouse is entitled to one-half the cost-of-living adjustment five years and (v) the spouse of a deceased retiree receiving a lifetime benefit under an option elected recipients of an accidental death benefit, regardless of age, who have been receiving such benefit for 10 years; (iii) all disability pensioners, regardless of age, who have been retired for five years; (iv) ERS have been retired for five years; (ii) all pensioners who have attained age 55 and have been retired for A cost-of-living adjustment is provided annually to: (i) all pensioners who have attained age 62 and

TRS Benefits Provided

on date of membership and are subdivided into the following six classes: be amended only by the Legislature with the Governor's approval. Benefit provisions vary depending The benefits provided to members of the TRS System are established by New York State law and may

Tier 1

Members who last joined prior to July 1, 1973 are covered by the provisions of Article 11 of the Education Law

Tier 2

(RSSL). Members who last joined on or after July 1, 1973 and prior to July 27, 1976 are covered by the provisions of Article 11 of the Education Law and Article 11 of the Retirement and Social Security Law

Tier 3

provisions of Article 14 and Article 15 of the RSSL Members who last joined on or after July 27, 1976 and prior to September 1, 1983 are covered by the

NOTE 12. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

TRS Benefits Provided (Continued)

ier 4

provisions of Article 15 of the RSSL. Members who last joined on or after September 1, 1983 and prior to January 1, 2010 are covered by the

Tier 5

provisions of Article 15 of the RSSL. Members who joined on or after January 1, 2010 and prior to April 1, 2012 are covered by the

Tier 6

Members who joined on or after April 1, 2012 are covered by the provisions of Article 15 of the RSSL.

Service Retirements

Tier 1 and 2 members are generally eligible for a service retirement benefit of 2% per year of credit service times final average salary (FAS). A 5% reduction generally applies for each full year of state since July 1, 1967, after the current membership date, and since the member turned age 53. also occur for Tier 1 members at age 55 with less than five years of service if two years are credited members may retire as early as age 55 with five or more years of state service credit. Retirement may service under 20 years (prorated for partial years with a maximum reduction of 50%). Tier 1 and 2

Generally, the maximum pension payable to Tier 1 and 2 members (with two years of credit under the retire before age 62 with less than 30 years of service. There is no age factor for Tier 1 members. Article 19 Benefit Enhancement law) is 79% of FAS. An age factor applies to Tier 2 members who

early as age 55 with 5 years of state service credit. An age factor applies for Tier 3 and 4 members who and 60% of FAS plus 1.5% per year of service beyond 30 years. Tiers 3 and 4 members may retire as retire before age 62 with less than 30 years of service. credited service times FAS for less than 20 years of service. 2.0% per year for 20 to 30 years of service, Tier 3 and 4 members are generally eligible for a service retirement benefit of 1.67% per year of

of FAS plus 1.5% per year of service beyond 30 years. Tier 5 members may retire as early as age 55 service times FAS for less than 25 years of service, 2% per year for 25 - 30 years of service, and 60% between age 57 and 62 with less than 30 years of service. with 5 years of service credit. An age factor applies to Tier 5 members who retire before age 57 or retire Tier 5 members are generally eligible for a service retirement benefit of 1.67% per year of credited

service times FAS for less than 20 years of service, plus 1.75% per year for 20 years of service, and with 5 years of state service credit. An age factor applies for Tier 6 members who retire before age 63 35% of FAS plus 2% per year for service beyond 20 years. Tier 6 members may retire early as age 55 In addition, vested Tier 6 members with an inactive membership must be at least 63 to retire. Tier 6 members are generally eligible for a service retirement benefit of 1.67% per year of credited

JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 12 PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

TRS Benefits Provided (Continued)

Vested Benefits

payable at age 55 or greater with the limitations noted for service retirement above. Tier 5 and 6 members needed to attain 10 years of state service credited to be vested. Benefits are Retirement benefits for Tiers 1-6 are vested after five years of credited service. Prior to April 9, 2022,

Disability Benefits

except for Tiers 3 where disability retirement is permissible after 5 years credited New York State service pursuant to the provision of Article 14 of the RSSL. The Tier 3 benefit is integrated with Social Members are eligible for disability retirement benefits after 10 years of credited New York State service

Death Benefits

active members, the benefit is based on final salary, age and the number of years of credited service. For retired members, it is also based on the number of years in retirement. Death benefits are paid to the beneficiary of active members who die in service and certain retirees. For

Prior and Military Service

After 2 years of membership, members of all tiers may claim and receive credit for prior New York State public or teaching service. Only Tiers 1 and 2 members may, under certain conditions, claim out membership. of state service. Certain members may also claim military service credit prior to or interrupting

Tier Reinstatement

may elect to be reinstated to their original date and Tier of membership. In accordance with Chapter 640 of the Laws of 1998, any active member who had a prior membership

Permanent Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA)

retired for 10 years. Disability retirees must have been retired for 5 years, regardless of age, to be maximum annual benefit. The applicable percentage payable beginning September 2022 is 3.0% (CPI) not to exceed 3% nor be lower than 1%. It is applied to the first eighteen thousand dollars of the eligible. The annual COLA percentage is equal to 50% of the increase in the Consumer Price Index members who have attained age 62 and have been retired for 5 years or attained age 55 and have been future retired members. Section 532-a of the Education Law provides a permanent cost-of-living benefit to both current and This benefit will be paid commencing September of each year to retired

retire pursuant to the provisions of Article 14 of the RSSL are eligible for automatic cost-of-living five hundred dollars for 35 years of credited full-time New York State service. Certain members who Members who retired prior to July 1, 1970 are eligible for a minimum benefit of seventeen thousand

NOTE 12 PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

TRS Benefits Provided (Continued)

Permanent Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) (Continued)

supplementation based on the increase in the Consumer Price Index with a maximum per annum increase of 3%.

Contributions

ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 who generally contribute 3% to 3.5% of their salary for their entire length of service. In addition, employee contribution rates under ERS tier 6 vary based on a sliding salary scale. For TRS, contribution rates are The Systems is noncontributory except for employees who joined the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3 percent of their salary for the first two preceding years. These contributions were as follows: computing the employers' contributions for the ERS' fiscal year ended March 31. The District paid Education Law. The Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in established annually by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board pursuant to Article 11 of the 100% of the required contributions as billed by the TRS and ERS for the current year and each of the

| 2020 - 2021 | 2021 - 2022 | 2022 - 2023 | Year |
|-------------|-------------|--------------|--------|
| 3,036,515 | 3,183,142 | \$ 3,427,668 | NYSTRS |
| 1,455,448 | 1,398,242 | \$ 1,214,164 | NYSERS |

a discount. The District chose to prepay the required contributions to ERS by December 15th each year and received

ERS has provided additional disclosures through entities that elected to participate in Chapter 260, 57 and

Pension Assets, Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

information was provided by the ERS and TRS Systems in reports provided to the District. the net pension asset/(liability) was determined by an actuarial valuation. District's proportion of the net March 31, 2023, for ERS and June 30, 2022 for TRS. The total pension asset/(liability) used to calculate pension liability/(asset) for each of the Systems. The net pension asset/(liability) was measured as of Systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This pension asset/(liability) was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the At June 30, 2023, the District reported the following asset/(liability) for its proportionate share of the net

which was an increase of .0025616% from its proportion measured as of March 31, 2022 At March 31, 2023, the District's proportion of the NYSERS net pension asset/(liability) was 0.0341845%,

NOTE 12. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued) Pension Assets, Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows

At June 30, 2022, the District's proportion of the NYSTRS net pension asset/(liability) was 0.183381%, which was a decrease of 0.0048360% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District's recognized pension expense of \$2,647,444 for ERS and the actuarial value \$4,428,359 for TRS. At June 30, 2023, the District's reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions for the following sources:

| Total | District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date | Changes in proportion and difference between the District's contributions and proportionate share of contributions | Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments | Changes of Assumptions | Differences between expected and actual experience | 22 (1) | | |
|--|---|--|--|------------------------|--|--------|--------------|-------------------|
| 2 | | | | u | €9 | | | |
| ,986,840 | 358,142 | 287,759 | 0 | 3,560,180 | 780,759 | ERS | | |
| €9 | ĺ | | | | ↔ | İ | | Defe |
| \$ 4,986,840 \$ 19,045,796 \$ 24,032,636 | 3,426,435 | 559,208 | 4,546,743 | 6,826,056 | 3,687,354 | TRS | or Resources | Deferred Outflows |
| €9 | | | | | ↔ | ľ | | Ø |
| 24,032,636 | 3,784,577 | 846,967 | 4,546,743 | 10,386,236 | 4,468,113 | Total | | |
| 69 | | | | | \$ | | | |
| 420,472 \$ | 0 | 132,189 | 43,067 | 39,347 | 205,869 | ERS | | |
| | | | | | ↔ | | OI | Def |
| 1,804,640 | 0 | 316,619 | 0 | 1,417,509 | 70,512 | TRS | or Resources | Deferred Inflows |
| ₩ | | | | | ↔ | | | y ₀ |
| 640 \$ 2,225,112 | 0 | 448,808 | 43,067 | 1,456,856 | 276,381 | Total | | |

and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows: pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources District contributions subsequent to the measurement date which will be recognized as a reduction of the net

| Thereafter | 2027 | 2026 | 2025 | 2024 | 2023 | Year Ended: |
|------------|-------------|-------------|---------|-------------|---------------|-------------|
| 0 | (2,026,355) | (1,545,693) | 381,294 | (1,017,472) | \$ | ERS |
| (80,798) | (1,200,998) | (9,065,114) | 494,734 | (1,369,821) | \$(2,592,724) | TRS |

NOTE 12. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

April 1, 2022, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to March 31, 2023. The total ERS pension liability at March 31, 2023 was determined by using an actuarial valuation as of

actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions. 30, 2021, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2022. These The total TRS pension liability at June 30, 2022 was determined by using an actuarial valuation as of June

| | Decrement Tables Basec actua: period 2020 | Investment Rate of Return, 5.90 Including Inflation | Cost of Living Adjustments | | Projected Salary Increases | Inflation Rate | Measurement Date | |
|----------------------|--|--|----------------------------|--|--|----------------|------------------|-----|
| Society of Actuaries | Based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2015 to March 31, 2020 | 5.90%, compounded annually, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation. | 1.5% | | 4.4% | 2.9% | March 31, 2023 | ERS |
| Society of Actuaries | Based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2020. | 6.95%, compounded annually, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation. | 1.3%, compounded annually | Service 5 15 25 35 | Rates of increase differ based on service. They have been calculated based upon recent NYSTRS member experience. | 2.4% | June 30, 2022 | TRS |
| م مناهم | s of an actuarial or the period July , 2020. | ed annually, net of stment expense, inflation. | nded annually | Rate 5.18% 3.64% 2.50% 1.95% | e differ based on e been calculated NYSTRS member ience. | % |), 2022 | S |

each the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block

JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 12. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of the measurement date of June 30, 2022 from the financial statement presentation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major The Long Term Expected Rates of Return are presented by asset allocation classification, which differs for TRS and March 31, 2023 for ERS are summarized in the following table:

| | H | ERS | | | TRS |
|--|--------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------|-----------------|
| Measurement Date | March | March 31, 2023 | Measurement Date | June : | June 30, 2022 |
| | | Long-term | | | Long-term |
| | Target | expected real | | Target | expected real |
| | Allocation | rate of return | | Allocation | rate of return* |
| Asset Class: | | | Asset Class: | | |
| Domestic Equity | 32% | 3.30% | Domestic Equities | 33% | 6.50% |
| International Equity | 15% | 5.85% | International Equities | 16% | 7.20% |
| Private Equity | 10% | 6.50% | Global Equities | 4% | 6.90% |
| Real Estate | 9% | 5.00% | Real Estate Equities | 11% | 6.20% |
| Opportunist/ARS Portfolio | 3% | 4.10% | Private Equities | 8% | 9.90% |
| Credit | 4% | 3.78% | Domestic Fixed Income | 16% | 1.10% |
| Real Assets | 3% | 5.80% | Global Bonds | 2% | 0.60% |
| Fixed Income | 23% | 0.00% | Private Debt | 2% | 5.30% |
| Cash | 1% | -0.01% | Real Estate Debt | 6% | 2.40% |
| | | | High-yield Bonds | 1% | 3.30% |
| Total | 100% | | Cash Equivalents | 1% | -0.30% |
| The real rate of return is net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.50%. | e long-term inflat | ion | Total | 100% | |

^{*} Real rates of return are net of a long-term inflation

Discount Rate

position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the System's fiduciary net periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. members. Therefore the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 5.90% for ERS and 6.95% for TRS. The

NOTE 12. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate referred to above: the net pension asset/(liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentagecalculated using the discount rates referred to above, as well as what the District's proportionate share of The following presents the District's proportionate share of the ERS and TRS net pension liability

| Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/(Liability) | TRS | Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/(Liability) | ERS |
|---|-----------------------------|---|-----------------------------|
| (32,44 | 1% Decrease 5.95% | \$ (17,714,755) | 1% Decrease 4.90% |
| (32,445,836) | ase | [4,755) | ase |
| (3,518,892) | Current Discount Rate 6.95% | \$ (7,330,534) | Current Discount Rate 5.90% |
| 20 | Inc. | \$ 1 | Inc. 6. |
| 20,808,478 | 1% Increase 7.95% | 1,346,692 | I% Increase 6.90% |

Pension plan fiduciary net position

indicated below were as follows: The components of the current-year net pension liability of the employers as of the measurement dates

| | (Dolla: | (Dollars in Thousands) |
|--|------------------|------------------------|
| | ERS | TRS |
| Measurement Date | March 31, 2023 | June 30, 2022 |
| Employers' total pension asset/(liability) | \$ (232,627,259) | \$ (133,883,474) |
| Plan net position | 211,183,223 | 131,964,582 |
| Employer's net pension asset/(liability) | \$ (21,444,036) | \$ (1,918,892) |
| Ratio of plan net position to the employers' total pension asset/(liability) | 90.78% | 98.57% |

Payables to the Pension Plan

amounted to \$358,142 of employer contributions. Employee contributions are remitted monthly. contributions for the period of April 1, 2023 through June 30, 2023 based on paid ERS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2023 March 31st. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2023 represent the projected employer For ERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year which ends on

30, 2023. Employer contributions are based on paid TRS covered wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2023 amounted to \$3,816,993. contributions as of June 30, 2023 represent employee and employer contributions for the year ended June For TRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 are paid to the System in September, October and November 2023 through state aid intercept. Accrued retirement

NOTE 13. INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY.

Interfund balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2023, were as follows:

| Inter | hund | | Inter | runa | |
|------------|---|--|---------|---|---|
| Receivable | Payable | R | | Ex | Expenditures |
| 2,193,374 | \$ 2,328,073 | €9 | 0 | €9 | \$ 335,463 |
| 0 | 2,193,374 | | 290,579 | | 0 |
| 44,884 | 0 | | 44,884 | | 0 |
| 2,283,189 | 11,687 | | 0 | | 0 |
| 11,687 | 0 | 1 | 0 | | 0 |
| 4,533,134 | \$ 4,533,134 | €> | 335,463 | 8 | 335,463 |
| 1 72 | 2,193,374 2,193,374 0 44,884 2,283,189 11,687 4,533,134 | Payable \$ 2,328,073 2,193,374 0 11,687 0 \$ 4,533,134 | | Revenues \$ 290,579 44,884 0 \$ 335,463 | Revenues \$ 290,579 44,884 0 \$ 335,463 |

issues. All interfund payables are expected to be repaid within one year. typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow Interfund receivables and payables are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position. The District

Summer Handicapped Program not funded by aid from New York State. The District typically transfers from the General Fund to the Special Aid Fund to fund the portion of the

NOTE 14. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS.

time. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75. contracts. plan is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the District based on employment OPEB for eligible retired employees, their spouses and their dependent children. The District's OPEB Plan Description - The District's defined benefit OPEB plan ("the District's OPEB plan"), provides As these employment contracts are renegotiated, eligibility and benefits may change over

postemployment benefits are as follows: employees, their spouses and their dependent children. Benefits Provided - The District's OPEB plan subsidizes the cost of healthcare to eligible retired Minimum eligibility requirements for

Employees are eligible for postretirement benefits if he/she has met the following requirements:

| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| o Teachers | o CSEA | o Cabinet | o Administrators |
| Age 55 with 10 Years of Service | Age 55 with 20 Years of Service | Age 55 with 5 Years of Service | Age 55 with 5 Years of Service |

- reimbursed a portion of the Medicare Part B premiums for those retiring after 9/1/19. Surviving spouses are not eligible for Medicare Part B Reimbursement. its own viable self-funded insurance plan, only district employees (not spouses) will be retirees and covered spouses that retire prior to 9/1/2019. As a result of the district establishing The School District reimburses a portion of the cost of Medicare Part B premiums to both
- September 2016 The Medicare part B reimbursement was frozen at \$104.90/ month for all retirees effective

JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 14. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS. (Continued)

assumed to receive the following cost sharing arrangements. specific cost sharing arrangement in the data provided by the District. Future retirees are upon their cost sharing agreement with the District. Retirees and Spouses are required to make a contribution towards the cost of coverage based Current retirees were supplied with their

| | | | District Re | District Retirement Contribution % for | ribution % for |
|---|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|--|----------------|
| istrators/Cabinet inated 7/1/18 - 6/30/19) 5 - 9 85% 70% 70% inated 7/1/19 - 6/30/20) 5 - 9 80% 75% 75% 75% inated 7/1/20 - 6/30/21) 5 - 9 80% 75% 75% 75% inated Post 7/1/21) 5 - 9 75% 75% 75% 75% inated Post 7/1/18 - 6/30/19) 10 - 14 80% N/A 75% inated Post 7/1/19 - 6/30/20) 10 - 14 80% N/A 75% inated Post 7/1/20) 10 - 14 75% N/A 75% inated Post 7/1/20) 10 - 14 75% N/A 75% inated Post 7/1/20) 10 - 14 75% N/A 75% inated Post 7/1/20) 10 - 14 75% N/A 75% inated Post 7/1/20) 10 - 14 75% N/A 75% inated Post 7/1/20) 10 - 14 75% N/A 75% inated Post 7/1/20) 10 - 14 70% N/A 75% inated Post 7/1/20) 10 - 14 70% N/A 75% inated Post 7/1/20) 10 - 14 75% N/A 75% inated Post 7/1/20) 10 - 14 70% N/A 75% inated Post 7/1/20) 10 - 14 70% N/A 75% inated Post 7/1/20) 10 - 14 70% N/A 75% inated Post 7/1/20) 10 - 14 70% N/A 75% inated Post 7/1/20) 10 - 14 70% N/A 75% | Employment Unit | Yrs. Of Svc | ΙΗI | 2 Person | Family |
| inated 7/1/18 - 6/30/19) 5 - 9 85% 70% 70% inated 7/1/19 - 6/30/20) 5 - 9 80% 70% 75% inated 7/1/20 - 6/30/21) 5 - 9 80% 70% 70% inated Post 7/1/21) 5 - 9 75% 75% 75% inated Post 7/1/18 - 6/30/20) 10 - 14 80% 75% 75% inated 7/1/19 - 6/30/20) 10 - 14 80% N/A 75% inated Post 7/1/20) 10 - 14 75% N/A 75% inated Post 7/1/20) 10 - 14 75% N/A 75% inated Post 7/1/20) 10 - 14 75% N/A 75% inated Post 7/1/20) 10 - 14 75% N/A 75% inated Post 7/1/20) 10 - 14 75% N/A 75% inated Post 7/1/20) 10 - 14 75% N/A 75% inated Post 7/1/20) 10 - 14 75% N/A 75% inated Post 7/1/20) 10 - 14 75% N/A 75% inated Post 7/1/20) 10 - 14 75% N/A 75% inated Post 7/1/20) 10 - 14 75% N/A 75% | Administrators/Cabinet | | | | |
| 10+ 90% 75% 75% mated 7/1/19 - 6/30/20) 5 - 9 80% 75% 70% inated 7/1/20 - 6/30/21) 5 - 9 75% 75% 75% mated Post 7/1/21) 5 - 9 70% 70% 70% mated 7/1/18 - 6/30/19) 10 - 14 80% 75% 75% mated 7/1/19 - 6/30/20) 10 - 14 75% N/A 75% mated Post 7/1/20) 10 - 14 75% N/A 75% mated Post 7/1/20) 10 - 14 75% N/A 75% mated Post 7/1/20) 10 - 14 75% N/A 75% mated Post 7/1/20) 10 - 14 75% N/A 75% 15 - 19 80% N/A 75% 15 - 19 80% N/A 75% | (Terminated $7/1/18 - 6/30/19$) | 5 - 9 | 85% | 70% | 70% |
| nated 7/1/19 - 6/30/20) 5 - 9 80% 70% 70% nated 7/1/20 - 6/30/21) 5 - 9 75% 75% 75% inated Post 7/1/21) 5 - 9 70% 75% 75% inated Post 7/1/21) 5 - 9 70% 70% 75% inated 7/1/18 - 6/30/19) 10 - 14 80% 75% 75% inated 7/1/19 - 6/30/20) 10 - 14 80% N/A 75% inated Post 7/1/20) 10 - 14 75% N/A 75% inated Post 7/1/20) 10 - 14 70% N/A 75% inated Post 7/1/20) 10 - 14 70% N/A 75% inated Post 7/1/20) 10 - 14 70% N/A 75% inated Post 7/1/20) 10 - 14 70% N/A 75% inated Post 7/1/20) 10 - 14 70% N/A 75% inated Post 7/1/20) 10 - 14 70% N/A 75% inated Post 7/1/20) 10 - 14 70% N/A 75% inated Post 7/1/20) 10 - 14 70% N/A 75% | | 10+ | 90% | 75% | 75% |
| inated 7/1/20 - 6/30/21) 5 - 9 75% 75% 75% 75% 75% 70% 70% 70% 70% 75% 75% 75% 75% 75% 75% 75% 75% 75% 75 | (Terminated 7/1/19 - 6/30/20) | 5 - 9 | 80% | 70% | 70% |
| Inated 7/1/20 - 6/30/21) 5 - 9 10 + 75% 80% 70% 75% 70% 75% 70% 75% Inated Post 7/1/21) 5 - 9 10 + 70% 10 + 70% 75% 70% 75% 70% 75% Inated 7/1/18 - 6/30/19) 10 - 14 15 - 19 80% 85% N/A 65% N/A Inated 7/1/19 - 6/30/20) 10 - 14 15 - 19 75% 80% N/A 65% N/A Inated Post 7/1/20) 10 - 14 15 - 19 70% 85% N/A 70% 70% N/A Inated Post 7/1/20) 10 - 14 15 - 19 70% 85% N/A 65% 75% Inated Post 7/1/20) 10 - 14 15 - 19 70% 85% N/A 70% 70% Inated Post 7/1/20) 10 - 14 15 - 19 70% 80% N/A 70% 70% Inated Post 7/1/20) 10 - 14 15 - 19 70% 80% N/A 70% 70% | | 10+ | 85% | 75% | 75% |
| inated Post 7/1/21) 5 - 9 70% 75% 75% 75% 75% 10+ 80% 75% 75% 75% 75% 75% 75% 75% 75% 75% 75 | (Terminated 7/1/20 - 6/30/21) | 5-9 | 75% | 70% | 70% |
| inated Post 7/1/21) 5 - 9 70% 70% 70% 75% 75% 75% 75% 75% 75% 75% 75% 75% 75 | | 10+ | 80% | 75% | 75% |
| 10+ 75% 75% 75% 20+ 90% 75% 75% inated 7/1/18 - 6/30/19) 10 - 14 80% N/A 65% 15 - 19 85% N/A 75% inated 7/1/19 - 6/30/20) 10 - 14 75% N/A 75% 15 - 19 80% N/A 75% inated Post 7/1/20) 10 - 14 75% N/A 75% 20+ 85% N/A 75% 20+ 80% N/A 75% N/A 75% 20+ 80% N/A 75% N/A 75% N/A 75% N/A 75% | (Terminated Post 7/1/21) | 5 - 9 | 70% | 70% | 70% |
| 10 - 14 80% N/A 65% inated 7/1/18 - 6/30/19) 10 - 14 80% N/A 65% 20+ 90% N/A 75% inated 7/1/19 - 6/30/20) 10 - 14 75% N/A 75% inated Post 7/1/20) 20+ 85% N/A 75% inated Post 7/1/20) 10 - 14 70% N/A 75% 20+ 85% N/A 75% 20+ 85% N/A 75% N/A 75% 20+ 80% N/A 75% | | 10+ | 75% | 75% | 75% |
| nated 7/1/18 - 6/30/19) 10 - 14 80% N/A 65% 20+ 90% N/A 75% nated 7/1/19 - 6/30/20) 110 - 14 75% N/A 75% 15 - 19 80% N/A 75% 20+ 85% N/A 75% 15 - 19 80% N/A 75% 20+ 85% N/A 75% 20+ 80% N/A 75% 20+ 80% N/A 75% N/A 75% 20+ 80% N/A 75% N/A 75% | CSEA | 20+ | 90% | 75% | 75% |
| 10 - 14 80% N/A 65% 15 - 19 85% N/A 70% 20+ 90% N/A 75% 10 - 14 75% N/A 65% 15 - 19 80% N/A 70% 20+ 85% N/A 75% 10 - 14 70% N/A 65% 15 - 19 75% N/A 70% 20+ 80% N/A 75% 20+ 80% N/A 75% | MVTA | | | | |
| 15-19 85% N/A 70% 20+ 90% N/A 75% 10-14 75% N/A 65% 15-19 80% N/A 70% 20+ 85% N/A 75% 10-14 70% N/A 65% 15-19 75% N/A 70% 20+ 80% N/A 70% 20+ 80% N/A 75% | (Terminated $7/1/18 - 6/30/19$) | 10 - 14 | 80% | N/A | 65% |
| 20+ 90% N/A 75% 220) 10 - 14 75% N/A 65% 15 - 19 80% N/A 70% 20+ 85% N/A 75% 10 - 14 70% N/A 65% 15 - 19 75% N/A 65% 20+ 80% N/A 75% | , | 15 - 19 | 85% | N/A | 70% |
| 20) 10 - 14 75% N/A 65% 15 - 19 80% N/A 70% 20+ 85% N/A 75% 10 - 14 70% N/A 65% 15 - 19 75% N/A 70% 20+ 80% N/A 75% | | 20+ | 90% | N/A | 75% |
| 15-19 80% N/A 70% 20+ 85% N/A 75% 10-14 70% N/A 65% 15-19 75% N/A 70% 20+ 80% N/A 75% | (Terminated 7/1/19 - 6/30/20) | 10 - 14 | 75% | N/A | 65% |
| 20+ 85% N/A 75% 10-14 70% N/A 65% 15-19 75% N/A 70% 20+ 80% N/A 75% | | 15 - 19 | 80% | N/A | 70% |
| 10 - 14 70% N/A 65% 15 - 19 75% N/A 70% 20+ 80% N/A 75% | | 20+ | 85% | N/A | 75% |
| 15-19 75% N/A 70% 20+ 80% N/A 75% | (Terminated Post 7/1/20) | 10 - 14 | 70% | N/A | 65% |
| 80% N/A 75% | , | 15 - 19 | 75% | N/A | 70% |
| | | 20+ | 80% | N/A : | 75% |

arrangement based on when they retired. The cost sharing arrangements above are for future retirees. Current retirees may have a different

premium. Upon the death of the retiree, surviving spouses will contribute 100% of the cost of the blended

following employees were covered by the benefit terms: Employees Covered by Benefit Terms – At July 1, 2020, the actuarial valuation date, the Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments Active employees 935 459 476

Total Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

NOTE 14. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS. (Continued)

Total OPEB Liability

actuarial accrued liability to June 30, 203... determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022 with update procedures used to roll forward the The District's total OPEB liability of \$143,920,407 was measured as of June 30, 2022, and was

periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified: valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs - The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2022 actuarial

Current Retirees' Share of Benefit Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Discount Rate an ultimate rate of 4.50% for 2031 and ultimate rate of 4.50% for 2031 and later Pre-65: 8.27% for 2022, decreasing to an Retirees pay 0% - 30% of the cost of Post-65: 8.85% for 2022, decreasing to later years 3.54%

Related Costs

single coverage and 25% - 60% for the spouse/family based on years of service

100% of the Premium cost.

with the District. Surviving spouse pays

Obligation Bond Index closest to the measurement date. The discount rate was based on a review of the yield derived from the Bond Buyer 20 General

generationally with adjustments for mortality improvements based on the SOA Scale MP-2021 Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 Headcount Weighted Mortality Table projected

of retirement from the active plan and is based on age and gender experience study included in the valuation reports for ERS and TRS which are used to estimate the rate The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial

NOTE 14. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS. (Continued)

Total OPEB Liability (Continued)

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

| Net Changes Balance at June 30, 2023 | Changes in assumptions or other inputs Benefit payments | Interest Differences between expected and actual experience | Changes for the Year: Service cost | Balance at June 30, 2022 |
|---|--|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| (25,447,433) \$143,920,407 | $\begin{array}{c} (32,311,487) \\ (2,942,157) \end{array}$ | (1,489,677) | 7,506,998 | \$169,367,840 |

Changes of benefit terms reflect the following changes:

- The discount rate was updated from 2.16% to 3.54% to be consistent with GASB 75 requirements and is based on the Bond Buyer 20 GO Bond Index.
- The ERS Retirement, Termination and Disability Rates were updated to reflect the recent ERS experience study.
- Health care cost trends were revised.
- The impact of the excise tax has been eliminated

were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it the current discount rate: Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the

| \$ 124,024,118 | 143,920,407 | \$ 168,757,596 \$ | tal OPEB Liability |
|----------------|---------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| (4.54%) | (3.54%) | (2.54%) | |
| Increase | Discount Rate | Decrease | |
| 1% | Current | 1% | |

percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate: presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates - The following

| Total OPEB Liability \$ 123, | Dec | 1 |
|------------------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| 123,195,511 |)ecrease | % |
| ↔ | Cos | Curre |
| 143,920,407 | Cost Trend Rates | Current Health Care |
| \$ 170,577,314 | Increase | 1% |

JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 14. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS. (Continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

resources related to OPEB. 2023, the District reported the following deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$6,255,870. At June 30,

| Total | District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date | Changes of assumptions or other inputs | Difference between actual and expected experience | |
|--------------------------|---|--|---|--|
| 69 | | | ↔ | Defe of |
| 27,398,748 \$ 40,812,921 | 3,298,275 | 21,332,713 | 2,767,760 \$ 2,801,015 | Deferred Outflows Deferred Inflows of Resources of Resources |
| \$ | | | ↔ | Def of |
| 40,812,921 | 0 | 38,011,906 | 2,801,015 | eferred Inflows of Resources |

resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as OPEB liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the

| Thereafter | 2028 | 2027 | 2026 | 2025 | 2024 | Fiscal Year Ending June 30, |
|-------------|-------------|---------|-------------|-------------|---------------|-----------------------------|
| (5,658,985) | (1,391,094) | 194,384 | (1,031,191) | (3,785,544) | \$(5,040,018) | Amount |

NOTE 15. RISK MANAGEMENT.

General Information

purchased omissions, natural disasters, and other risks. These risks are covered by commercial insurance commercial insurance coverage for the past two years The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage, injuries, errors and from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded

Workers' Compensation

geographic area, and is considered a self-sustaining risk pool that will provide coverage for its members up to \$500,000 per insured event. The pool obtains independent coverage for insured events The pool is operated for the benefit of 20 individual governmental units located with the pool's a non-risk-retained public entity risk pool for its employee health and accident insurance coverage. The District participates in the Orange/Ulster School District Workers Compensation Plan. The plan is in excess of the \$500,000 limit, and the District has essentially transferred all related risk to the pool.

JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 14. RISK MANAGEMENT. (Continued)

Self-Funded Medical and Prescription Plan

the District's health plan. EmpiRx is the third-party claims administrator for the District's prescription \$652,000 have been recorded as provided by Empire. on or before year end, but which were not paid by the District as of that date in the amount of EmpiRx. Health claims and prescription claims reported and unreported claims which were incurred Empire. The District pays prescription claims and related administrative fees on a bi-weekly basis to contributions. The District pays the medical claims and related administrative fees on a weekly basis to which are funded by the District. Empire Blue Cross, Inc. is the third-party claims administrator for retirees. The benefit administrators are responsible for the approval, processing and payment of claims The District self-insures for medical and prescription health insurance benefits for all eligible staff and The cost of medical and prescription claims are paid out of employee and

provides full coverage for aggregate claims in excess of 125% of expected claims. The specific stop and specific stop loss coverage from Empire Blue Cross Insurance Company. The aggregate insurance \$351,620. loss insurance assumes the risk for claims on any individual in excess of \$250,000 paid during the plan To provide claims protection for unanticipated large claims, the District has purchased both aggregate year. The plan recovered reimbursements from the stop loss policy for 2022-2023, in the amount of

Self-Funded Dental and Vision Plan

claims administrator for the District's dental plan. Empire Blue View, Inc. is the third party claims administrator for the District's vision plan. The claims for dental and vision care are paid out of administrative fees on a weekly basis by transferring funds to Delta Dental. employee, retiree and employer contributions. and payment of claims which are funded by the District. Delta Dental of New York is the third party administrators. (The teachers' union maintains their own Benefit Trust Fund for dental and vision benefits for active employees.) The benefit administrators are responsible for the approval, processing The District is self-insured for dental and vision benefits for active and retired support staff and The District pays the dental claims and related

individual, which is \$1,500 for active employees and \$1,000 for retirees for the year ended June 30 both have a limited potential liability that does not represent a significant portion of the overall health 2023. The vision benefits are limited to an annual plan maximum of approximately \$250 per covered insurance The District has not purchased stop loss insurance on the self-funded dental or vision plans as they costs. The District's liability is limited to the annual dental maximum per covered

Claims Activity for the fiscal year is summarized below

| \$ 652,000 | \$ 12,547,432 | \$ 13,199,432 | 2023 |
|-------------|---------------|---------------|------|
| End of Year | Payments | Estimates | |
| Balances at | Claims | Changes In | |
| | | Claims and | |

Incurred but not reported for fiscal year end June 30:

2023 652,000

JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 16. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

prior years' experience, the District's administration believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial. The District has received grants, which are subject to audit by agencies of the state and federal governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on

determined at the present time. Any payments resulting from adverse decisions in excess of the Tax There are currently pending certiorari proceedings, the results of which could require the payment of future tax refunds by the School District if existing assessments rolls are modified based on the Certiorari Reserve will be funded in the year the payment is made. outcome of the litigation proceedings. However, the amount of these possible refunds cannot be

NOTE 17. ENCUMBRANCES

following fund as of June 30, 2023: of budgets for the year ended June 30, 2023 have been included in the assigned fund balances of the actual liability amount is determined and recorded as an expenditure. Encumbrances of appropriations penalties that are chargeable to an account. They cease to be encumbrances when paid or when the Encumbrances represent contracts, purchase orders, payroll commitments, tax payables, or legal

| Total Encumbrances | General Fund |
|--------------------|--------------|
| \$ | S |
| 768,122 | 768,122 |

NOTE 18. TAX ABATEMENT

all real property taxes. However, the IDA requires the execution of a Payment in Lieu of Taxes constructed on the property. School District in which it is located and a graduated percentage of taxes upon the improvements current real property taxes, including land and special district taxes, to the County, Town/Village and (PILOT) Agreement with the company which requires the company to pay a reduced portion of the takes title or a leasehold interest in the property thereby technically making the property exempt from upgrade certain real property within Orange County. For a qualified and approved project, the IDA General Municipal Law, Section 874 in order to induce businesses to acquire, renovate, construct and agreements are entered into by the IDA under New York Real Property Tax Law, Section 412-a and agreements that reduced the District's gross tax The Orange County Industrial Development Agency ("the IDA") entered into property tax abatement revenues. Generally, property tax abatement

of \$1,451,619. these property tax abatement agreements and received payments in lieu of tax (PILOT) in the amount For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the District abated property taxes totaling \$2,623,658 under

NOTE 19. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The District has evaluated subsequent events through October 6, 2023 the date that the financial statements were available to be issued. No significant subsequent events have been identified that would require adjustment of or disclosure in the accompanying financial statements.

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

SLATE HILL, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| | | Changes of assumptions. Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period | Notes to Schedule: | Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll | Covered-employee payroll | Total OPEB liability-ending | Net change in total OPEB liability Total OPEB liability-beginning | Total OPEB Liability Service cost Interest Changes of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions or other inputs Benefit payments |
|-------|----------|---|--------------------|--|--------------------------|-----------------------------|---|--|
| 3.54% | 06/30/23 | effect the effects of change | | 382.49% | \$ 37,627,665 | \$143,920,407 | (25,447,433) 169,367,840 | \$ 7,506,998 3,788,890 (1,489,677) (32,311,487) (2,942,157) |
| 2.16% | 06/30/22 | s in the discount rate eac | | 401.62% | \$ 42,171,216 | \$ 169,367,840 | 13,134,853 156,232,987 | \$ 6,468,196 3,567,096 0 (605,489) 6,307,472 (2,602,422) |
| 2.21% | 06/30/21 | h period. The following | | 398.72% | \$ 39,183,327 | \$ 156,232,987 | 32,920,244 123,312,743 | \$ 4,749,279 4,451,803 0 4,441,662 21,758,975 (2,481,475) |
| 3.51% | 06/30/20 | are the discount rates use | | 299.74% | \$ 41,139,248 | \$ 123,312,743 | 12,833,160 110,479,583 | \$ 4,127,088 4,382,110 0 103,413 6,994,568 (2,774,019) |
| 3.87% | 06/30/19 | ed in each period | | 285.12% | \$ 38,749,014 | \$110,479,583 | (36,423,145) 146,902,728 | \$ 4,795,821 \$,384,085 (24,077,442) (3,157,237) (16,734,976) (2,633,396) |
| 3.58% | 06/30/18 | | | 371.93% | \$ 39,497,431 | \$146,902,728 | (13,409,823) 160,312,551 | \$ 5,849,078 4,701,558 0 0 (21,554,166) (2,406,293) |

| 3.54% 2.16% 2.21% | | of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The following are the o |
|-------------------|-------------|--|
| | 21 06/30/20 | ollowing are the discountrates used in each borroa |
| 3.87% | 06/30/19 | en in cach borroa |
| 3.58% | 06/30/18 | |

Underlying claims were updated to reflect the most recent claims experience for the 6/30/19 period

For the 6/30/22 period, the mortality improvement scale has been updated from the MP-2010 MP-2021 For the 6/30/21 period, the mortality improvement scale has been updated from the MP-2018 to MP-2020

For the 6/30/19 period, the mortality assumption was updated from the RP-2014 Combined Healthy Generational Mortality Table with projection scale MP-2016 from the Central Year to the PUB-2010 Headcount Weighted Mortality Table with projection scale MP-2018 varying based on Bargaining Unit Classification.

For the 6/30/18 period, the salary scale was updated to service-based tables from ERS and TRS.

For the 6/30/18 period, health care cost trends rates were updated based on national average information from a variety of sources, including S&P Healthcare Economic Index, NHCE data, plan renewal data, and vendor Rx reports, with adjustments based on provisions of the benefits sponsored by the Minisink Valley Central School District.

presented for those years which information is available. Data will be accumulated over time and presented according to GASB 75. * GASB 75 requires that the past 10 years of information be presented. However, until a full 10 year trend is compiled, information is

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SLATE HILL, NEW YORK

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| DEVENIUE G | | DRIGINAL BUDGET | - | CURRENT FINAL YEAR'S BUDGET REVENUES | | YEAR'S | | VER (UNDER) VISED BUDGET |
|---|----|--------------------|----|--------------------------------------|----|-------------|----|-----------------------------|
| REVENUES | | | | | | | | |
| LOCAL SOURCES: | | | | | | | | |
| Real Property Taxes | \$ | 47,428,793 | \$ | 47,428,793 | \$ | 47,580,074 | \$ | 151,281 |
| Other Tax Items | | 5,194,283 | | 5,194,283 | | 5,082,708 | | (111,575) |
| Charges for Services | | 55,500 | | 55,500 | | 99,917 | | 44,417 |
| Use of Money & Property | | 30,000 | | 30,000 | | 1,106,205 | | 1,076,205 |
| Sale of Property & Compensation for Loss | | 227,391 | | 227,391 | | 1,440,883 | | 1,213,492 |
| Miscellaneous | | 721,000 | | 734,032 | | 1,520,739 | | 786,707 |
| STATE SOURCES | | 44,472,085 | | 44,472,085 | | 45,149,408 | | 677,323 |
| FEDERAL SOURCES | | 110,000 | | 110,000 | | 349,427 | | 239,427 |
| OTHER SOURCES: | | | | | | | | |
| Leases | | 0 | | 0 | | 111,905 | | 111,905 |
| Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangement | : | 0 | | 0 | | 17,671 | | 17,671 |
| Operating Transfers In | | 155,000 | | 155,000 | 8 | 0 | 10 | (155,000) |
| TOTAL REVENUES | | 98,394,052 | | 98,407,084 | \$ | 102,458,937 | \$ | 4,051,853 |
| APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE | | 7,858,449 | | 7,858,449 | | | | |
| TOTAL REVENUES & APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE | \$ | 106,252,501 | \$ | 106,265,533 | | | | , |

$\underline{\text{MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT}}$

SLATE HILL, NEW YORK

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| | ORIGINA BUDGE | - |] | FINAL BUDGET | | URRENT YEAR'S ENDITURES | ENCUM | BRANCES | UNENCUMBERED BALANCE | | |
|--|------------------|--------|----|-----------------|----|-------------------------------|-------|---------|-------------------------|-----------|--|
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | | | | | | |
| GENERAL SUPPORT: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Board of Education | \$ | 38,500 | \$ | 1,929,769 | \$ | 1,913,169 | \$ | 530 | \$ | 16,070 | |
| Central Administration | 6 | 52,404 | | 662,560 | | 636,889 | | 0 | | 25,671 | |
| Finance | 81 | 03,464 | | 880,444 | | 865,896 | | 0 | | 14,548 | |
| Staff | 6 | 41,036 | | 628,278 | | 596,431 | | 18,046 | | 13,801 | |
| Central Services | 5,89 | 92,681 | | 5,934,818 | | 4,946,057 | | 230,928 | | 757,833 | |
| Special Items | 1,2 | 58,869 | | 1,258,169 | | 1,154,414 | | 2,000 | | 101,755 | |
| INSTRUCTIONAL: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Instruction, Administration & Improvement | | 64,641 | | 2,718,385 | | 2,617,544 | | 17,531 | | 83,310 | |
| Teaching - Regular School | | 11,789 | | 25,565,652 | | 25,002,468 | | 52,668 | | 510,516 | |
| Programs for Children with Handicapping Conditions | 20,3 | 12,631 | | 20,419,283 | | 19,378,966 | | 162,474 | | 877,843 | |
| Occupational Education | 2,8 | 84,860 | | 3,017,556 | | 3,017,556 | | 0 | | 0 | |
| Teaching - Special Schools | 5 | 94,066 | | 594,066 | | 567,618 | | 0 | | 26,448 | |
| Instructional Media | 1,5 | 20,527 | | 1,537,546 | | 1,229,182 | | 153,973 | | 154,391 | |
| Pupil Services | 3,6 | 36,304 | | 3,777,139 | | 3,499,544 | | 6,532 | | 271,063 | |
| Capital Outlay | | 0 | | 0 | | 129,576 | | 0 | | (129,576) | |
| PUPIL TRANSPORTATION | 5,5 | 44,156 | | 5,597,463 | | 5,205,751 | | 1,197 | | 390,515 | |
| COMMUNITY SERVICES | 2 | 43,600 | | 243,600 | | 169,257 | | 25,730 | | 48,613 | |
| EMPLOYEE BENEFITS | 25,5 | 81,278 | | 22,489,671 | | 21,129,536 | | 96,513 | | 1,263,622 | |
| DEBT SERVICE: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Debt Service - Principal | 6,2 | 59,223 | | 6,443,638 | | 6,443,547 | | 0 | | 91 | |
| Debt Service - Interest | 1,9 | 59,222 | | 2,229,362 | | 2,229,362 | | 0 | | 0 | |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES | 105,9 | 59,251 | | 105,927,399 | | 100,732,763 | | 768,122 | | 4,426,514 | |
| OTHER USES: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Operating Transfers Out | 2 | 93,250 | | 338,134 | : | 335,463 | | 0 | | 2,671 | |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES & OTHER USES | \$ 106,2 | 52,501 | \$ | 106,265,533 | S | 101,068,226 | \$ | 768,122 | \$ | 4,429,185 | |
| EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES | | | | | | | | | | | |
| OVER REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES | | | | | \$ | 1,390,711 | | | | | |

See paragraph on supplementary schedules included in auditor's report.

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SLATE HILL, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NYSERS Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years

| | 3/31/2023 | 3/31/2022 | 3/31/2021 | 3/31/2020 | 3/31/2019 | 3/31/2018 | 3/31/2017 | 3/31/2016 | 3/31/2015 | 3/31/2014 | |
|---|----------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--|
| District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability) | 0.0341845% | 0.0316229% | 0.0313466% | 0.0342779% | 0.0323099% | 0.0324686% | 0.0298419% | 0.0289498% | 0.0304224% | 0.0304224% | |
| District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) | \$ (7,330,534) | \$ 2,585,042 | \$ (31,213) | \$ (9,076,986) | \$ (2,289,253) | \$ (1,047,908) | \$ (2,804,013) | \$ (4,646,522) | \$ (4,646,522) | \$ (1,374,745) | |
| District's covered-employee payroll | \$ 10,281,142 | \$ 9,529,628 | \$ 9,937,736 | \$ 9,373,351 | \$ 10,428,582 | \$ 9,630,182 | \$ 9,277,692 | \$ 8,556,497 | \$ 7,905,074 | \$ 8,298,551 | |
| District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll | -71.30% | 27.13% | -0.31% | -96.84% | -21.95% | -10.88% | -30.22% | -54.30% | -58.78% | -16.57% | |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | 90.78% | 103.65% | 99.95% | 86.39% | 98.24% | 94.70% | 90.68% | 97.95% | 97.15% | 97.15% | |
| NYSTRS Pension Plan Last 10 Piscal Years* | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6/30/2022 6/30/2021 6/29/2020 6/30/2019 6/30/2018 6/30/2017 6/29/2016 6/30/2015 6/30/2014 6/30/2013 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability) | 0.183381% | 0.188217% | 0.188302% | 0.197373% | 0.193628% | 0.186197% | 0.183725% | 0.182369% | 0.179922% | 0.176529% | |
| District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) | \$ (3,518,892) | \$ 32,616,156 | \$ (5,203,281) | \$ 5,127,757 | \$ 3,501,313 | \$ 1,415,286 | \$ (1,967,771) | \$18,942,345 | \$ 20,042,154 | \$ 1,162,006 | |
| District's covered-employee payroll | \$ 33,298,691 | \$ 32,518,106 | \$ 31,952,855 | \$ 31,765,898 | \$ 31,539,906 | \$29,520,317 | \$28,350,603 | \$27,394,324 | \$ 26,577,235 | \$ 26,116,313 | |
| District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll | -10.57% | 100.30% | -16.28% | 16.14% | 11.10% | 4.79% | -6.94% | 69.15% | 75.41% | 4.45% | |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | 98.57% | 113.65% | 102.17% | 101.53% | 100.66% | 99.01% | 110.46% | 111.48% | 100.70% | 100.70% | |

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SLATE HILL, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NYSERS Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years

| | 3/31/2023 | 3/31/2022 | 3/31/2021 | 3/31/2020 | 3/31/2019 | 3/31/2018 | 3/31/2017 | 3/31/2016 | 3/31/2015 | 3/31/2014 |
|--|---------------|---------------|---------------|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Contractually required contribution | \$ 1,154,730 | \$ 1,491,162 | \$ 1,467,326 | \$ 1,404,297 | \$ 1,390,053 | \$ 1,379,410 | \$ 1,309,599 | \$ 1,346,651 | \$ 1,627,679 | \$ 1,346,651 |
| Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution | 1,154,730 | 1,491,162 | 1,467,326 | 1,404,297 | 1,390,053 | 1,379,410 | 1,309,599 | 1,346,651 | 1,627,679 | 1,346,651 |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ 0 | \$ 0 | \$ 0 | \$ 0 | \$ 0 | \$ 0 | \$ 0 | \$ 0 | \$ 0 | \$ 0 |
| Covered Employee Payroll | \$ 10,281,142 | \$ 9,529,628 | \$ 9,937,736 | \$ 9,373,351 | \$ 10,428,582 | \$ 9,630,182 | \$ 9,277,692 | \$ 8,556,497 | \$ 7,905,074 | \$ 8,298,551 |
| Contributions as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll | 11.23% | 15.65% | 14.77% | 14.98% | 13.33% | 14.32% | 14.12% | 15.74% | 20.59% | 16.23% |
| | | | _ | IYSTRS Pension P Last 10 Fiscal Year | | | | | | |
| | 6/30/2022 | 6/30/2021 | 6/29/2020 | 6/30/2019 | 6/30/2018 | 6/30/2017 | 6/29/2016 | 6/30/2015 | 6/30/2014 | 6/30/2013 |
| Contractually required contribution | \$ 3,426,435 | \$ 3,186,775 | \$ 3,251,200 | \$ 3,498,729 | \$ 3,090,911 | \$ 3,458,122 | \$ 3,759,290 | \$ 4,802,225 | \$ 4,318,801 | \$ 3,061,543 |
| Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution | 3,426,435 | 3,186,775 | 3,251,200 | 3,498,729 | 3,090,911 | 3,458,122 | 3,759,290 | 4,802,225 | 4,318,801 | 3,061,543 |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ 0 | \$ 0 | \$ 0 | \$ 0 | \$ 0 | \$ 0 | \$ 0 | \$ - | <u>\$</u> | \$ 0 |
| Covered Employee Payroll | \$ 33,298,691 | \$ 32,518,106 | \$ 31,952,855 | \$ 31,765,898 | \$ 31,539,906 | \$ 29,520,317 | \$ 28,350,603 | \$ 27,394,324 | \$ 26,577,235 | \$ 26,116,313 |
| Contributions as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll | 10.29% | 9.80% | 10.17% | 11.01% | 9.80% | 11.71% | 13.26% | 17.53% | 16.25% | 11.72% |

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE #5

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SLATE HILL, NEW YORK

SCHEDULE OF CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET AND THE REAL PROPERTY TAX LIMIT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

CHANGE FROM ADOPTED TO FINAL BUDGET

| Actual Percentage | General Fund - Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law | Less: Appropriated Fund Balance Appropriated Fund Balance Encumbrances Included in Committed and Assigned Fund Balance 768,122 Total Adjustments 5,296,854 | General Fund - Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law Unrestricted Fund Balance: Assigned Fund Balance Unassigned Fund Balance Total Unrestricted Fund Balance 9,310,492 | 2023-2024 Voter-approved expenditure budget maximum allowed (4% of 2023-2024 budget \$113,183,308) | SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULATION | FINAL BUDGET | BUDGET REVISIONS: Donations | ORIGINAL BUDGET | ADDITIONS: Encumbrances from Prior Year | |
|-------------------|--|--|--|--|---|----------------|------------------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| 3.55% | 4,013,638 | | | 4,527,332 | | \$ 106,265,533 | 13,032 | 106,252,501 | 429,116 | |

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

SLATE HILL, NEW YORK

SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND - PROJECT EXPENDITURES AND FINANCING RESOURCES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| | | | | EXPI | ENDI | TURES TO D | ATE | 3 | | | | | N | ÆTHODS (| OF F | INANCING | | | | FUND |
|----------------------------|---------------|---------------|----|------------|------|------------|-----|------------|----|--------------|----|------------|-----|-----------|------|-----------|----|------------|----|--------------|
| | ORIGINAL | REVISED | - | PRIOR | (| CURRENT | | | U | INEXPENDED | P | ROCEEDS | ST. | ATE/FED | | LOCAL | | |] | BALANCE |
| CAPITAL PROJECTS | APPROPRIATION | APPROPRIATION | | YEARS | | YEAR | | TOTAL | | BALANCE | F | ROM DEBT | | AID | S | OURCES | | TOTAL | π | JNE 30, 2023 |
| 2008 \$26.2M Authorization | \$ 38,422,342 | \$ 32,240,891 | \$ | 29,949,428 | \$ | 0 | \$ | 29,949,428 | \$ | 2,291,463 | \$ | 23,900,000 | \$ | 1,328,008 | \$ | 2,547,045 | \$ | 27,775,053 | \$ | (2,174,375) |
| 2017 \$36.9M Authorization | 23,802,612 | 1,428,250 | | 18,525,108 | | 3,194,479 | | 21,719,587 | | (20,291,337) | | 0 | | 0 | | 3,114,667 | | 3,114,667 | | (18,604,920) |
| Smart School Bond | 3,117,700 | 3,284,403 | | 3,290,104 | | 0 | | 3,290,104 | | (5,701) | | 0 | | 3,284,403 | | 0 | | 3,284,403 | | (5,701) |
| Buses - 2015 | 1,543,397 | 1,543,397 | | 1,546,250 | | 0 | | 1,546,250 | | (2,853) | | 0 | | 0 | | 1,546,250 | | 1,546,250 | | 0 |
| Buses - 2018 | 954,539 | 954,539 | | 952,971 | | 0 | | 952,971 | | 1,568 | | 0 | | 0 | | 763,630 | | 763,630 | | (189,341) |
| Buses - 2022 | 1,688,823 | 1,688,823 | | 1,687,405 | | 0 | | 1,687,405 | | 1,418 | | 0 | | 0 | | 675,528 | | 675,528 | | (1,011,877) |
| Buses - 2023 | 2,699,900 | 2,699,900 | | 0 | | 2,279,619 | | 2,279,619 | | 420,281 | | 0 | | 0 | | 456,431 | | 456,431 | | (1,823,188) |
| | \$ 72,229,313 | \$ 43,840,203 | \$ | 55,951,266 | \$ | 5,474,098 | \$ | 61,425,364 | \$ | (17,585,161) | \$ | 23,900,000 | \$ | 4,612,411 | \$ | 9,103,551 | \$ | 37,615,962 | \$ | (23,809,402) |
| SPECIAL AID PROJECTS | _ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| HVAC | \$ 2,325,645 | \$ 1,494,743 | \$ | 0 | \$ | 305,814 | \$ | 305,814 | \$ | 1,188,929 | \$ | 0 | \$ | 305,814 | \$ | 0 | \$ | 305,814 | \$ | 0 |
| PA System | 110,000 | 88,000 | | 0 | | 86,266 | | 86,266 | | 1,734 | | 0 | | 86,266 | | 0 | | 86,266 | | 0 |
| VAT | 1,030,000 | 1,065,000 | | 0 | | 10,112 | | 10,112 | | 1,054,888 | | 0 | | 231,236 | | 0 | | 231,236 | | 221,124 |
| District Wide Cameras | 113,500 | 114,764 | | 0 | | 10,592 | _ | 10,592 | _ | 104,172 | | 0 | | 10,592 | | 0 | _ | 10,592 | | 0 |
| | \$ 3,579,145 | \$ 2,762,507 | \$ | 0 | \$ | 412,784 | \$ | 412,784 | \$ | 2,349,723 | \$ | 0 | \$ | 633,908 | \$ | 0 | \$ | 633,908 | \$ | 221,124 |

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE #7

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SLATE HILL, NEW YORK

NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023



Nugent & Haeussler, P.C

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS **ESTABLISHED 1925**

Fax (845) 457-1160 e-mail: nh@nhcpas.com Montgomery, New York 12549 Tel (845) 457-1100

FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS Thomas R. Busse, Jr., CPA BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED Inhnifer L. Capicchioni, CPA INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Richard P. Capicchioni, CPA Justin B. Patrick M. Bullis, CPA Wood, CPA Capicchioni, CPA

William T. Trainor, CPA Mark M. Levy, CPA, CFP

Julia R. Fraino, CPA

Peter J. Bullis, CPA, FACFEI, DABFA Christopher E. Melley, CPA Gary C. Theodore, CPA

of the Board of Education of Slate Hill, New York 10973 Minisink Valley Central School District To the President and Members

> Norman M. Sassi, CPA Walter J. Jung, CPA

activities and each major fund of Minisink Valley Central School District, as of and for the year ended issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental October 6, 2023. Valley Central School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Minisink

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

effectiveness of Minisink Valley Central School District's internal control. procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Minisink Valley Central Valley Central School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Minisink

significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less governance. severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow

section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material deficiencies in internal control that we considered to be material weaknesses. weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this weaknesses may exist that have not been identified However, material

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

reported under Government Auditing Standards. those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. direct and material effect on the financial statement. However, providing an opinion on compliance with provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Minisink Valley Central School District's

Purpose of this Report

Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance compliance

Jogson + Houseles, P.C.

Montgomery, New York October 6, 2023



Nugent & Haeussler, P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
ESTABLISHED 1925

101 Bracken Road Montgomery, New York 12549 Tel (845) 457-1100 Fax (845) 457-1160 e-mail: nh@nhcpas.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL

Peter J. Bullis, CPA, FACFEI, DABFA Christopher E. Melley, CPA Gary C. Theodore, CPA Julia R. Fraino, CPA William T. Trainor, CPA William T. Trainor, CPA Mark M. Levy, CPA, CFP Thomas R. Busse, Jr., CPA Brent T. Napoleon, CPA Jennifer L. Capicchioni, CPA Patrick M. Bullis, CPA Justin B. Wood, CPA Justin B. Wood, CPA Justin B. Wood, CPA

To the President and Members of the Board of Education of Minisink Valley Central School District Slate Hill, New York 10973

Norman M. Sassi, CPA Walter J. Jung, CPA

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

and material effect on each of Minisink Valley Central School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. Minisink Valley Central School District's major federal programs are questioned costs. identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct We have audited Minisink Valley Central School District's compliance with the types of compliance

of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. In our opinion, Minisink Valley Central School District complied, in all material respects, with the types

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Compliance section of our report. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the

compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Minisink that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe Valley Central School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above We are required to be independent of Minisink Valley Central School District and to meet our other

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, Valley Central School District's federal programs. laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Minisink implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of

Page 2

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Minisink Valley Central School material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an opinion on Minisink Valley Central School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit
- considered necessary in the circumstances. compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we test basis, evidence regarding Minisink Valley Central School District's compliance with the Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
- opinion is expressed Minisink Valley Central School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the Obtain an understanding of Minisink Valley Central School District's internal control over

control over compliance that we identified during the audit. We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over with governance.

To the President and Members of the Board of Education of the Minisink Valley Central School District

Page 3

compliance may exist that were not identified. as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the

control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed. Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal

testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our

Montgomery, New York October 6, 2023

Juggest + Hourseles, P.C

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SLATE HILL, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| | | FASS-LIRCOUN | | |
|----------------------------------|------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | FEDERAL | ENTITY | | |
| | ASSISTANCE | IDENTIFYING | SUBRECIPIENT | |
| GRANTOR/PROGRAM OR CLUSTER TITLE | LISTING | NUMBER | AWARDS | EXPENDITURES |
| U.S. DEFARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE | | | | |

| Education Stabilization Fund Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act, (CARES) - GEER Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act, (CARES) - ESSER Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2021 (CRRSA) - GEER II Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriation Act, 2021 (CRRSA) - ESSER II Coronavirus Rescue Plan - (ARP) - ESSER 3 American Rescue Plan - (ARP) - ESSER - SLR Summer Enrichment American Rescue Plan - (ARP) - ESSER - SLR Comprehensive American Rescue Plan - (ARP) - ESSER - SLR Learning Loss Total Education Stabilization Fund TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS | Title I Grant to Local Education Agencies Title II, Improving Teacher Quality State Grants Title IV - Student Support & Academic Achevevment (SSAE) | Passed-through NYS Education Department: Special Education Cluster (IDEA): IDEA - Part B, Section 611 American Rescue Plan IDEA - Part B, Section 611 IDEA - Part B, Section 619 American Rescue Plan IDEA - Part B, Section 619 Total Special Education Cluster | TOTAL U.S. DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE, CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER | National School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program Cash Assistance Subtotal Total Child Nutrition Cluster Pandemic EBT Administrative Cost Grant | Non-Cash Assistance (food distribution) National School Lunch Program Cosh Assistance | U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed-through NYS Education Department: Child Nutrition Cluster: | FEDERAL GRANTOR/PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/PROGRAM OR CLUSTER TITLE |
|---|---|--|--|---|---|--|--|
| COVID 19 COVID 19 COVID 19 COVID 19 COVID 19 | | COVID 19 | | COVID 19 | | | · |
| 84.425C 84.425D 84.425C 84.425D 84.425U 84.425U 84.425U 84.425U 84.425U 84.425U | 84.010A 84.367A 84.424A | 84.027A 84.027X 84.173A 84.173X | | 10.553 10.555 10.649 | 10.555 | | FEDERAL ASSISTANCE LISTING |
| \$895-21-2260 \$890-21-2260 \$896-21-2260 \$891-21-2260 \$880-21-2260 \$880-21-2260 \$882-21-2260 \$883-21-2260 \$884-21-2260 | 0021-22-2260 0147-21-2260 0204-22-2260 | 0032-23-0686 5532-23-0686 0033-23-0686 5533-23-0686 | | N/A N/A | N/A | | PASS-THROUGH ENTITY IDENTIFYING NUMBER |
| | | \$ 76,228 16,579 12,177 8,712 \$ 113,696 | | | | | SUBRECIPIENT AWARDS |
| 385 2,271 115,403 574,429 1,027,400 13,780 103,842 286,838 2,124,348 3,990,812 \$ 4,865,392 | 646,567 105,151 51,558 803,276 | 838,960 28,882 175,777 19,569 1,063,188 | 8/4,380 | 120,316 678,350 798,666 872,068 2,512 | \$ 73,402 | | EXPENDITURES |

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SLATE HILL, NEW YORK

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION.

change in net assets, or cash flows of the District. operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position. Because the schedule of expenditures of federal awards presents only a selected portion of the differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements. Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part as federal awards that are passed through from other government agencies. The information is awards that are included in the schedule may be received directly from federal agencies, as well accompanying financial statements, using the modified accrual basis of accounting. award programs administered by the District, which is described in Note 1 to the District's The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards presents the activity of federal

not to charge federal award programs with indirect costs in the federal financial reports used as the source for the data presented. The District's policy is Indirect costs may be included in the reported expenditures, to the extent that they are included

obtained from the federal financial reports for the applicable program and periods. which are reconciled with the District's financial reporting system. amounts reported in these reports are prepared from records maintained for each program, regulations pertaining to each program. The amounts reported as federal expenditures were expenditures. The basis of accounting varies by federal program consistent with the underlying Matching costs (the District's share of certain program costs) are not included in the reported

NOTE 2. NON-CASH ASSISTANCE

disbursements. The District was granted \$73,402 of commodities under the Commodity Supplemental Food Program (Federal Assistance Listing Number 10.555). The District is the recipient of a federal award program that does not result in cash receipts or

NOTE 3. OTHER DISCLOSURES.

equipment purchased with federal funds has only a nominal value, and is covered by the No insurance is carried specifically to cover equipment purchased with federal funds. District's casualty insurance policies. Any

There were no loans or loan guarantees outstanding at year-end.

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SLATE HILL, NEW YORK

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Type of Auditor's Opinion Issued: Unmodified

Internal Control over Financial Reporting Material weakness(es) identified?

Yes \bowtie

Z

Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses

Yes × None Reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Yes × No

FEDERAL AWARDS

Internal Control over Major Programs: Material weakness(es) identified?

> Yes × Z

Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses

Yes None Reported

Type of Auditor's Opinion Issued on Compliance for

Major Programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 2 CFR-20.516(a)?

Yes × Z

IDENTIFICATION OF MAJOR PROGRAMS:

ASSISTANCE LISTING NUMBER 84.425 NAME OF FEDERAL PROGRAM OR CLUSTER Education Stabilization Funds

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$ 750,000.00

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Yes No

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

the Uniform Guidance. There were no findings related to the financial statements as required to be reported in accordance with

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

À Significant Deficiencies in Internal Control

with Section 2 CFR-20.516(a) There were no findings relating to the major federal awards as required to be reported in accordance

₽. Compliance Findings

There were no findings relating to the major federal awards as required to be reported in accordance with Section 2 CFR-20.516(a)



Nugent & Haeussler, P.C.

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Norman M. Sassi, CPA Walter J. Jung, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the President and Members of the Board of Education of the Minisink Valley Central School District Slate Hill, New York

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Minisink Valley Central School District's extraclassroom activities funds of, which comprise the statement of assets, liabilities, and fund balanceyear then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements cash basis as of June 30, 2023 and the related statement of receipts and disbursements-cash basis for the

activities funds of as of June 30, 2023, and its receipts and disbursements-cash basis for the year then ended, in accordance with the cash basis of accounting as described in Note 1. liabilities, and fund balance-cash basis of the Minisink Valley Central School District's extraclassroom In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the assets,

Basis for Opinion

the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion. responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that Minisink Valley Central School District's extraclassroom activity funds and to meet our other ethical for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of

Basis of Accounting

modified with respect to that matter. than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. Our opinion is not

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 1; this includes determining that the cash Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are statements. free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that forgery, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to the financial statements. procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
- procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit funds internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed. opinion on the effectiveness of Minisink Valley Central School District's extraclassroom activity
- accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Minisink Valley Central School District's extraclassroom activity funds ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the matters that we identified during the audit.

Montgomery, New York October 6, 2023

Yougund + Hourseles, P.C

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SLATE HILL, NEW YORK EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUND STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE - CASH BASIS JUNE 30, 2023

ASSETS

| Fund Balance, Beginning of Year Excess of Disbursements over Receipts Fund Balance, End of Year TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE | LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Sales Tax Payable | Cash in Checking |
|--|--|------------------|
| €9 | | |
| 185,884 (4,035) | | |
| 181,849 \$ 185,082 | \$ 3,233 | \$ 185,082 |

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS & DISBURSEMENTS - CASH BASIS MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SLATE HILL, NEW YORK EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| \$ 138,901 | \$ 422,481 | \$ 413,757 | \$ 147,625 | |
|---------------|---------------|------------|------------------|----------------------------|
| 35 | 0 | 35 | 0 | Robotics Club |
| 765 | 288 | 1,053 | 0 | Cross Country Club |
| 8,212 | 133,694 | 133,208 | 8,698 | Band Club HS |
| 2,498 | 18,892 | 18,988 | 2,402 | Boy's Baseball Club |
| 2,511 | 62,611 | 55,589 | 9,533 | Cheerleading Club |
| 190 | 0 | 38 | 152 | Boy's & Girl's Tennis Club |
| 3,468 | 462 | 3,708 | 222 | Boy's Swim Club |
| 7,161 | 6,653 | 9,821 | 3,993 | Girl's Swim Club |
| 8,834 | 400 | 0 | 9,234 | CAP |
| 3,998 | 4,193 | 2,824 | 5,367 | JROTC |
| 2,099 | 16,765 | 16,450 | 2,414 | FBLA Club |
| 6,604 | 5,077 | 5,178 | 6,503 | School Store |
| 1,379 | 1,070 | 1,240 | 1,209 | Art-Museum Club |
| 30,721 | 18,570 | 15,932 | 33,359 | Yearbook Club |
| 2,095 | 0 | 0 | 2,095 | Girl's Volleyball |
| 1,375 | 0 | 0 | 1,375 | Varsity Club |
| 943 | 2,983 | 3,394 | 532 | Track Club |
| 6,300 | 754 | 1,264 | 5,790 | Student Council - HS |
| 1,178 | 0 | 0 | 1,178 | Boy's Soccer Club |
| 547 | 0 | 0 | 547 | SADD Club |
| 628 | 3,796 | 2,889 | 1,535 | National Honor Society |
| 1,249 | 0 | 0 | 1,249 | Football Club |
| 31 | 0 | 0 | 31 | Study Buddies |
| 3,294 | 199 | 850 | 2,643 | Tech Club |
| 13,266 | 38,109 | 33,076 | 18,299 | Drama Club |
| 6,625 | 4,849 | 7,045 | 4,429 | Boy's Basketball |
| 3,154 | 4,931 | 4,700 | 3,385 | Wrestling Club |
| 3,084 | 15,179 | 15,385 | 2,878 | Choir Club |
| 8,113 | 9,961 | 6,425 | 11,649 | Girl's Softball |
| 4,122 | 1,536 | 2,740 | 2,918 | Girl's Basketball |
| 7 | 93 | 100 | 0 | Freshman Class |
| 2,916 | 0 | 2,861 | 55 | Sophomore Class |
| 436 | 27,538 | 25,864 | 2,110 | Junior Class |
| \$ 1,063 | \$ 43,878 | \$ 43,100 | \$ 1,841 | Senior Class |
| JUNE 30, 2023 | DISBURSEMENTS | RECEIPTS | JUNE 30, 2022 | HIGH SCHOOL |
| BALANCE | | | CASH RAI ANCE | |
| U 0 V C.II | | |) L CTT | |

See notes to financial statement.

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS & DISBURSEMENTS - CASH BASIS MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SLATE HILL, NEW YORK EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| Total Extraclassroom Activity Funds | 69 | Band Club \$ SADD Club Chorus Student Government - MS Tech Crew Yearbook Club Math Counts Drama Club Technology Club Pet Club Builders Club Ukulele Club Chess Club Chess Club | CASH MIDDLE & BALANCE INTERMEDIATE SCHOOLS JUNE 30, 2022 |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|--|---|
| 185,884 | 38,259 | 6,617 0 2,774 7,448 1137 4,859 186 14,892 760 129 65 76 316 | \$H NCE), 2022 |
| S | ₩ | - | RE |
| 478,422 | 64,665 | 18,022 0 452 27,965 0 958 0 12,989 1,500 740 2,039 0 0 | RECEIPTS |
| 8 | S | ← | DISBI |
| 482,457 | 59,976 | 13,986 0 1,344 30,679 0 5,134 0 4,610 1,768 435 2,020 0 | DISBURSEMENTS |
| S | 8 | ↔ | BA JUN |
| 181,849 | 42,948 | 10,653 0 1,882 4,734 137 683 186 23,271 492 434 84 76 316 | CASH BALANCE JUNE 30, 2023 |

MINISINK VALLEY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SLATE HILL, NEW YORK EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

- (a) The transactions of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds are considered part of the reporting entity of audit report of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds is required due to the fact that the transactions of balances within the Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund of the financial statements. The separate this fund are controlled by student management. Minisink Valley Central School District. We have included the Extraclassroom Activity Fund
- (b) The books and records of Minisink Valley Central School District's Extraclassroom Activity Funds recognized when cash is received and expenditures recognized when cash is disbursed are maintained on the cash basis of accounting. Under this basis of accounting, revenues are
- <u>ල</u> The Extraclassroom Activity Funds are used to record the activity of all student-related activities activity treasurer and disbursements must be approved by the student management. maintains cash receipts and cash disbursement books. within the District. These funds are under the control of an appointed central treasurer who All receipts are collected by the student